

Estie Hall Fingersoll

a Present from his Father

Woodstock Vt.

1st July 1894.

MENAB TINGERS



Crenshaw

PHOTO.

Survived tornado August 7, 1979
5 Oxford Centre, Ontario
Tom and Joyce (Ingersoll) Brown
Old Stage Rd.



The Arms of the family of Ingersoll, originally of Diss, in the County of Norfolk in England, are Or (Gold) two pallets Gules (Red) - Crest upon a cap of dignity Gules (Red) turned up Ermine, a Lions head erased (Torn off) Azure (Blue) collared Gold.

The family of Ingersoll is of Saxon origin, and the Cap of Dignity in the Crest shows that they held lands to the amount of two 'Knights fees' in England before the Norman Conquest, which gave them the rank of Lesser Barons, that is qualified to sit in the council of the Sovereign, if called upon by him, to do so. This qualification was designated by the 'Cap of Dignity' which was afterwards the sign of a Baron before King Charles the second gave the baronial coronet to that grade of the nobility.

In the arms the two pallets or pales signify fiefs or fortifications, and the Arms were consequently given for having taken two fortifications from the enemy, the pales being Red show that great slaughter had taken place, and the field being gold, signifies the great merit due to the General in gaining the honors.

Gamaliel Whiting's Family

Name	Born	Died	Name	Born	Died
Gamaliel Whiting	Sep 17 th 1727	Nov 27 th 1790	Gamaliel Whiting	Feb 18 th 1733	Feb 27 th 1808
Anna Gillet	June 18 th 1752		Anna Gillet	June 18 th 1752	
Married					
Elizabeth	May 13 th 1753	Nov 11 th 1772	Elizabeth	May 13 th 1753	Nov 11 th 1772
Anna	Nov 8 th 1754		Anna	Nov 8 th 1754	
William Dr	Feb 11 th 1757		William Dr	Feb 11 th 1757	
Mary (Kellogg)	Dec 11 th 1758		Mary (Kellogg)	Dec 11 th 1758	
Ebenezar	July 30 th 1760	Sep 3 rd 1836	Ebenezar	July 30 th 1760	Sep 3 rd 1836
Sarah (Ingersoll)	April 26 th 1762	Ingersoll Aug 8 th 1833	Sarah (Ingersoll)	April 26 th 1762	Ingersoll Aug 8 th 1833
Gamaliel	Feb 7 th 1764		Gamaliel	Feb 7 th 1764	
Charles	Jan 6 th 1766	May 7 th 1817	Charles	Jan 6 th 1766	May 7 th 1817
Bernice	April 14 th 1769		Bernice	April 14 th 1769	
John (General)	Jan 8 th 1771	JAN 13 th 1846	John (General)	Jan 8 th 1771	JAN 13 th 1846
Elizabeth 2 nd	May 17 th 1773		Elizabeth 2 nd	May 17 th 1773	

Major Thomas Ingersoll's Family

Thomas Ingersoll	Westfield Massachusetts - 1749	River Street Ont 1812
Sarah Whiting	St Bennington April 26 th 1762	Ingersoll Aug 8 th 1833
Married 20 Sept 1789		
LAURA (Second)	Boston U.S. Dec 1775	Chithewa Ont. Oct 17 th 1868
Margaret (Dandwich)	St Barrington	Vermont 1721
MIRA (Hitchcock)		United States 1797
Betsy (Pickell)		Ontario 1811
Charles (Lt Col)	St Barrington 27 th Sept 1791	Ingersoll 18 th Aug 1833
Thomas	St Barrington 1796	Mary 1849
Alfy (CARROLL)	St Barrington 14 th April 1794	Lakeside 12 th Jan 1872
Charlotte (Margam)	St Barrington 1793	London 10 th Oct 1846
Samuel	St Barrington 1797	St Marys 1844
JAMES (Lt Col)	INGERSOLL 10 th Sept 1801	Woodstock 9 th Aug 1886
Sarah (Middleberry)	ETOBICOKE 1805	St Catharines 1824

John Mc Nab's Family

John Mc Nab	Blackmanan 18 th Mar 1789	Ingersoll 20 th July 1803
Eleanor O Dea	Limerick Ire 1800	Ingersoll 1 st Aug 1832
Married Limerick 1818		
Elizabeth (Morison)	Limerick Ire 28 th April 1816	
Eleanor (Chapman)	Limerick I 2 nd Aug 1818	Ingersoll 27 th Feb 1877
Margaret (CROTTY)	Limerick I 14 th July 1820	Ingersoll Dec 8 th 1843
Catharine (Ingersoll)	Limerick I 16 th April 1822	Brookville Feb 28 th 1892
Mary Ann	Limerick I 18 th Jan 1824	Woodstock Dec 28 th 1805
Anne (Cameron)	Limerick I 18 th April 1826	
JOHN	Limerick I 3 rd Nov 1828	Ingersoll April 1 st 1862
Janey (Mc CARTHY)	Limerick I 28 th April 1830	Chicago U.S. Jan 18 th 1892

James Ingersoll's Family

James Ingersoll	Ingersoll 10 th Sept 1801	Woodstock 9 th Aug 1886
Catharine Mc Nab	Limerick (I) 16 th April 1822	Brookville 28 th Feb 1892
Married 12 th Jan 1816		
Mary Blanchard (Campbell)	Woodstock 9 th July 1849	
James Beverly Robinson	Woodstock 25 th July 1881	Woodstock 23 rd Feb 1885
John Mc Nab	Woodstock 31 st Aug 1834	Woodstock 10 th Oct 1876
Thomas Merritt	Woodstock 9 th Feb 1857	Woodstock 1 st Nov 1892
George Mc Kinstry	Woodstock 6 th Mar 1859	

R H Hall's Family

Robert Hadfield Hall	Cheshire Eng 25 th June 1820	Woodstock 9 th Aug 1903
Mary Ann Jackson	Cumberland Eng 31 st Oct 1828	Woodstock 9 th June 1893
Married Oct 2 nd 1850		
John Jackson	Woodstock 26 th Nov 1881	Woodstock 22 nd Mar 1894
Elizabeth Eleanor	Woodstock 18 th July 1894	Riverside Aug 1915
Maud Margaret	Woodstock	Woodstock

J. M. Ingersoll's Family

John Mc Nab Ingersoll	Woodstock Aug 31 st 1854	Woodstock 10 th Oct 1894
Elizabeth Eleanor Hall	Woodstock July 16 th 1854	Riverside Aug 23 rd 1915
Married Dec 5 th 1890		
Lestie Hall Ingersoll	Woodstock Jan 30 th 1892	Woodstock Oct 19 1912
Jessie Mc Nab	Woodstock Dec 16 th 1913	Oxford Centre June 10 1913
Joyce Mc Nab (Beauchamp)	Woodstock 1923	
George Hall	Woodstock 1926	
Elizabeth Hall (Caversley)	Windsor 1927	Windsor 1962

GEORGE A. BAIN FAMILY

GEORGE A. BAIN	WOODSTOCK 1846	WOODSTOCK 1910
JESSIE ANN NASHBYTH	WOODSTOCK 1838	INGERSOLL 1890
MARRIED NOV 17, 1866		
TERESA BABEL	WOODSTOCK 1889	INGERSOLL 1964
JESSIE HELEN	BRANTFORD 1893	OXFORD CENTRE 1978
DOROTHY NASHBYTH	BRANTFORD 1875	HAMILTON 1960

COMMONWEALTH
OF
MASSACHUSETTS.



Head-Quarters, BOSTON, 29th January 1795.

THE GOVERNOUR and COMMANDER
in CHIEF, has accepted the Resignation of *Thomas*
Ingersoll Esqr Major
of the *first* Regiment *first* Brigade and
North Division of the MILITIA of this Com-
monwealth ; and he is hereby honorably discharged, at
his own request, from the Office of *Major*
in the Regiment aforesaid.

By Order of the CAPTAIN GENERAL.

Wm Donnison

ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

This Indenture

Made the Twelfth day of October in the year of our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and fifty seven

In pursuance of the act respecting the terms of conveyances Between John Mc Nab of the village of Ingersoll in the County of Oxford and Province of Canada Esquire of the first part and John Ferris of the County of Hamilton in the County of Westmoreland and Province of Ontario Esquire of the second part Whereas an Indenture of mortgage bearing date the first day of December in the year of our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and fifty four, made Between the said John Mc Nab of the first part and James Francis Esquire of the village of Ingersoll aforesaid Esquire of the second part It is Witnessed that the said John Mc Nab for the consideration therein expressed Did convey and assure to the said James Francis Esquire his heirs and assigns All that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of North Oxford in the County of Oxford and Province of Canada containing by computation fifty acres the same more or less being comprised of the south east quarter of lot number eight in the fourth concession of the Township of North Oxford in the County and Province aforesaid all the same to the said James Francis Esquire his heirs and assigns for ever subject to a proviso for redemption upon payment by the said John Mc Nab his executors administrators and assigns of the sum of two hundred and fifty three pounds and interest as therein mentioned as by the said Indenture containing sundry other clauses agreements provisions and powers reference being thereto had well fully and at large appear And Whereas by an Indenture made the eighteenth day of October in the year of our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and fifty eight between the said James Francis Esquire of the first part and the said John Ferris of the second part It is Witnessed that the said James Francis Esquire in the considerations therein expressed Did grant bargain sell assign transfer convey and confirm unto the said John Ferris his heirs executors administrators and assigns for ever as well the said Indenture of mortgage secondly recited and the lands therein referred to and all the monies and interest payable thereon and thereby secured in all the right title interest claim property and demand of or to and out of the same and every part and parcel thereof In full the same to the said John Ferris his heirs executors administrators and assigns subject to the proviso for redemption in said Indenture contained as by the said Indenture reference being thereto had well appear And Whereas by an Indenture made the tenth day of April in the year of our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and fifty seven between the said John Mc Nab of the first part and James Ingersoll of the Town of Woodstock in the County of Oxford and Province of Canada Esquire of the second part It is Witnessed that the said John Mc Nab for the consideration therein expressed Did convey and assure to the said James Ingersoll his heirs and assigns All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of North Oxford in the County of Oxford and Province of Ontario containing by computation fifty acres the same more or less being comprised of the north half of the east half of lot number eight in the fourth concession of the said Township of North Oxford save and except fourteen acres be it in Henry Street as described in a certain deed dated the eighteenth day of January One Thousand eight hundred and fifty five do hold the same to the said James Ingersoll his heirs and assigns for ever subject to a proviso for redemption upon payment by the said John Mc Nab his executors administrators and assigns of the sum of twenty five pounds and interest on the days and times as therein mentioned as by the said Indenture containing sundry other clauses provisions and powers well on reference had appear And Whereas by an Indenture made the fourteenth day of December in the year of our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and sixty one and made between the said James Ingersoll of the first part and the said John Ferris of the second part It is Witnessed that the said James Ingersoll for the considerations therein expressed did grant bargain sell assign transfer convey and confirm unto the said John Ferris his heirs executors administrators and assigns for ever as well the said Indenture of mortgage secondly recited and the lands therein and hereinafter and all the monies and interest payable thereon and thereby secured thereby in all the right title interest claim property and demand of or to and out of the same and every part and parcel thereof In full the same to the said John Ferris his heirs executors administrators and assigns subject to the proviso for redemption in said Indenture contained as by the said Indenture reference being thereto had well appear And Whereas by a certain other Indenture of mortgage dated the twenty fourth day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and fifty seven made between the said John Mc Nab of the first part and the said John Ferris of the second part It is Witnessed that the said John Mc Nab for the consideration



A. H. S. & C.

T. S. S. & C. Philad.

HONOR TO HEROINE

Sir Charles Moss Urevelt Laura Secord Memorial

St. Catharines, July 8.—A large assembly gathered at Queenston Heights yesterday to witness the unveiling of the handsome memorial to Laura Secord, the Canadian heroine who distinguished herself so nobly in the war of 1812. The monument erected on the site of the old British "Lewis' foot" high and costing \$2,000, was unveiled by Sir Charles Moss, Chief Justice of Ontario, and at present administrator of the province. Sir Charles made a notable speech. Speaking of the wonderful achievements of the heroine and of the appropriateness of erecting the monument on Queenston Heights, not far from her own home, he mentioned the fact that he had come to unveil the monument instead of Sir George Ross, who was prevented by recent treatment in his family. He spoke of the work of former Premier Ross and also of Mrs. Currie of St. Catharines, through whose efforts the money was obtained from the Government for the erection of the monument. Sir Charles, on behalf of the Government, presented the monument to J. Langmuir of the Victoria Park Commission.

COUNTRY'S TRIBUTE TO A HEROINE

Unveiling of Monument to Laura Secord at Queens-town Heights.

8,000 PERSONS ATTEND

Chief Justice Moss Relates the Story of the Young Woman's Bravery.

Special to The Mail and Empire.

Niagara Falls, Oct. 7.—With the shimmering rays of a torrid sun pouring down upon them, the people this afternoon gathered around the

...the day on the historic battle-ground. The first words of St. Catharines, 163 in number, attended in a body. On the platform were Chief Justice Moss of Toronto, who presented the monument to the Queen Victoria Park Commission; J. W. Langmuir, also of Toronto, president of the commission, who had charge of the ceremonies and who accepted the massive yet handsome piece of sculpture in behalf of the commission; Mrs. J. Currie, of St. Catharines, a prominent member of the Laura Secord Historical Society; Miss Carroon, of Niagara-on-the-Lake, president of the Niagara Historical Society, and many others of prominence, some of them descendants of Mrs. Secord, including Miss L. Currie of this city and Mrs. Isaac Coburn, of Winnipeg, granddaughter.

An Impressive Ceremony

The monument was shrouded in a large Union Jack and the platform was draped with bunting and flags. Mr. Langmuir opened the ceremony by his glowing tribute to the memory of the woman who played so prominent part in the early history of the Niagara Peninsula. Chief Justice Moss, in presenting the monument to the commission, related the story of Laura Secord's trip from Queenston through the woods to Beaver Dam where she told Col. Fitzgerald that the Americans had crossed the river in great numbers and were marching on towards him. It was at this time that she was able to capture the whole American force, she also told how she had saved her husband's life.

...the monument was erected last fall and the date for its unveiling was tentatively fixed for November, but because of the severe weather the formal ceremony was postponed to today. The monument occupies a

...the woman's name in raised block letters. Mrs. Currie, through whose efforts that appropriation with which the monument was built, was secured, spoke briefly outlining the modern features of the service.

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NIAGARA GULCH. DONALD THOMPSON (LEFT) TO THE RIGHT.



Daughter of Major Tho' Ingersoll. (better known as the Heroine of the war of 1812) Died at Chippewa Oct 17 1888 Aged 76



NIAGARA SUSPENSION BRIDGE.

LAURA SECORD'S MONUMENT WORK AT QUEENSTON HEIGHTS HAS BEEN COMPLETED

Government, who Erected Monument, Have Not Yet Set Any Time for its Unveiling—Inscription Sets Fourth Mrs. Secord's Heroism.

Special Dispatch to The Globe.

Niagara Falls, Sept. 11.—The monument to the memory of Laura Secord, the heroine of the war of 1812, has been erected at Queenston Heights. The work was completed today. The date of the unveiling has not yet been announced. The monument bears the following inscription: "This monument has been erected by the Government of Canada to Laura Ingersoll Secord, who saved her husband's life in the battle of Queen's Heights on October 13, 1812, who played her own part in conveying to Captain Fitzgerald the information by which he won the victory of Beaver Dam on July 24, 1812."



LAURA SECORD'S EARLY

In Volume 73 of the Ontario Historical Society's "Papers and Records," recently off the press, appears an article entitled "The Brock Monument and a Visitor's Book, 1829 and 1830." It is illustrated with a couple of reproductions showing the signatures of visitors to Queenston Heights more than a century ago. One page, signed mostly on September 1, 1829, is headed by these names:

Mary Ann Ingersoll, Oxford; Laura Secord, Queenston; Mary Trumble, Ireland; and Laura Louisa Smith, St. Catharines.

The writer, Rosa Kate Thorburn Symons, states that the Mary Anne Ingersoll was probably sister of Laura Secord; that Mary Trumble was Laura Secord's daughter, wife of Dr. Trumble, surgeon of the 27th Regiment, and that Laura Louisa Smith was grand-daughter of Laura Secord.

Mary Trumble, the records agree, was eldest daughter of Mrs. Secord. Her husband died in Jamaica, and Mrs. Trumble, the mother before, with her two daughters visited her mother before she went to Ireland, which she made her home. That may well have been in 1829.

Laura Louisa Smith was daughter of David William Smith, a St. Catharines lawyer, and Harriet Secord, daughter of Laura.

Mary Anne Ingersoll, however, was not a sister.

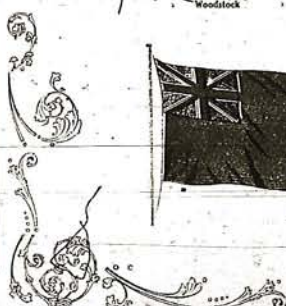
...the records likely that the Mary Anne who visited Brock's monument with Mrs. Secord in 1829 was the third child and eldest daughter of Lt. Col. Charles Ingersoll, half-brother of Laura Secord. This piece of the heroine of Beaver Dam was later married to Yamba Benson, of Ingersoll, who removed to St. Catharines and in due course became a member of the Senate. They had eight children, some of whom achieved distinction in various walks of life. The eldest, James Benson, was a lawyer in Ingersoll for some years. Charles Ingersoll Benson also became a lawyer and was one of the most prominent citizens of St. Catharines. Frederick William Benson as a young man took a commission in the British army and achieved rank of major-general. At the time of the Great War he came to Canada as head of a recruitment commission, and while on that service died in Montreal in 1918. Sarah Caroline Benson was married to the late D. R. Wilkie of Toronto, for many years general manager of the Imperial Bank.

Dec. 1928

Soldiers of the Queen.



Private G. W. Thompson, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons
A Woodstock Boy.



Pte. G. O'Brien Pte. Marshall Pte. Edwards Sgt. Wilson Sgt. Leonard Sgt. Smith
Capt. J. M. Ross Sgt. Last Pte. V. O'Brien

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OXFORD RIFLES IN THE TRANSVAAL.



OXFORD HEIGHTS
ONTARIO

EVERY DAY.
Every day is a fresh beginning.
Every hour is the "world made new."
You who are weary of sorrow and
of the "old days," look to the future.
It is a beautiful hope for you.
A hope for me, and a hope for
you.

All the best things are past and over.
The days are those that the "learn-
ed" are so sure to "forget."
Yesterday's errors let yesterday cover.
Yesterday's wounds, which smart,
Are healed with the healing which
—night has shed.

Yesterday may be a part of forever,
But the "old days" are those which
God holds tight.
With glad days, and glad days,
And shall visit us more with their
bliss than ever before in our lives.
Their fulness of sunshine or sor-
rowful night.

Let them go, since we cannot re-
turn. Let them go, since we cannot atone.
God in His mercy, forgive them.
Only the new days are our own.
Today is the new day, today is the
—Susan Coolidge.

A CANADIAN HEROINE.
A glance back over the history of
any nation reveals to the careful
student of history that the amount
of achievement of that nation's
worth is determined by the number
of women who have influenced
the course of its history. The
history of Canada has been influ-
enced in many ways by the actions
of its women. The story of Laura
Secord is a story of a woman who
has influenced the history of
Canada in a most important way.
Her actions have saved the lives
of many men and women, and
her name is a name that is
honored in Canada today.

The story of Laura Secord should
be as familiar to the people of
Ontario as the story of the
Revolution. It is a story of a
woman who, in the face of
adversity and danger, showed
courage and patriotism. Her
actions have become a part of
the history of Canada, and her
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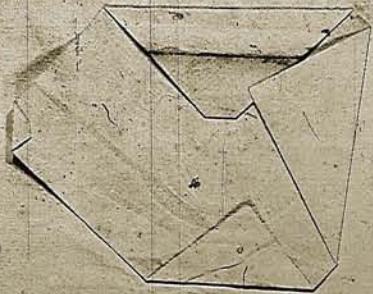
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information of the family into which
she married. The records were
examined and the following facts
were ascertained: Laura Secord
was born in the town of
Woodstock, Ontario, on the
17th of March, 1800. She was
the daughter of James and
Mary Secord. She was
married to James Secord on the
17th of March, 1820. She was
the mother of seven children.
She died on the 17th of
March, 1880.

Laura Secord was a quiet but
energetic woman. She was
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BOOKS FOR SALE.
In the Ontario Review there
are a number of volumes of inter-
esting books for sale. One of these is
the "Story of Laura Secord" by
James M. Ross. It is a story of a
woman who, in the face of
adversity and danger, showed
courage and patriotism. Her
actions have become a part of
the history of Canada, and her
name is a name that is
honored in Canada today.



COMMONWEALTH
OF
MASSACHUSETTS.

By His EXCELLENCY

John Hancock, Esq.

GOVERNOUR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF
MASSACHUSETTS.

To

Thomas Ingersoll Esq^r

Greeting.

YO U being appointed *Major of the first Regiment of the Militia of the County of Berkshire*

John Hancock

By Virtue of the Power vested in me, I do by these Presents, (reposing special Trust and Confidence in your Loyalty, Courage and good Conduct) Commission you accordingly.—You are therefore carefully, and diligently to discharge the Duty of a *Major* in leading, ordering, and exercising said *Regiments* in Arms, both inferior Officers and Soldiers; and to keep them in good Order and Discipline: And they are hereby commanded to obey you, as their *Major* and you are yourself to observe and follow such Orders and Instructions, as you shall from Time to Time receive from me or your superior Officers.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Seal of the said Commonwealth, the *Twenty third* Day of *August* in the Year of our LORD, 1790 and in the *thirteenth* Year of the Independence of the United States of AMERICA.

By his Excellency's Command,

John Avery jun^r

1
15
1
7

Sir PEREGRINE MAITLAND, Knight Commander of the most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, and Major General Commanding His Majesty's Forces therein, &c. &c. &c.

To James Ingersoll, Gent. — **Writing:**



REPOSING especial confidence in your Loyalty, Courage and Good Conduct, I do hereby appoint you to be *Ensign in the First Regiment of Bedford Militia* during pleasure, and of which *Regiment Thomas Hopner, Esquire* is *Colonel*. You are therefore carefully and diligently to discharge the duty of *Ensign* by exercising, and well disciplining both the inferior Officers and Men of the said Militia.—And I do hereby Command them to obey you as their *Ensign*. And you are to observe and follow all such Orders and Directions as you shall from time to time receive from me or any other your Superior Officer, according to Law.

GIVEN under my Hand and Office Seal at Arms, at *York* this *twenty-second* Day of *January* in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and *twenty-four* and in the *fourth* year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.

Maitland

J. Maitland

The Ingersoll Family As Pioneers In New England

Founders of Oxford County Settlements Were Descendants of Men Who Came From England in 1629 and Played a Large Part in the Early History of the New England States of Connecticut and Massachusetts—Interesting Stories Told of Some of the Early Ingersolls

It is difficult to trace the history of the settlement of the Ingersoll family in the town of Woodstock, N. H., as the family was not in the town until 1749. The Ingersoll family name is found in the records of the town of Woodstock, N. H., as early as 1749. The Ingersoll family name is found in the records of the town of Woodstock, N. H., as early as 1749. The Ingersoll family name is found in the records of the town of Woodstock, N. H., as early as 1749.

ORIGIN IN ENGLAND.
The Ingersolls of North America were descended from a family which had its origin in Bedfordshire, England. Richard Ingersoll was born there in the year 1600, and in 1618 a younger brother, John, was born. In the year 1629, Richard Ingersoll left England and came to Salem, Massachusetts. The family of Robert Ingersoll was traced through four generations, and it was found that John Ingersoll had been more carefully recorded, and it was he who was the ancestor of the Canadian Ingersolls.

After living for a few years at Salem, John Ingersoll moved to Hartford, Connecticut, where he was married in 1651. He removed to Northampton, Mass., where his second marriage took place in 1657. There he went to Westfield, Mass., where he was married for the third time in 1667. He became his home for a number of years on September 3, 1684. Westfield was the starting point for many families which later became famous in the New England States.

A FAMOUS DAUGHTER.
The first child of Mr. and Mrs. Ingersoll was a daughter, who afterwards became Laura Ingersoll Secord, the Canadian heroine of the war of 1812, whose great exploit in helping the British troops to a great victory over the Americans is a story in itself. Laura Ingersoll was twenty years old when she was married to a Mr. H. H. Secord, who lived only a very short time there, as he had to return to his home in England. She was the second daughter. She became the wife of the Rev. Daniel Fickett, in Ontario, in 1808, but died in 1811. She was the third daughter. She was married to a Mr. Hutchcock in Ontario, but died there in the United States and died there in the United States.

WIFE'S KNOWN BORN.
In September, 1789, Thomas Ingersoll was married to Sally Baxter, widow of John Baxter. Mrs. Baxter was a daughter of Gamaliel Whiting, and a sister of General John Whiting, and was the mother of a family of some who afterwards became famous in Ontario. The oldest son of this marriage was Daniel Ingersoll, who served in the army during the war of 1812, heading a company of Oranians as a colonel of Capt. William Hamilton Merritt, whose sister he married. He was afterwards a member of the town of Ingersoll, and died there in a cholera epidemic in 1832. His second child was a daughter, who was married to William Hamilton Merritt, who was a member of the town of Ingersoll, and died there in a cholera epidemic in 1832.

MASSACHUSETTS SETTLEMENT.
The first settlement of Great Barrington, Mass., in 1714. It was formed by the settlement of 15 persons banded together, and choosing a common name to represent them, which was the usual formalism in settling the land. Among these first settlers were Moses and Thomas Ingersoll. Other Ingersolls followed in the year 1715, and in 1716. David Ingersoll built a house in 1717, and it still stands. David Ingersoll was one of the early settlers, and some extracts from his will are in the possession of the town. The stocks and writings of the common forces of the town were in the possession of one record, dated 1723, and to be "whip twenty" in the land was two men were tried by Justice Ingersoll for taking and spreading a false alarm. In 1724, a woman named Elizabeth was ordered to be fined 20 shillings, and to be "whip twenty" in the land was two men were tried by Justice Ingersoll for taking and spreading a false alarm. In 1724, a woman named Elizabeth was ordered to be fined 20 shillings, and to be "whip twenty" in the land was two men were tried by Justice Ingersoll for taking and spreading a false alarm.

THE RECORD HOME AT CHIPPAWA.
The record home at Chippawa, Ontario, was built in 1812. It was built by Laura Secord, who lived there for many years. The house was built on a small plot of land, and was built of stone and brick. It was built in the year 1812, and was built by Laura Secord, who lived there for many years. The house was built on a small plot of land, and was built of stone and brick. It was built in the year 1812, and was built by Laura Secord, who lived there for many years.

THE RECORD HOME AT QUEENSTON.
The record home at Queenston, Ontario, was built in 1812. It was built by Laura Secord, who lived there for many years. The house was built on a small plot of land, and was built of stone and brick. It was built in the year 1812, and was built by Laura Secord, who lived there for many years. The house was built on a small plot of land, and was built of stone and brick. It was built in the year 1812, and was built by Laura Secord, who lived there for many years.

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THE RECORD HOME AT CHIPPAWA.
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Aug 26 1911

IN THE FOOTSTEPS OF LAURA SECORD

By FRANK YEIGH

IF Laura Secord were to revisit the scene of her lifetime along the banks of the Niagara River from Queenston to Chippawa, she would not be able to charge the present generation with forgetfulness of her deeds in the eventful days of a century ago.

In the quiet little river-side village of Queenston one of her houses still stands with a marble tablet placed close to the hedge telling the passer-by of the fact. On the summit of Queenston Heights, neighboring the noble Brock Memorial, there was recently unveiled a monument to her memory; in Lundy's Lane Cemetery another monument marks her grave, and in the village of Chippawa, the



THE RECORD HOME AT QUEENSTON.

unveiled in June last, overlooks the scene of Laura Secord's memorable adventures, and no farther picture Canada show. The modest little hamlet sleeps its days away, surrounded by orchards and vineyards, a land far different in its physical features from the un cultivated and wooded areas of 1812. On the face of the monument is a medallion of Laura Secord showing her in ripe old age, and rarely has bronze so vividly caught a human expression. It pictures a dear old, grave, motherly woman, with a face as full of character as of tenderness, the face of a woman who could nurse a sick husband, hoodwink a sentry, or tramp through a uncharted wilderness with equal success.

The bust on the Lundy Lane cairn, on the other hand, pictures the patriot in the prime of her young womanhood, and the wisdomness of it is as compelling as the age-tender-



LAURA SECORD'S MONUMENT in Lundy's Lane Cemetery



THE RECORD HOME AT CHIPPAWA.

THE GLOBE, TORONTO, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1911

ness of the other. It is in Lundy's Lane "God's acre" that the dust of the Secord-pioneers mingles with the soil that was stained by the blood of the slain during the battle that practically marked the ending of the struggle of 1812-1814. It was a happy thought that saved the discarded original gravestones and placed them in the quiet old parish church of Chippawa. They naturally belong to the spot, for just across Chippawa Creek stands the little vine-covered cottage where the Secords of those days lived during their later years and where they died. It thrills a Canadian to read the simple lines on these stones:

"Here rests Laura, beloved wife of James Secord. Died Oct. 17, 1892. Aged 82 years." "Sacred to the memory of James Secord, for many years Collector."

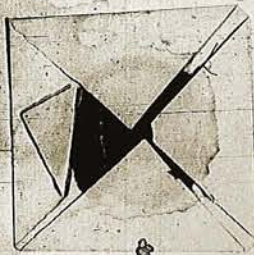
It is always worth recalling the adventure that made Laura Ingersoll Secord such an outstanding figure in Canadian history, though its details are no doubt familiar to most of the readers of this sketch. A noted States force was in occupation of Queenston Heights, preparing to recover territory lost by the defeat at Stony Creek. In his modest cottage lay James Secord suffering from wounds received at the battle of Queenston Heights. The wounded man overheard the talk of the United States soldiers. He told his young wife what he had heard and thus she learned the secret.

The advance of the United States troops was fixed for June 23, 1812, but before daybreak the young wife slipped out secretly to warn the British. She found no obstacle for a time. As she journeyed, however, she was met by the sentinels, who promptly challenged her. With pain on arm and milk stool in hand, she explained she was on her way to milk a cow in the pasture nearby, which was true in a measure, but, out of sight, the milkmaid became the messenger. She headed for the British camp, leaping a then almost unbroken wilderness with only an occasional trail as guide. Marches had to be crossed, creeks waded, fallen timbers climbed over, until at last she neared her destination, only to discover she was met by a band of Mohawk Indians attached to the British and Canadian force.

Years afterwards Mrs. Secord wrote: "The Indians all race with me of their war trails, which, indeed, I loved me. You may imagine what my feelings were to behold many a savage! With forced courage I went to one of the Ontario and told him I had great news for his commander; that he must take me to him, if he would be all lost. He did not understand me, but said: 'Woman! What dost thou meanest by such words?' By moonlight to some might have I got out, but to a weak woman it was certainly torturing. With difficulty I procured one of the chiefs to go with me to the British camp. And thus Laura Secord reached the little encampment of only a few score regulars and a number of Indian warriors. The waiting was in time to effect his purpose, resulting in the brilliant capturing a force of over five hundred, and winning a victory that played an important part in the final outcome of the war.

It is thus most fitting that, amid the scenes where she lived and served her country and flag so well, Laura Secord's memory should be kept green.

THE FRAB.
Fly low swallows,
Hills grow clear,
All the little leaves know
Someone's near.
All the little leaves know
Someone's near,
Hark, and you shall hear
Little cups and saucers
Clinking, clinking,
Little cups and saucers far and near.
Overhead round the tables,
Each small guest
Whispers life is close now,
Coming from the west,
Whisper life is close now,
Coming from the west,
Hark, and you shall hear them
Heralds of the Otter of the Feast.
Owens a little cloud now,
Not a voice is heard now,
Never was a mouse still
Whisper life is close now,
Coming from the west,
Hark, and you shall hear them
Heralds of the Otter of the Feast.
One drop, two drops,
Ah, how we pray,
Whisper life is close now,
Coming from the west,
Hark, and you shall hear them
Heralds of the Otter of the Feast.
Thomas Cook & Sons have finished the work of rebuilding the Queenston Railway up, Verulam, which was swept away in the great storm of 1907. The railway can now yield the usual amount of mountain under comfortable conditions.



BY WILLIAM CLAUS, Esquire, constituted and appointed by commission from his Excellency PETER HUNTER, Esquire, Lieutenant-governor of the province of Upper Canada, and lieutenant-general commanding his Majesty's forces in Upper and Lower Canada, Lieutenant of the County of OXFORD.

TO Thomas Ingersoll Esquire.

BY virtue and in pursuance of an act of the legislature of the province of Upper Canada, relating to raising and training of the Militia within the said province, I have constituted and appointed, and by these presents do constitute and appoint you to be Captain of a company in the militia raised, or to be raised, for and within the said county of Oxford: and you are hereby commanded to train and discipline the persons armed and arranged, or to be armed and arranged by virtue of the said act: and you are to observe and follow such orders and directions from time to time as you shall receive from the governor, lieutenant-governor, the person administering the government, your colonel, or any other, your superior officer, in pursuance of the trust hereby reposed in you.

GIVEN under my hand and seal at Niagara this Twenty-fifth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and Two and in the thirty-second year of the reign of our sovereign lord George the third, by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland king, defender of the faith, &c. &c. &c.

W. Hunter Lieutenant of the County of Oxford

Mrs Ingersoll and Mrs Leslie Ingersoll The Laura Secord Monument Committee

invite you to be present at THE OLD FORT, TORONTO, ON SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 12th, 1935

at the hour of 11:30, when life-size figures of Laura Secord and Lieutenant Fitzgibbon together with a Bronze Tablet commemorating Mrs. Secord's heroic deed, will be unveiled.

The address and presentation will be made by His Honour, Lieutenant-Governor Herbert A. Bruce J. and received for the City, by His Worship, Mayor Simpson.

COMMITTEE:

- Major M. S. Booth, U.E., Chairman; Major C. M. Wrenthall, U.E.; Mrs. E. A. Lane, U.E.; Lt. Col. C. M. Rutan, U.E.; Mrs. J. A. Harvey, U.E.; Mrs. E. T. Reburn, U.E.; Mr. E. A. McLain, U.E.; Major W. E. Custey, U.E.; Miss Laura Secord Clarke, U.E.; Mrs. H. Merrill Egerton, U.E.; Mr. & Mrs. H. Cartwright Secord, U.E.; Mrs. Ethel VanAlstine, U.E.; Lt. Col. H. R. Alley, U.E.

Laura's Descendants Believe Story True

BRAMPTON (CP)—Laura Secord's descendants don't share the scepticism of those with doubts about the heroine's famous trek through enemy lines in the War of 1812.

"The family feels the story is true, cow and all," says Mrs. Clayton L. Jackson of Edmond, Okla., as it knows them, are accurate, largely because her father, the late A. M. Cartwright of Hamilton, had often talked to Laura Secord and had gathered historic information about her.

Legend is that the heroine walked 20 miles through American-held territory in the Niagara Valley to warn the British of a planned surprise attack. It is said she took a cow along so that the Americans wouldn't be suspicious.

Some question has been raised about how far she walked and historians record that the British had already been warned of the attack.

But Mrs. Jackson says the family is satisfied that the details, as it knows them, are accurate, largely because her father, the late A. M. Cartwright of Hamilton, had often talked to Laura Secord and had gathered historic information about her.

The Jacksons celebrated their 50th wedding anniversary Aug. 10 during a visit to a niece, Mrs. Kenneth Braithwaite of this town northwest of Toronto.

Mrs. Jackson — formerly Laura Secord Cartwright — is marked in an interview that her oldest daughter is Laura Secord Giles, wife of Dr. C. R. Giles of Rosstown, Ont., and their oldest daughter is another Laura Secord.

"We are expecting our first great-grandchild and we are hoping for another Laura Secord."

Aug 1935



Blanche Ingersoll Campbell



W. Hamilton Merritt



Jas. Ingersoll



HOMESTEAD INGERSOLL ONTARIO

5 1 8

**THOMAS ALLEN STAYNER, Esquire, Deputy
Post-Master General of the Provinces of Upper and
Lower-Canada, Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick,
in North America, and their Dependencies.**

To all to whom these presents shall come : Greeting.

Know Ye, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given,
I, THOMAS ALLEN STAYNER, having received good testimony of the Fidelity and
Loyalty to His Majesty of *James Ingersoll* and his ability and
sufficiency to execute the Office and Duties required of a Deputy Post-Master, and reposing
great trust and confidence in him, do by these presents nominate, authorize and appoint him
the said *James Ingersoll* to be my lawful and
sufficient Deputy to execute the Office of Deputy Post-Master of *Canada*
Upper Canada during my pleasure; and to have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy
the said Office, with all and every the Rights, Privileges, Benefits and advantages to the same
belonging, under such condition, covenants, provisos, payments, orders and instructions to be
fully-observed, performed and done by the said Deputy and his Servants, as he or they shall,
from time to time, receive from me in writing subscribed by me, or by my order, or from the
Deputy Post-Master General for the British Provinces of North America for the time being,
and the said *James Ingersoll*
is hereby authorized to keep and retain *Twenty Per*
Centum out of the produce arising by the Port of Letters
received by him, in recompense for his care and trouble in the performance and execution
of the trusts reposed in him, so long as he shall continue to be employed by me as my Deputy.

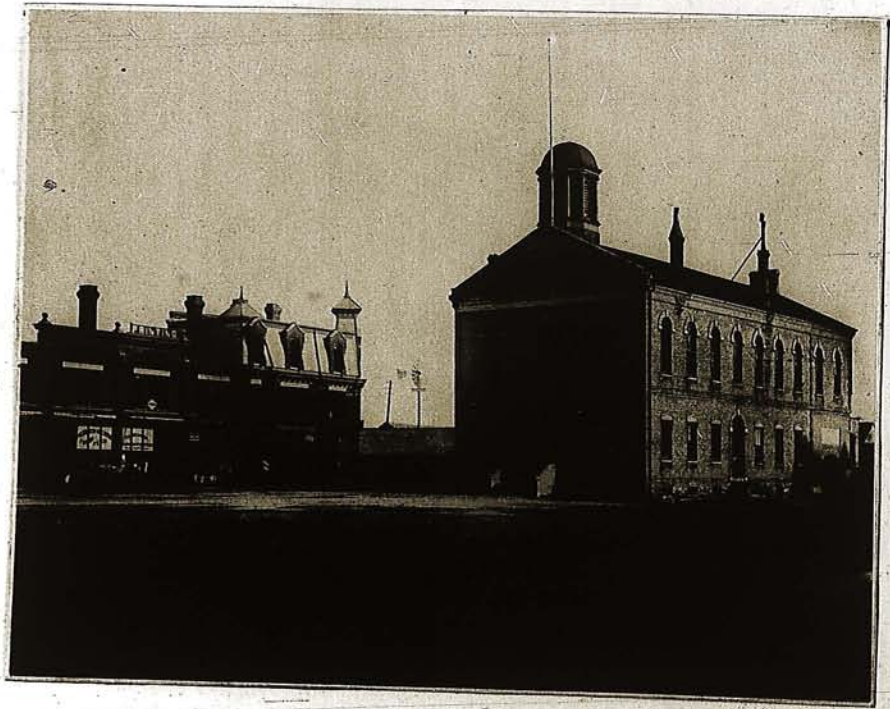
*Chas
M^r Haver*

In witness whereof, I, the said THOMAS ALLEN STAYNER,
have hereunto set my Hand and caused the Seal of my Office to be affixed, this
Sixth Day of *October* One Thousand Eight Hundred and
thirty *two* and in the *second* Year of His Majesty's Reign.

T. A. Stayner



J. C. Miller  SUCCESSOR TO
Westlake
WOODSTOCK, ONT.



12

Upper Canada

By His Excellency Sir John Colborne K. C. B. Lieutenant Governor of the said Province and Major General Commanding His Majesty's Forces therein

9

Returning Officer of the County of Oxford

To James Ingersoll Esquire

and to all to whom these presents shall come, greeting.

Whereas by an Act of the Parliament of this Province passed in the sixteenth year of the reign of His late Majesty George the third entitled "An Act for increasing the representation of the Commons of this Province in the House of Assembly" it was enacted that from and after the end of the then present Parliament each and every County then formed or organized or which should or might thereafter be formed or organized and in which there should be one thousand souls should be represented in the Provincial Parliament by one Member and when the population of such County or Counties should amount to four thousand souls the said County or Counties should be represented by two Members and that each and every Town in which the Quarter Sessions of the District should or might by law be holden and in which there should be one thousand souls should be represented by one Member and whereas by another Act of this Province passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty George the fourth entitled "An Act further to continue an Act passed in the thirty third year of His late Majesty's reign entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of Returning Officers of the several Counties of this Province' the Governor Lieutenant Governor or Person administering the Government of this Province is thereby empowered from time to time by an Instrument under his hand and seal to appoint a proper person to execute the Office of Returning Officer for any County, Riding or Town within this Province - Now therefore knowing that having confidence in the Loyalty integrity and ability of you the said James Ingersoll I, Sir John Colborne Lieutenant Governor of this Province by virtue of the power in me vested have nominated and appointed and by these presents do nominate and appoint you the said James Ingersoll

to be Returning Officer of and for the said County of Oxford

to have and to hold the said Place, Trust and Office of Returning Officer aforesaid for during and until the twentieth day of October next ensuing the date hereof or sooner determination of my pleasure Together with all the rights, powers, privileges, authorities, profits and emoluments which to the said Office do or ought by right to belong and appertain -

Given under my hand and seal of Office at the City of Toronto this second day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty four and in the first

By Command of His Excellency -

John Colborne
C. C. Colb.

Colborne



Mr. [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear]



Ely Bros

214 DUNDAS
ST.
LONDON, ONT.



DANIEL SUTHERLAND, Esquire, Deputy Post-Master
General of the Provinces of Upper and Lower
Canada, Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick, in
North America, and their Dependencies.

To all whom these presents shall come : Greeting;

Know Ye, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given,
I DANIEL SUTHERLAND, having received good testimony of the Fidelity and Loyalty to His
Majesty of *Mr Charles Ingersoll* and his ability and sufficiency
to execute the Office and Duties required of a Deputy Post Master, and reposing great trust and
confidence in him, do by these presents nominate, authorise and appoint him the said *Charles*
Ingersoll to be my lawful and sufficient Deputy to
execute the Office of Deputy Post Master, of *Pepper, in the Province of*
Upper Canada to have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy the said Office, with all
and every the Rights, Privileges, Benefits and Advantages to the same belonging, under such
conditions, covenants, provisos, payments, orders and instructions to be fully observed, performed
and done by the said Deputy and his Servants, as he or they shall from time to time receive
from me in writing subscribed by me, or by my order, or from the Deputy Post Master General
for the British Provinces in North America for the time being, and the said *Charles*
Ingersoll is hereby authorised to keep and retain a *Commission of*
Twenty per Centum out of the yearly produce arising by the Port of
letters received by him, in recompence for his care and trouble in the performance and execution
of the trusts reposed in him, so long as he shall continue to be employed by me, as my Deputy.

In witness whereof, I the said DANIEL SUTHERLAND, have hereunto

set my Hand and caused the Seal of my Office to be affixed hereunto, this

Sixth Day of *January* One Thousand, Eight Hundred & *Twenty*
One in the *First* Year of His Majesty's Reign. ✽

D. Sutherland



Sir PEREGRINE MAITLAND, Knight Commander of the most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, and Major General Commanding His Majesty's Forces therein, &c. &c. &c.

To Charles Ingersoll, Esquire, Greeting:



REPOSING especial confidence in your Loyalty, Courage and Good Conduct, I do hereby appoint you to be Lieutenant Colonel in the First Regiment of Oxford Militia during pleasure, and of which Regiment Thomas Hornor, Esquire, is Colonel. You are therefore carefully and diligently to discharge the duty of Lieutenant Colonel by exercising, and well disciplining both the inferior Officers and Men of the said Militia.—And I do hereby Command them to obey you as their Lieutenant Colonel. And you are to observe and follow all such Orders and Directions as you shall from time to time receive from me or any other your Superior Officer, according to Law.

GIVEN under my Hand and Office Seal at Arms, at York this fifteenth Day of December in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and twenty three and in the Fourth year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.

W. Halliday

P. Maitland

BY MONTRE HODD.

In the Simsbury Review of last Friday there appeared an article...

INDUCED TO COME HERE.

Following the revolutionary war and the small rebellions which followed it...

THE GRANT MADE.

My father, with some others of his friends, the Rev. Gideon Beed...

GRANT CANCELLED.

A great misfortune fell upon Major Ingersoll and his friends...

In an early communication it was in this sense that Colonel James Ingersoll...

LAURA SECORD'S MARRIAGE.

It is interesting to know how long Laura Secord's marriage lasted...

RETURN TO OXFORD.

After the two years at the frontier, Major Ingersoll and the other members...

THE FIRST SETTLERS.

Eliza Hastings, Luther Hastings, Thomas Dexter, Eleazer Scott...

SETTLEMENT OPENED UP.

Within a very few years Major Ingersoll had opened all his means...

Written by Webster Hood for the Simsbury Review, February 13, 1922.

The First Settlement of The Ingersoll District

Further History of the Ingersoll Family, Tells of the Coming to Oxford County of Major Thomas Ingersoll and His Band of Forty Settlers, and How They Were Later Deprived of Their Land by the Government in Britain, After Having Built up the Settlement.

DIED IN TORONTO TOWNSHIP. Following this, Major Ingersoll became discouraged, and he might have left the Oxford settlement...

HONOR MEMORY OF BUILDER OF WELLAND CANAL

Statue of Hon. W. H. Merritt is Unveiled in Catharines Park by Granddaughter.

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Pioneer Canal Builder Was Related to Ingersoll Family, Who Founded Oxford Town of That Name.

St. Catharines, Ont., Dec. 6.—In a northwest gale with surges of snow and a temperature which made the range gathering shiver and pull their furs...

The statue, a fine pillar of granite, surmounted by a striking bronze figure of Hon. Mr. Merritt...

The dedicatory prayer was offered by Rev. Canon Willis G. James, rector of St. Thomas Church.

This dispatch is of peculiar interest to the people of Oxford county, and particularly to those of the Ingersoll district...

WEDDINGS

WILLIAM INGERSON.

The marriage of Miss Florence Ingersoll daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Ingersoll to Mr. William Thomas Loyal...

Miss Nell Ingersoll was very much surprised to receive a card from the groom...

The bride and groom were met at the home of the bride's parents in Amherst...

Mr. Ingersoll looked very smart in a unbuttoned frock of abson of rose-georgette, with beige wrap of white and black mohair and lace...

UPPER CANADA.

10

SIR JOHN COLBORNE, Knight, Commander of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, Major General Commanding His Majesty's Forces therein, &c. &c. &c.

To all to whom these Presents shall come—

GREETING:

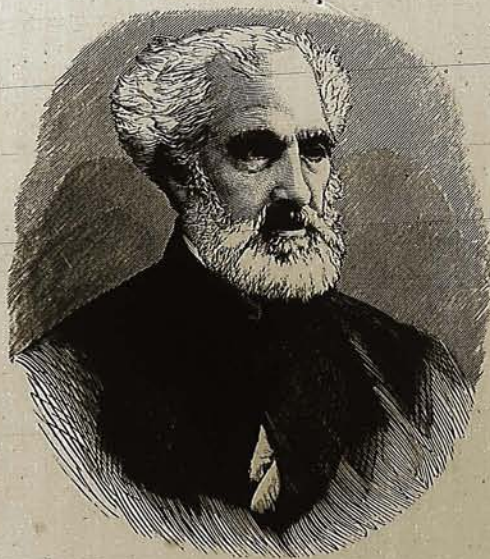
Whereas, by an act of the Legislature of Upper Canada, passed in the fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty George the Third, entitled "An Act for the Better Regulating of Courts, Clerks and other Successors, which shall be made; or may affect any Courts, townships or hereditaments within the said Province, it is enacted that it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person administering the Government of the said Province, in the term being, to name a place where a Register Office shall be kept, and to nominate and appoint one sufficient person to hold and perform the duty or duties of such office or offices as hereafter they may be established. Now Sir John Colborne, that I have thought fit to nominate and appoint, and do hereby nominate and appoint, James Ingersoll, of the County of Oxford, Esquire, to be Registrar, and for the said County of Oxford, in the stead of Thomas Hornor Esquire deceased, to have, hold, enjoy, the said Office, with all the rights, profits, privileges, emoluments of profit appertaining thereto. That James Ingersoll, that I have named, and do hereby name, the Village of Ingersoll in the said County of Oxford as the place where the said Register Office shall be kept, and where the Records and Duties of the said Registrar shall be done and performed, pursuant and agreeably to the provisions in the said Act contained.

Given under my Hand, and Office Seal, at Toronto, this twelfth day of November in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and thirty four and of His Majesty's Reign, the fifth

Colborne

By Command of His Excellency.

[Signature]



WILLIAM BETTRIDGE, B.D.,
FIRST RECTOR OF WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO.
Born August 30th, 1791. Died November 21st, 1879.

Upper Canada

By His Excellency Sir John Colborne K.B. Lieutenant Governor of the
Province of Upper Canada and Major General Commanding His Majesty's
Forces therein &c. &c. &c.

To James Ingersoll, John Stuart and William Salmon

Esquires Rectors

Know Ye that having confidence in your loyalty Integrity and Ability, I, Sir John Colborne K.B. Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada aforesaid have nominated constituted authorized and appointed and by these presents do nominate constitute authorize and appoint you the said James Ingersoll John Stuart and William Salmon and each of you jointly and severally to tender and administer and to take from all and every person and persons whomsoever being in office, all such oaths declarations and subscriptions as any such Officer shall desire to take or to make, or that the law doth require to enable him or them to execute the duties of the said Office Place or Trust. And the Rolls and Records thereof to keep and the same to certify to the Governor Lieutenant Governor or Person administering the Government for the time being or to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery. To have and to hold the said Office Place and Trust for and until the twentieth day of October now next ensuing the date hereof or some determination of my pleasure. Together with all and singular the rights fees profits and emoluments which to the said Office Place or Trust belong or in anywise appertain.

Given under my hand and Seal of Office at the City of Toronto in the Province aforesaid this second day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty four and in the fifth year of His Majesty's Reign -
Colborne

By Command of His Excellency

John P. ...
C. C. C.

Cochran Herald - 16th April 1960
This is possibly interest you - incidentally this
Hugh was born and brought up in Edgemoor County



ELEVATED TO SUPREME COURT. Mr. Justice Hugh C. Farthing, whose appointment to the Supreme Court of Alberta, that division was announced this week, is shown at left with Chief Justice Clinton J. Ford of the same court. Mr. Justice Farthing formerly was a judge of the Southern Alberta supreme court.



UPPER CANADA.

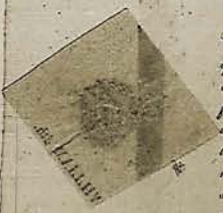
To *James Ingersoll Esq* and to all to whom these Presents shall come: Greeting.

Whereas by the thirty-ninth clause of an Act of the Legislature of this Province, passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King George the Fourth, entitled, "An Act to amend the Laws now in force respecting the practice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in this Province," it is enacted, that the Chief Justice, and other the Justices of the said Court of King's Bench, for the time being, or any two of them, whereof the Chief Justice for the time being shall be one, shall or may, by one or more Commission or Commissions, under the Seal of the said Court, from time to time, as need shall require, empower whom and as many persons as they shall think fit and necessary, in all the several Districts of this Province, to take and receive all and every such Affidavits and Affidavits as any person or persons shall be willing and desirous to make before any of the persons so empowered, in or concerning any cause, matter, or thing, depending, or hereafter to be depending, or in anywise concerning any of the proceedings to be in the said Court. And by the Fortieth clause of the same Act it is enacted, that the Chief Justice, and other the Justices aforesaid, or any two of them, whereof the said Chief Justice shall be one, shall or may, by one or more Commission or Commissions, under the Seal of the said Court, from time to time, as need shall require, empower such and as many persons as they shall think fit and necessary, in all and every the several Districts of this Province, to take and receive all and every recognizance or recognizances of Bail or Bails as any person or persons shall be willing or desirous to acknowledge or make before any of the persons so empowered, in any action or suit depending, or hereafter to be depending, in the said Court, in such manner and form, and by such Recognizance or Bail, as the Justices of the said Court may think or may think fit.

Now Know Ye, That We, *The Hon^{ble} James Buchanan Chief Justice*
The Hon^{ble} Lewis Oliver Sherwood, and *The Hon^{ble} James Buchanan Macan*
Justices of the said Court of King's Bench, considering in the integrity and ability of you, the said *James Ingersoll*
by virtue of the powers vested in us as aforesaid, have constituted and appointed, and by these Presents do constitute and appoint, you, to take and receive within the *London* District, all and every such recognizance or recognizances of Bail or Bails, Affidavits or Affidavits, as any Person or Persons shall be willing and desirous to acknowledge and make before you, in any Action or Suit depending, or hereafter to be depending, in the said Court, or in anywise concerning any of the proceedings to be in the said Court.

In witness whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and the Seal of the said Court of King's Bench, in and for the Province of Upper Canada, at York, this *5th* day of *February* One Thousand, Eight Hundred and Thirty *five* and in the *fifth* Year of His Majesty's Reign.

L P Sherwood
J Buchanan



James Ingersoll Esq
London

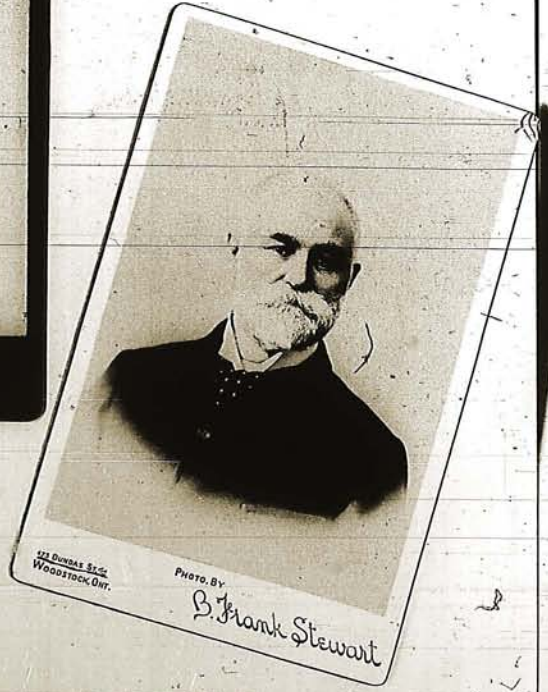
C. Fisher, Esq. was ordered by the speaker of the Assembly March 24

12

Bishop Lathrop



7. Lathrop





No 896

7 13

SIR GEORGE ARTHUR, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order,
Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, Major General Commanding
Her Majesty's Forces therein, &c. &c. &c.

To *James Ingersol, Esquire.*

GREETING:

Proposing especial confidence in your Loyalty, Courage and good Conduct, I do hereby appoint you, during
pleasure, to be Major in the fifth Regiment of Oxford Militia,
taking rank and precedence from the eighth day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred
and thirty eight
You are therefore carefully and diligently to discharge the duty of Major by exercising
and well disciplining the Inferior Officers and Men of the said Militia. And I do hereby command them to
obey you as their Major And you are to observe and follow all such orders and
directions as you shall from time to time receive from me, or any other of your Superior Officers, according to Law.

Given under my Hand and Office Seal, at Toronto this First day of
June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty eight
and in the First year of Her Majesty's Reign.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY'S COMMAND.

Richard Bullock
Major General
Military Officer Canada

James Ingersol

OLD REGISTRY NOT BEAUTIFUL BUT INTERESTING

TIMES FEATURE

by Josephine Jeffreys

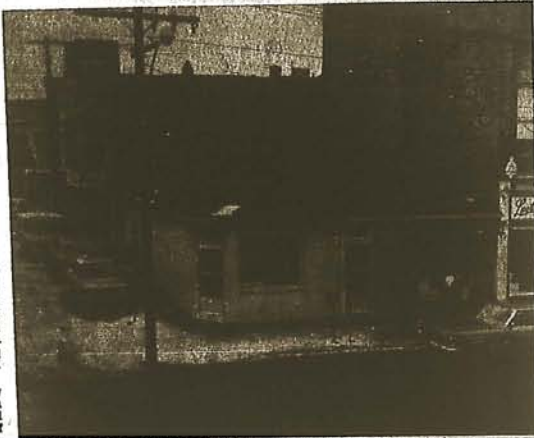
"It shall be situated on a travelled road and easily accessible to the public" so said the Governor of 1834. And there it stands today, 200 yards west of the Thames and King Street crossroads.

In the country of my birth people tend to get a bit superior about what is "old" and what is not, anything as recent as 1870 is merely old enough to have become inconvenient whereas even at 185 years old the registry is a mere chick by European standards. It is not the building itself but what it represents that makes it so fascinating. It is a very plain little building, no-one in their right mind would call it distinguished and yet, in its way it is as fascinating as Downing Castle and certainly of more historical merit.

When the Old Registry was built, Ontario was a sleeping child. Ingersoll had 20 houses, made of logs or planks strung along the road for about a mile and a half, and that is all. Forty years before that there had not even been a road. Merely a track between the trees, an Indian trail from Lake Erie to Lake Huron. So Governor Simcoe hired 100 Indians to cut another road between Hamilton and London - though of course, at this time, these two cities were but academic dots of wilderness lost in a greater wilderness yet. The road took four years and goodness knows how many Indians - in 1793 Indians came, cheap and no-one was counting - working in the heat and flies of summer and through the winter when the cold bit deep, cutting trees, hauling logs, grubbing up tree stumps. The cut and graded and levelled a little in a k e s h i f s miracle of a road through the virgin forest. It was 30 feet wide and so bad that Mrs. Jamieson, a writer who travelled about Canada in the 1830 said that in places the coach driver had to get down and lift the wheels over fallen trees and that the runs were so deep that to avoid being thrown out she gripped the iron hand-rail so hard the skin was chafed from her hands and they bled. She said "You may ask why I did not get down and walk, the reason was, gentlemen, the whole area is infested with bears."

When the road was finished in 1797 Hamilton and London had not yet begun but Thomas Ingersoll had been here for four years. In 1793, with his wife and children he had built a house and a Mill on a Dam and that is how Smith's Pond came into existence.

In 1800 the registrar for both Oxford and Middlesex was a man called Thomas Horner. Between the Niagara and Detroit Rivers he was the only man whom one could pay a legal title to one's lands. Settlers sometimes forswore the law and through rough means they did not forget the registrar. In those days, and in those days, you had to leave your holdings to days, or so was said. There was a law to be milked there, a law to be broken, the law was around, the law was there, and there was a law to be broken.



THE REGISTRY BUILDING ON KING STREET

help her, maybe no other family within miles. So in 1818 they decided that something had to be done, it had become such a nuisance that they nagged the Government and Thomas Horner had to hand over the Middlesex part of his job to another man, Mahlon Burwell - the man who founded Port Burwell.

Horner worked from his home in Burford until his death in 1834. In 1803, to Thomas Ingersoll, the founder of this town, was born a son, James, the first white child to be born in the area. By 1805 however, Thomas had up and gone in disgust, leaving what remained of his holding for the bears and the deer and took his family to start again in another little log cabin in the Credit River area. But the settlement he had started took root and it grew and grew and in 1818 at the age of 17 James came back to the place of his birth.

His elder brother Charles had a trading post here and James worked for him. In 1834 when Horner died the Governor was so besieged by friends wanting the post that, in order to avoid embarrassment, he asked if there were a local man to whom the Government owed a favour or two. Yes, came the reply, James Ingersoll. However, James was not too eager to take the job, he was busy with the sure and "Registrar" was very small beer by comparison. But it will grow, he was told and at 33 he became Registrar. But the problem of a building arose. The job did grow, and fast, and could no longer be handled from some-one's home or a store, immigrants flooding in from all over the world, cutting down trees, carrying out settlements, homesteads, drilling wells, building dams, setting up shops. They all needed a registrar title to their property. So, they build the little

cabin 200 yards west of the oldest cross-roads in the Province. There were no brick-works in those days, transportation was a nightmare, they had to build with what they could find. A wooden building burns fast and is no place to house legal documents so the Registry had to be made from less flammable material. All they had was cobblestones and plaster, placed in layers, between wooden frames - in the way we make poured concrete foundations now - like a farmer built his pig-stye or a wall around the yard to keep the cows out. Very functional but hardly elegant.

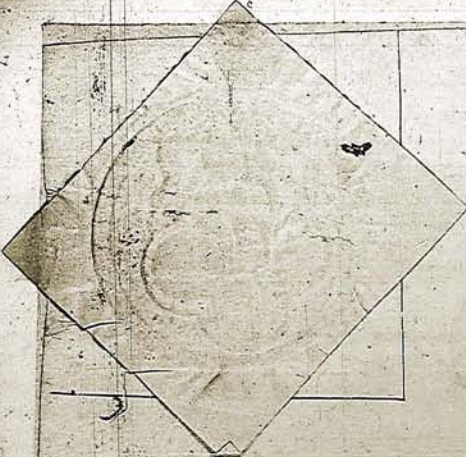
When it was finished for a while it was used as a recruiting office for men to put down the Mackenzie rebellion in 1837 then a jail to house captured rebels before they were taken to London where they were tried and most of them hanged. After that life was fairly quiet.

James Ingersoll, youngest son, of the founder of this town held the office of Registrar until his death in 1856. In 1856 Ingersoll was a thriving, booming town, a rather naughty one at that, bustling with energy and many of the buildings we now take for granted were already built. In one generation this town was grubbed out of a howling wilderness, in the living memory of one man, for who the old Registry was built.

After his death the building passed through many hands. It became a Hardware Shop where I am told an Arthur Day made a dandy set of barres. It was divided and became a jewellers shop and a butcher store, and more recently a Beauty Parlour. Thirty years ago the outside was coated in plaster - fortunately, a great loss of money. Life once the weather gets into it - and somehow it has jumped it out. Neither

imposing or dignified yet in its own way representing how far we have come. It is a direct link with the beginnings of this place, in a time when men walked in blind innocence all alone in a land where there were only trees and bears and wolves and there were still beavers in the ponds and silence could be measured by the thousand acres. It represents all those people who came and out of nothing made Canada.

Someday, some idiot is going to say "It is ugly and old and for goodness sakes let us pull it down. We can have something nice in concrete and chrome in its place, or even a parking lot for heaven's sakes," and then what will you do?



Wm. Mackenzie

Province of Canada.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of GOD, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.

To all to whom these Presents shall come.—GREETING:

Whereas in and by a certain Act of the Parliament of Our Province of Canada, passed in the Fourth and Fifth years of Our Reign, entitled, "An Act to secure to and confer upon certain Inhabitants of this Province, the civil and political rights of natural born British Subjects," it is amongst other things in effect enacted, That no Alien mentioned in the said Act, shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions thereof, unless within twelve months after the passing thereof he shall take the oath or affirmation therein annexed, before some person whom the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Person Administering the Government of Our said Province, shall by Commission under the Great Seal thereof, empower to administer the same. Now therefore Know Ye, that having trust and confidence in the Loyalty, Integrity and Ability of James Ingersoll, Registrar of the County of Oxford, in the District of Brock, of Our said Province of Canada

Wm. Mackenzie

Esquire
We have signed, constituted and appointed, and do by these Presents sign, constitute and appoint, him the said James Ingersoll to be the person to administer the oath or affirmation required by the said Act, to all and every person and persons whomsoever in the District of Brock, of Our said Province of Canada, who being one of the persons mentioned or intended in the said Act, shall desire to take or make the same, hereby enjoining him to do and fulfil all such things as by virtue of the said Act, and of this Commission, shall to be by him to be done, in the manner and according to the provisions and restrictions therein contained; to have and to hold the said Office unto him the said James Ingersoll for and during Our pleasure.

In testimony whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Canada to be hereunto

affixed. Witness Our Trusty and well beloved Sir Richard Downes Jackson K.C.B. Administrator of the Government of Our said Province, and Lieutenant General commanding Our Forces in British North America &c. &c. at Kingston this twenty third day of December in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty one and in the fifth year of Our Reign

By Command.

Wm. Mackenzie
Kitching

[Signature]



R. A. Lyffe



W. H. Huston



PROVINCE OF CANADA



By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES BARON SYDENHAM, of Sydenham, in the County of Kent, and Toronto in Canada, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward and Vice Admiral of the same.

To James Ingersoll Esquire, and to all to whom these presents shall come,
GREETING.

WHEREAS, by an Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, made and passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of Our Sovereign Lady VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith intituled, "An Act to Re-unite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada," it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Governor of the said Province of Canada, from time to time to nominate proper persons to execute the office of Returning Officer in each of the Counties, Ridings, Cities and Towns which shall be represented in the Legislative Assembly of the said Province.

Now therefore know ye, that having confidence in the loyalty, integrity and ability of you, the said James Ingersoll

I, the said CHARLES BARON SYDENHAM, Governor of the said Province, by virtue of the power in me vested, have nominated and appointed, and by these presents do nominate and appoint you the said James Ingersoll to be Returning Officer of and for the

County of Oxford hereby enjoining and commanding you to hold the said Election on the Fifteenth day of March next at Woodstock in the said County of Oxford

TO HAVE, HOLD AND EXECUTE the said Place, Trust and Office of Returning Officer aforesaid, until the Eighth day of April next ensuing the date hereof, together with all the Rights, Powers, Privileges, Authorities, and Emoluments which to the said Office do and of right ought to belong and appertain.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Canada, the Nineteenth day of February in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and in the Fourth Year of Her Majesty's Reign.

J. C. O'Brien
Ck. Secy. Genl.

The History of Woodstock County

This Story Which Was Told in the Form of a Lecture to the Readers of the Sentinel-Review on Monday February 1st is Here Retold For Their Readers by Special Request

It is with a great deal of embarrassment that I speak of the early days of this community. It seems to me that it is rather paradoxical to say that I am not a subject of this kind. My good friend G. R. Pratt has lived in Woodstock for nearly half a century and has spoken of the early history of this community from his own knowledge and could have covered the ground with much more assurance and in a more complete manner than I can do. As it is, you must accept what I have to say as a story gleaned from what others have written, and from conversations with some of the old-timers of Oxford County who still live to tell of the early history.

To study the history of this city and county in a fascinating hobby for anyone who is fond of the historical, who likes to hear of and read of the early hardships and struggles of the pioneers, and of how they labored to mould the life and being of the present community of white-stock is now the history of the early life of this district, that is not in securing sufficient material for a story of this kind, but in deciding what to include and what to omit, what to emphasize, and what to minimize. Yet, it is strange that there is very little to be read of the early history, although such a story would be interesting to many. Since 1857, the year of Confederation, no real attempt has been made to compile a complete history of the county and city, save for a few brief pamphlets which have been published for various purposes. The chronicler of today is handicapped by a lack of the material, and were it not for the remarkable legibility and clearness of mind of some of our old-timers who are still with us, the writing of such a story would be very difficult. It is not an altogether impossible task, however, and I am glad to say that Thomas Stanton, one of the prominent figures in the early history of Woodstock, has been made clerk of the County of Brant, for his services compiled in 1851, and in 1857, published a history of the county, which, though fairly correct, was not, covering the history of the county in a brief, but fairly correct way, up to their time. Others have since done some contributions, and in 1875 James Howell, then County Clerk, published a history of the county, which, though fairly correct, was not, covering the history of the county in a brief, but fairly correct way, up to their time. Others have since done some contributions, and in 1875 James Howell, then County Clerk, published a history of the county, which, though fairly correct, was not, covering the history of the county in a brief, but fairly correct way, up to their time.

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The first mention of Woodstock is in the early part of the 18th century, when it was a small settlement of about 200 people. The town was founded by a group of settlers from the West Indies, who came to the area in 1733. They were attracted to the area by the promise of land and the opportunity to start a new life. The settlers were primarily of African descent, and they brought with them a variety of skills and trades. They established a small community, and over the years, it grew into a town. The town was named Woodstock in honor of the Duke of Woodstock, who was a close friend of King George II. The town's early history is a story of struggle and perseverance, as the settlers fought to establish a community in a remote and often hostile environment.

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PROVINCE CANADA.



16

By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES BARON SYDENHAM, of Sydenham, in the County of Kent, and Toronto in Canada, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward and Vice Admiral of the same.

To James Inguisely, William Lafontaine and John Arnold _____ Esquires,
GREETING.

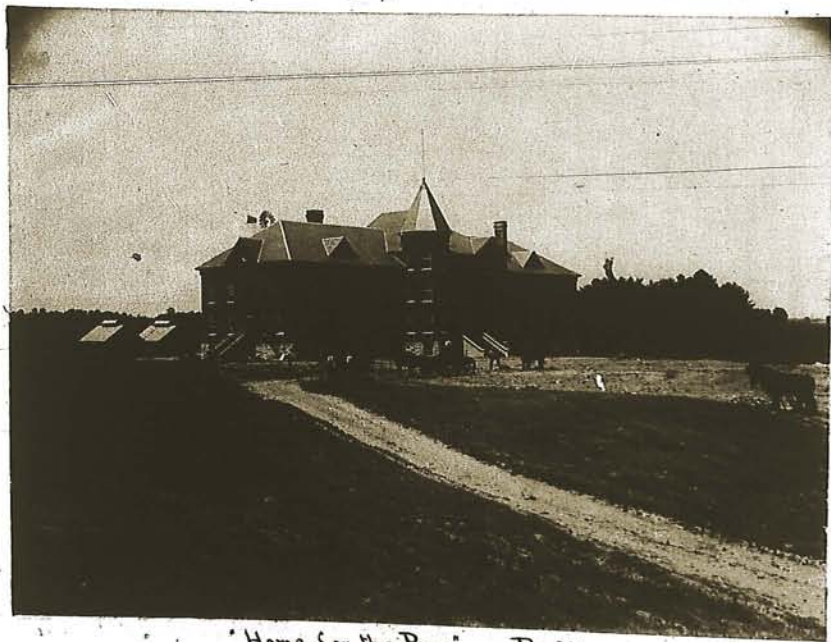
Open

KNOW YE, that having confidence in your loyalty, integrity and ability, I, the said CHARLES BARON SYDENHAM, Governor of the said Province of Canada, have nominated, constituted, authorized and appointed, and by these presents do nominate, constitute, authorize and appoint, you the said James Inguisely, William Lafontaine & John Arnold _____ and each of you severally to administer to, and take from all persons whomsoever all such Oaths, Declarations and Subscriptions, as they shall desire to take or make, or as the Law doth require, to enable to execute and perform any duties which they may be called upon or required to discharge or to exercise and enjoy any Franchise or Privilege to which they may be entitled in and about or in any wise touching and concerning the Election of *one* Member to serve the *County of Oxford* _____ in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, and the Rolls and Records thereof to keep, and the same to certify to the Governor for the time being, or to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, in and for the said Province.

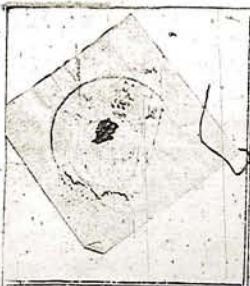
TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said Office, Place and Trust, until the *Eightth* _____ day of *April* _____ next ensuing the date hereof, together with all the Rights, Powers, Privileges, Authorities, and Emoluments which to the said Office do and of right ought to belong and appertain.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at the Government House, in the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Canada, the *twentieth* day of *February* _____ in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and in the Fourth Year of Her Majesty's Reign.

Charles Baron Sydenham
Gt. Secy. in C. H.



"Home for the Poor" Built



PROVINCE OF CANADA.

17

His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES THEOPHILUS, BARON METCALFE,
of Fawkhill, in the County of Berks, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order
of the Bath, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor General of
British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over the
Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the Island of Prince Edward,
and Vice Admiral of the same, &c. &c. &c.

To James Ingersoll, Registrar of the County of Oxford, Esquire

GREETING:

Know You, That confiding in your loyalty, integrity and ability, I have assigned, constituted and appointed, and by these presents do assign, constitute and appoint you to be a Commissioner to tender and administer to, and take, from all and every person and persons whomsoever in the said County of Oxford all such Oaths, Declarations and Subscriptions as any such person or persons shall desire to take or make, under and by virtue of an Act of the Parliament of the Province of Canada, made and passed in the first Session of the second Parliament of the said Province, and to which Her Majesty's Assent was duly signified by Proclamation bearing date on the twenty-fourth day of July now last passed, intitled, "An Act to make further provision regarding Aliens," and also to enregister in a book or books to be by you kept for that purpose, all Certificates that may be granted to such person and persons aforesaid, by the Governor of the Province of Canada in Council, under the requirement of the above mentioned Act. And I therefore, by these presents give and grant to you, full power and authority to tender and administer to, and to take from all and every such person and persons as aforesaid, all such Oaths, Declarations and Subscriptions as aforesaid, and also to enregister all Certificates as aforesaid and the Rolls and Records thereof, to keep, and the same to certify to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Person administering the Government of the said Province, or the Keeper of the Great Seal thereof, for the time being. To have and to hold unto you the said James Ingersoll the said power and authority for and during pleasure, together with all fees and emoluments appointed by law, obeying, observing and fulfilling all regulations made in pursuance and by authority of the said Act.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Stam, at Montreal, in the said Province, this 25th
day of November in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred, and
forty five and in the fourth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By Command,

[Signature]

[Signature]



Wm. Scott, M. D.



18 70

His Excellency The Right Honorable JAMES, EARL OF ELGIN AND KINCARDINE, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice Admiral of the same, Ye. Ye. Ye.

James Ingersoll Esquire

GREETING.

Reposing especial confidence in your Loyalty, Courage and Good Conduct, I do hereby constitute and appoint you, during pleasure to be *Lieut Colonel* in the *Fifth* Battalion of *Arford* Militia, taking rank and precedence from the *Tenth* day of *November* one thousand eight hundred and forty *Six*. You are therefore carefully and diligently to discharge the duty of *Lieut Colonel* by exercising and well disciplining the Inferior Officers and Men, of the said Militia. And I do hereby command them to obey you as their *Lieut Colonel* and you are to observe and follow all such orders and directions as you shall from time to time receive from me, or any other of your Superior Officers, according to Law.

Given under my Hand and Office Seal, at *Montreal*, this *Twelfth* day of *June* in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty *Six*, and in the *Twelfth* year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By Command,

John Young
John Young
John Young

John Young

700 St. Nicholas



PROVINCE OF CANADA.

By His Excellency the Right Honorable **JAMES, EARL OF ELGIN AND KINCARDINE**,
Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle,
Governor General of British North America and Captain General and
Governor in Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia,
New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward and Vice Admiral
of the same. — Go — Go — Go

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME OR WHOM THE SAME MAY CONCERN,

Creating:



Now Know Ye, that reposing confidence in the Loyalty, Integrity, and Ability of
James Ingersoll, of Woodstock, in the District of York, Gentleman,
I have appointed, and do hereby appoint him the said *James Ingersoll*
to be a **PUBLIC NOTARY** in that part of the Province of Canada formerly constituting **UPPER CANADA**.

To have, use and exercise the power of drawing, passing, keeping and issuing all Deeds, Contracts, Charter Parties, and other Mercantile Transactions; and also, to attest all Commercial Instruments that may be brought before him for public protestation. Giving and granting unto him the said *James Ingersoll* all the rights, profits and emoluments appertaining and rightfully belonging to the said calling of a Public Notary during pleasure.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Montreal, in the said Province,
this *twenty third* day of *April* in the year
of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and *forty nine*, and in
the *twelfth* year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By Command,

J. A. G.
Secy.

James Ingersoll

The birth of a town called Ingersoll

BY MARILYN SMULDERS

Ingersoll. The name is perhaps the most often mentioned over all other names in this immediate area of Southwestern Ontario. There is a lot of sentimentality attached to the name; the original possessor being, of course, Thomas Ingersoll.

But just who is this man whose name and personal history are so intrinsically linked to our fair town? His character is curious, and his successful efforts in settling Ingersoll make him worthy for the town to bear both his name and his memory.

Thomas Ingersoll came from south of the border, near the city of Salem, Massachusetts. It is uncertain what exactly he occupied himself with while living in Salem, but in the late 1700's he became attracted by Governor Simcoe's offer of settling settlements of tracts of land in Canada.

The invitation extended by the Governor was open to parties who would be willing to relocate to Canada and start colonies. Canada at the time was virtually a wilderness, inhabited by Indians and a few homesteaders.

After looking further into the idea, Mr. Ingersoll applied for land and it was granted to him during March of 1793. One of the stipulations for the grant included a clause instructing him to bring with him 40 settlers who would pay six pence an acre for their grass of 200 acres or more. On today's money-market, six pence is worth approximately 13 cents.

The grant, with its instructions was outlined in a 1795 covenant document.

Thomas Ingersoll by a grant made by the governor and council of the Province of Upper Canada in the spring of the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety three and lands lying and being on or at the upper left of the river hereinafter known by the name of the river Le Trench now called the River Thames in the said province of Upper Canada which 8,000 acres of land.

Before actually arriving, Mr. Ingersoll became acquainted with Joseph Brant, Chief of Six Nations. It was from Chief Brant that Thomas Ingersoll decided on the location of his new settlement. Brant's advice was to settle on the eastern branch of the Thames River, then called AS-KUM-SE-RE which translates as "Antlers like an Elk".

When first settled, Ingersoll was an old campground of the Indians. A surveyor of the time dubbed the location the "most valuable part of land in the province." So it was with this limited knowledge that Thomas Ingersoll came and established his mark on the area. Bringing with him the 40 settlers, he fiercely began to carve out a home base at Ingersoll, which he

called "Oxford on the Thames". Thomas Ingersoll was reputed to be an aggressive man, spending much energy civilizing the area. This energy included a large amount of money, enough as would be needed to tame the forested land he had chosen. One of the projects he undertook to promote and increase the population of the settlement, was to cut a road through 25 miles of brush. This included a bridge over the Thames River.

Mr. Ingersoll was ambitious in other projects. In his lifetime, he was married three times and fathered 11 children. With his first wife, Elizabeth Dewey, the couple had four children: Laura, Elizabeth, Myra and Abigail. Laura, the eldest, became famous for her act of considerable courage by saving Canadian troops from certain disaster at Beaver Dam during the war of 1812. She by that time had married, and was known as Laura Ingersoll, but Laura Secord.

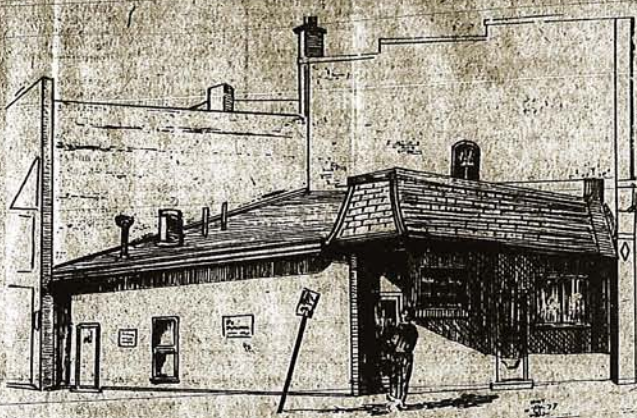
Later, Mr. Ingersoll married Mercy Smith and still later, was wedded to Sarah Whiting. She bore him seven more children—Charles, Charlotte, Abby, Thomas, Samuel, James and Sarah.

Although Mr. Ingersoll spent much money and time on the settlement, he was never completely satisfied. He became disillusioned with his efforts after it was reported to England that the granting of lands to Americans by Governor Simcoe was likely to retard the growth of the country. The reason which underlined the report was loyal soldiers would find it difficult to procure lands for themselves, despite the promise of blood they had paid their mother country.

Following the report, the grant to Thomas Ingersoll was cancelled. Although, he remained in possession of his farm, he was vexed by the news his grant had been only an empty promise.

In 1806, he left the area and moved to Toronto on the Credit River; his life at the settlement fully behind him.

Thomas Ingersoll, although far from being a great supporter of the Union Jack, was truly one of the more colorful founding fathers of our country and more specifically, Ingersoll. Described as an "enterprising man of considerable wealth" by his son James, it was he who was one of the initiators of Canadian settlement. His efforts made Ingersoll an important settlement in this romantic period of explorers and traders; Ingersoll's significance emerging to be as important as the other prominent pioneer locations of the time, including London, Woodstock and Kitchener. Not only because of its location on the area's travel highway, the Thames River, and because of its surrounding fertile lands, Ingersoll emerged because of the man, Thomas Ingersoll and his ambitious dream.



Here is a drawing of Ingersoll's Old Registry Office, run by Charles and James Ingersoll in 1836. The sketch is taken from Harry Whitwell's compilation of Ingersoll's history.

Following in his footsteps

Following in the footsteps of their father, Charles and James Ingersoll also made their mark on the small community nestled in the midst of rural Ontario. Charles, the eldest of the children from Thomas' third wife, was a zealous man with much the same personality as his father. It was Charles who named the settlement "Ingersoll" in remembrance of his father.

Charles was ambitious, the possessor of a trait not unfamiliar to the Ingersoll name. In his lifetime this was ended when he was only 41-years-old, Charles had been magistrate, postmaster and a commissioner in the Court of Requests. He was also a Member of Parliament, with a seat in Ottawa.

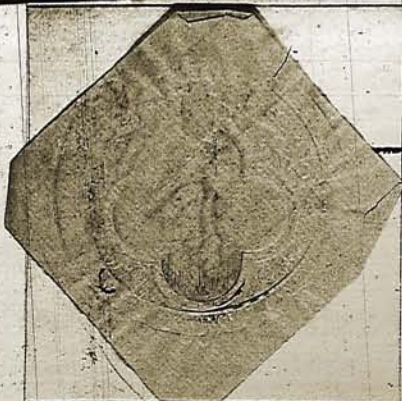
Added to this record, was the reputation of hero since he was responsible, along with William Hamilton Merrif, for raising a troop of mounted soldiers called the "Provincial Light Dragoons" for service in the War of 1812.

James, Charles' youngest brother, was the schlemmer of a number of firsts for Ingersoll. As well as being the first white child to be born in the community of Ingersoll, he opened the first business in the town.

The store that he ran was located at the corner of King and Water Streets, where Osherson's is currently situated. James also was the Registrar of Oxford County, a position he held for 52 years.



'SQUIRE'
JAMES INGERSOLL.



By Appointment

Province of Canada

20

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen-Defender of the Faith &c &c &c

To James Ingersoll, of the Town of Woodstock, Esquire, and to all to whom these Presents shall come

Greeting

Know Ye that having Confidence in your loyalty, zeal and integrity, and in pursuance of the Provisions, and by the Authority of an Act of the Parliament of Our Province of Canada, passed in the Ninth year of Our Reign intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Registry Laws of that Part of the Province which was formerly Upper Canada" We have Thought fit to nominate and appoint ^{and by these Presents do nominate and appoint} you the said James Ingersoll to be Register of and for the County of Oxford in that Part of Our said Province called Upper Canada. To have, hold, occupy, possess and enjoy the said Office of Register during Our Pleasure, together with all rights, Privileges and emoluments, fees and Perquisites which to the said Office belong or of right appertain. And Know Ye also that We have ordained and do hereby name the Town of Woodstock in the said County of Oxford as the Place where, until We shall further Express Our Royal Will and Pleasure in that behalf, the Registry Office for the said County, shall be kept, and where the business and the duties of the said Register, shall be done and performed, Pursuant to the Provisions of the said before mentioned Act.

In Testimony whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness Our Right Trusty and Right Well Beloved Council James, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Knight of the Most Excellent and Most Noble Order of the Thistle Governor General of British North America and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over Our Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the Island of Prince Edward and Vice Admiral of the same &c &c &c At Toronto this fourth day of July in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty one and in the fifteenth year of Our Reign.

Wm. Baldwin
Atty. G.

By Command

W. S. S.
S. S.



Bruce • 132 King St. West • Toronto

Judge Finkle



Court House



VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, **Queen**,
Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Trusty and Well Beloved Lieutenant Colonel James Ingersoll, — — — GREETING:

Reposing especial confidence in your Loyalty, Courage, and Good Conduct, We do hereby constitute and appoint you, during Our Royal pleasure, to be Lieutenant Colonel in the Reserve Militia of the Regimental Division of the South Riding of Oxford (Province of Ontario) of Our Dominion of Canada, taking rank and precedence in the Reserve Militia of the said Regimental Division from the twelfth day of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine, and in the Reserve Militia of Our Dominion, from the twelfth day of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

You are therefore carefully and diligently to discharge the duty of Lieutenant Colonel in the said Militia, and you are to observe and follow all such orders and directions as you shall from time to time receive from Us, or any other of your Superior Officers, according to Law.

Given at our City of Ottawa, this twenty third day of February in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and in the thirty third year of Our Reign.

In Witness whereof Our Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable Sir JOHN YOUNG, Baronet, One of Our Most Honorable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Our Governor General of Canada, hath hereunto set his hand and seal, the day and year last above mentioned, at Ottawa aforesaid.

By Command,

Geo. M. Leattus

Minister of Militia and Defence.

R. Robertson-Ross Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia.

No. 5.



BEV



JANE



JOHN

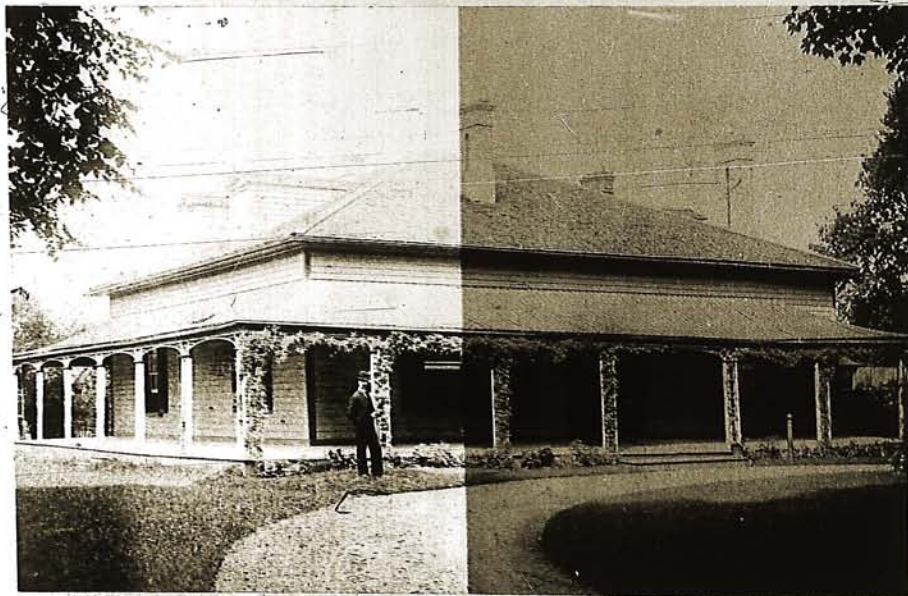


TOM

James Ingersoll & Sons



GEORGE



George Ingersoll of Eustis, one of thrifty orange growers of Lake county, was in the city yesterday, returning from a trip to Canada and the provinces. — Times Union, 23d inst. He arrived in Eustis safely Saturday morning. There is a good deal of the nabob about George—a summer home in Canada and one for the winter in Florida.

JAMES INGERSOLL HOME
175 VANSITTART AVE.
HOODSTOCK, ONTARIO.

"ORIGINAL" PICTURE GIVEN TO PRESENT OWNER, DR. GORDON BROWN.

27 22

To James Ingersoll Esq^{re}

REGISTRAR of the COUNTY of OXFORD,

§. §. §.

Sir, As soon as it became generally known that you were about to retire from the management of the Gore Bank in this place, one common feeling seemed to pervade all classes of the community - a desire to avail themselves of an opportunity so favorable for presenting you with a Testimonial of their respect and esteem.

The Committee to whom was entrusted the pleasing task of selecting that Testimonial, have now the very great pleasure and satisfaction of requesting your acceptance of this Service of State, which they trust you will receive at the hands of the contributors as a mark of the very high estimation in which you are held by the Inhabitants of this Town and County, as well as a proof of their appreciation, of those many amiable and sterling qualities which have ever characterized your conduct both in public and private life.

We beg to assure you that it is the earnest and sincere wish of the contributors, in which each Member of the Committee most heartily joins, that you and your amiable family may enjoy a long life of prosperity and unalloyed happiness.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

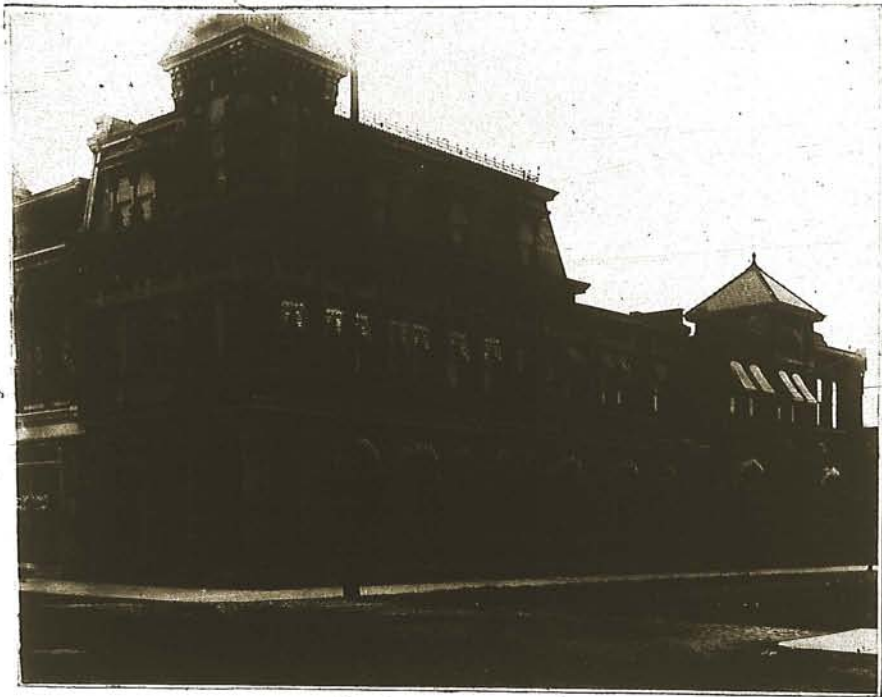
Jordan Charles, Chairman,
James Kintrea,
Charles de Blaquiere,
David S. McQueen,
John McIntyre,
Hugh McKinnon,

James Carrall,
William Grey,
George Forbes,
John Andrew,
Henry Frizelle,
John Turquand.

Chas. Beush
Secretary and Treasurer.

Woodstock C.W. AD 1860.

of Exuits, one of
ers of Lake county,
esterday, returning
and the prov-
on, 23d inst.
Exuits safely Satur-
here is a good deal
at George - a sum-
ada and one for the



MILSON Bank

CI
1881



CANADA.

School of Military Instruction,

February 20th 1872.

SECOND CLASS CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned, Commandant of the School of Military Instruction at Toronto (Province of Ontario) established under the provisions of the "Act respecting the Militia and Defence of the Dominion of Canada," for the purpose of enabling Officers of Militia or Candidates for Commissions or promotion in the Militia to perfect themselves in a knowledge of their Military duties, drill and discipline, do hereby certify that Ensign James A. Ingham, 2^d Battⁿ of the Regimental Division of North Riding of Oxford has attended said School of Military Instruction, and has proved himself to my satisfaction able to command a Company at Battalion Drill, to Drill a Company at "Company Drill," and that he has acquired a competent acquaintance with the internal economy of a Company and the duties of a Company's Officer, and that he is therefore qualified under Paragraph 96, of "The Regulations and Orders for the Active Militia, the Schools of Military Instruction, and the Reserve Militia (in the cases therein mentioned), of the Dominion of Canada, 1870" to hold a "**SECOND CLASS**" Certificate which is hereby granted.

Wm. Lewis Col. R. A. G. 29. 1872
 Commandant, School of Military Instruction, Toronto

[No. 22]



PROVINCE OF CANADA.

School of Military Instruction,

Toronto, March 17th 1874

FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned, Commandant of the School of Military Instruction at Toronto, established by Militia General Order of 9th Dec. 1870 under the provisions of the Militia Act of 1868 for the purpose of enabling Officers of Militia or Candidates for Commissions or promotion in the Militia to perfect themselves in a knowledge of their Military duties, drill and discipline, do hereby certify that Ensign James A. Ingham, 2^d Battⁿ has attended said School of Military Instruction, and has proved himself to my satisfaction able to drill and handle a Battalion in the field and has acquired a competent acquaintance with the internal economy of a Battalion, and that he is qualified under the provisions of the said General Order to hold a "**FIRST CLASS**" Certificate, which is hereby granted.

Regimental Division of North Riding of Oxford

Wm. Lewis Col. R. A. G. 29. 1874
 Commandant, School of Military Instruction, Toronto

Oxford Lodge No. 76,

A. F. & A. M.



Woodstock, Feb. 24, 1885.

Dear Sir and Brother:
The W. M. requests your presence at the Lodge Rooms on

THURSDAY AFTERNOON

at 1:30 o'clock sharp for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother,

BEVERLY INGERSOLL.

which takes place at 2:30 o'clock.

H. E. SPROAT, G. M. W. M.
Geo. Whitt, Sec. King Solomon's Lodge.
A. E. BALL, J. W. M.
Jas. Luckwell, W. M. King Solomon's Lodge.



J. B. R. Ingersoll

BAD ACCIDENT AND DEATH

Beverly Ingersoll has his Leg Broken and Dies of his Injuries

While we were going to press on Thursday night last week a very sad accident occurred at the toboggan slide at the 11th line bridge, west of the town. The evening was a delightful one, and the attendance of pleasure seekers larger than ever before during the winter, the number from town being increased by a large party of visitors from Ingersoll. The slide was in perfect order and the toboggans swept down it in regular succession, those guiding them little thinking of danger. All went well until a little after eight o'clock. Then a young lady was thrown from her seat at the foot of the hill—Young Mr. Ingersoll and many others were standing by. He at once stepped across the course of the slide to rescue her. Before he reached her she had been carried off by Mr. Chas. Clark, just an instant before another toboggan with a party of three swept past. The young lady's life was probably saved. The toboggan struck Mr. Ingersoll with terrific force, breaking his leg in a number of places below the knee. Another toboggan followed too quickly to be turned aside and the occupants of both were thrown violently together. Several of them received injuries more or less severe. Miss Perry had one side of her face and an ankle badly bruised. D. M. Rice had one leg severely hurt. P. McLaughlin was injured about the head so as to be unconscious during part of the time. He at once conveyed to their homes and everything possible done for them.

The following morning showed that the injuries of Mr. Ingersoll were the only ones really dangerous. For him universal sympathy went out. From the first it was felt that his chances of living were small. The break was a very bad one, and the shock to his system severe. On Saturday he seemed very well, but on Sunday took a turn for the worse. He died about ten o'clock on Monday evening after acute suffering.

Mr. Ingersoll's death has made a profoundly painful impression in town and throughout the country. He was widely known and well liked by everyone. He had a kindly, unobtrusive manner and generous social qualities that made him a favorite among his acquaintances. In society, in the volunteer force, in athletic sports, and in the registry office since he attained manhood, he had been brought in contact with thousands of people who will deeply mourn his untimely and altogether sad death, and will extend to his family, the venerable Registrar of the county, and his family the profoundest sympathy in their affliction.

Mr. Ingersoll was a member of Oxford Masonic Lodge, was Lieutenant of No. 1 company and Adjutant of the 29th Batt., Oxford B. R.

In connection with his sad death the fact is recalled that this is the second member of Col. Ingersoll's family who has been removed by accidental death. He was a younger brother of the late George Ingersoll, who was killed at the battle of Gettysburg. He died on the 11th line bridge within a short distance of the spot where Beverly met his death. Beverly, a younger brother of the late George, now in Florida, describing a severe accident that he had met with in the house—which was blown down by a storm, he himself lying unconscious for six hours, but happily recovering from his injuries.

THE FUNERAL

Mr. Ingersoll was buried yesterday afternoon at two-thirty o'clock, the funeral being one of the largest and most impressive ever seen in Woodstock. It was under Masonic auspices, the Volunteer and the Amateur Athletic Association co-operating with the order. The procession was formed at the house, from which the body was conveyed to New St. Paul's church. Here a most impressive service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Hill, the musical services being under the direction of Prof. Garrett, of Bradford. The church was filled to overflowing, great numbers being unable to obtain admittance. After the services the procession re-formed and proceeded by Dundas street and Riddell street to the cemetery—where the hat, sash and staff, and beautiful rites were performed. The order of the procession was as follows:

The first party, thirty strong, the Band of the 29th Battalion and the Woodstock Band, twenty and twenty-two strong. The Woodstock Amateur Athletic Association, numbering about one hundred, wearing their banners with distinctive insignia.

The Masons, over one hundred and fifty. The Hearse with eighteen pall bearers, equal numbers from the Masons, W. A. A. and Volunteers; also military.

Home of the Deceased.

The Chief Mourners.

The Volunteer and Amateur Athletic Association.

The Corporation, Grand High School, and many other organizations.

A long procession on foot had in one reference. Out of respect to the deceased all places of business were closed from two to four o'clock.

DEATH OF BEVERLY INGERSOLL

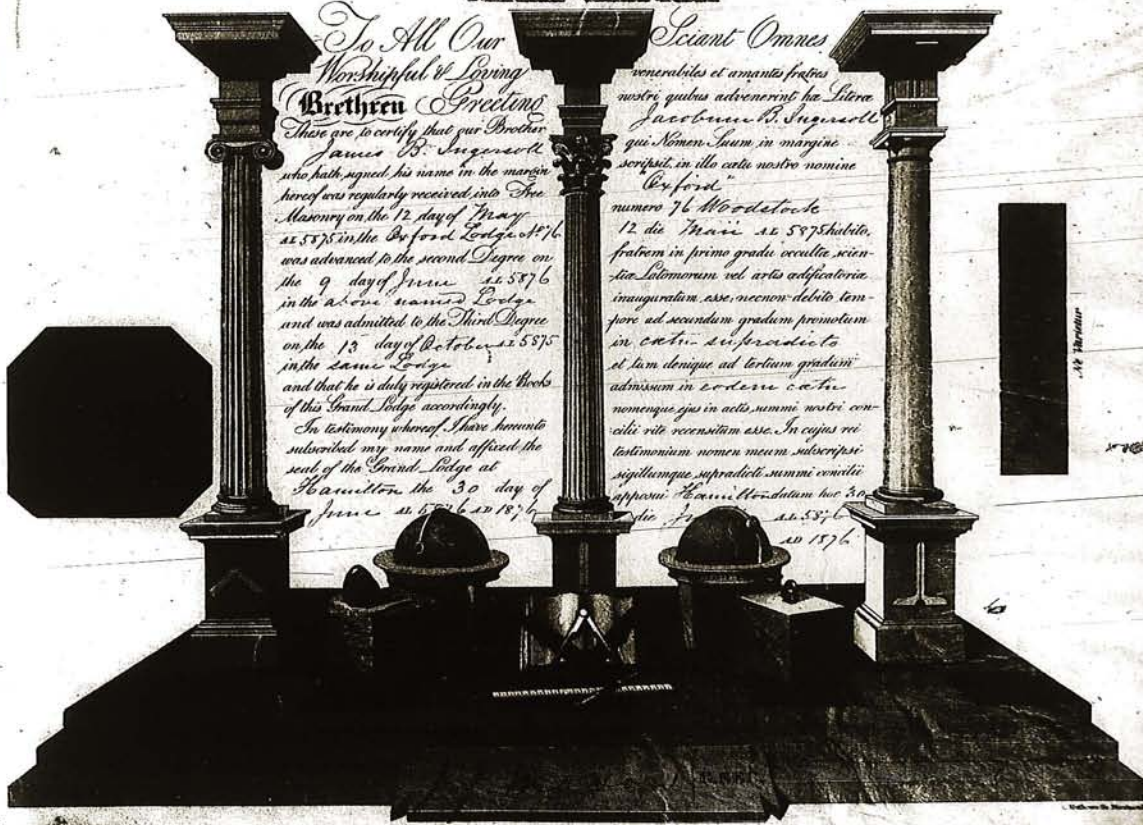
A sad accident, which has resulted fatally, occurred at the toboggan slide of the Woodstock Athletic Association on Thursday evening last. There was a large number of visitors looking on as well as a goodly number enjoying the ride down the slide, when one of the toboggans sweeping rapidly down captured its load, a young lady riding off Beverly Ingersoll at once went to her aid, and while endeavoring to get her off the slide and out of the way of the first descending toboggan, he was struck full force by one of the heavily laden toboggans, breaking his leg in four or five places. He was at once conveyed to hospital. He was at once conveyed to hospital, and all medical aid summoned, and all possible skill used to alleviate his pain. The serious and a ghastly case. He died on Monday morning, his relatives having been informed of the fatal result. Mr. Ingersoll was immediately his injuries. On Monday night information was published from home to home, that one of the young men of the Woodstock Athletic Association, and that name Beverly Ingersoll, had met with a fatal accident. On Monday night information was published from home to home, that one of the young men of the Woodstock Athletic Association, and that name Beverly Ingersoll, had met with a fatal accident. On Monday night information was published from home to home, that one of the young men of the Woodstock Athletic Association, and that name Beverly Ingersoll, had met with a fatal accident. On Monday night information was published from home to home, that one of the young men of the Woodstock Athletic Association, and that name Beverly Ingersoll, had met with a fatal accident. On Monday night information was published from home to home, that one of the young men of the Woodstock Athletic Association, and that name Beverly Ingersoll, had met with a fatal accident.



Funeral of Adjt. J. B. Ingersoll 1885



James Kirkpatrick, Esquire,
GRAND MASTER



To All Our
Worshipful & Loving
Brethren & Sisters

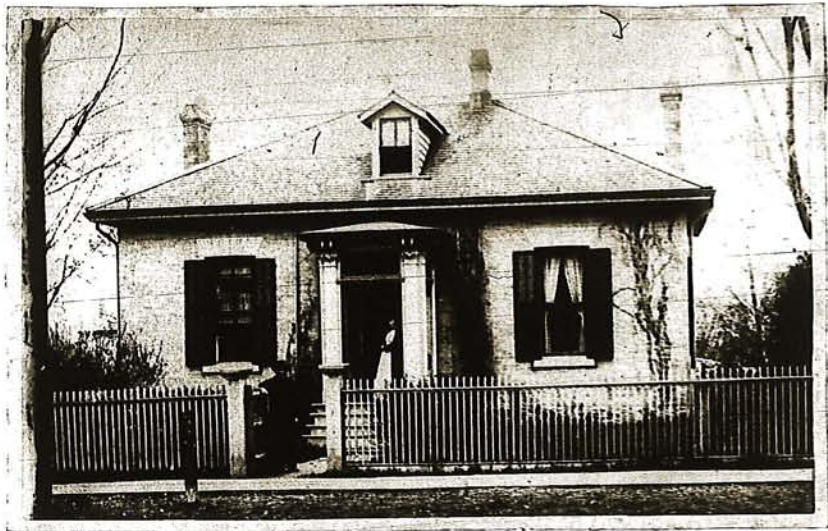
These are to certify that our Brother
James B. Sugrue
who hath signed his name in the margin
hereof was regularly received into Free
Masonry on the 12 day of May
1857 in the Bedford Lodge No. 16
was advanced to the second Degree on
the 9 day of June 1857
in the above named Lodge
and was admitted to the Third Degree
on the 13 day of October 1857
in the same Lodge
and that he is duly registered in the books
of this Grand Lodge accordingly.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto
subscribed my name and affixed the
seal of the Grand Lodge at
Hamilton the 30 day of
June 1857

Scient Omnes

venerabiles et amantes fratres
nostri quibus advenirent haec Litterae
Jacobum B. Sugrue
qui nomen suum in margine
scripsit in illo actu nostro nomine
Bedford
numero 76 Woodstock
12 die Maii 1857 habito
fratrem in primo gradu occultae scien-
tiae Solomonicae vel artis edificatoriae
inauguratum esse necnon debito tem-
pore ad secundum gradum promotum
in eodem loco praedicto
et iam denique ad tertium gradum
admissum in eodem loco
nomenque eius in actis summi nostri con-
cilio rite recensitum esse. In cuius rei
testimonium nomen meum subscripsi
sigillumque supradicti summi concilii
apposui. Haec testatum hoc 30
die Junii 1857





Our Home 1893 46 Wellington St.
WOODSTOCK, ONT



Home of J.M. Ferguson (in Montreal) 1880-1889

Toe All Our
Worshipful & Loving
Brethren Greeting

These presents of our Brother
Solus M. Ingersoll
who hath signall his name in the many
times of our regular & occasional Free
Masonry in the 9th place of the plaques
of 1787 on the first of the said Lodge that
was advanced to the second Degree
on the 6th day of August 1787
in the above named Lodge
and was admitted to the Third Degree
on the 14th day of May 1787
in the same Lodge
and that he is duly registered in the Books
of this Grand Lodge accordingly.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto
subscribed my name and affixed the
seal of the Grand Lodge at
Montreal the 23rd day of
September 1787 A.D. 1787



Suam Omnes

memorables et amants freres
nostre qui sus admonitione Salom
Solus M. Ingersoll
que Notum Sumi in margine
scriptum in illo castro in nomine
Montreal
numere 25 Reg 221
1 die Septembri 1787 habito
fratrem in primo gradu conatus inen-
tia. Latet enim pro huius antea
inauguratione plurimum fuerit tem-
poris ad seipsum in primis principem
in castro in huius die
et tam perque de legum gradum
admissionem eodem castro
nonaque qui in actis summi nostri
conati rite recensum esse. In actis rei
tae monumentum non in maium subscripsi
sigillumque se tradidi summi conati
affixi. Montreal datam hoc 23
die Septembris 1787
A.D. 1787

M. Ingersoll

Secretarius

John H. Ingersoll
Grand Secy

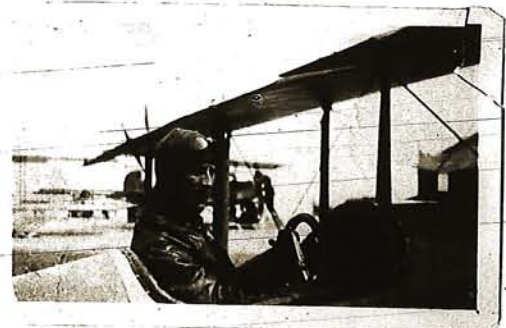
3rd December 1890

13

Mr. Ingersoll has been making his
studies in the mathematics of Mr.
J. A. Hall, M. A. of Cambridge the work
has been published in the Journal of
the Royal Society of London. Mr. Ingersoll
has also been making his studies in
the mathematics of Mr. J. A. Hall, M. A.
of Cambridge the work has been published
in the Journal of the Royal Society of
London. Mr. Ingersoll has also been
making his studies in the mathematics
of Mr. J. A. Hall, M. A. of Cambridge
the work has been published in the
Journal of the Royal Society of London.



LESLIE HALL INGERSOLL
MAY 30, 1892
BRACKVILLE, ONTARIO



L.H. INGERSOLL - Model Jenny JN-4
CURTISS FIELD
NEWPORT NEWS, VIRGINIA, U.S.A.
1916



UPPER CANADA COLLEGE
TORONTO 195, CANADA

3rd December 1890

13
The following is a list of the names of the members of the Aero Club of America, as published in the issue of the 3rd of December 1890. The names are given in the order in which they appear in the original list. The names of the members are given in the order in which they appear in the original list. The names of the members are given in the order in which they appear in the original list.



LESLIE HALL INGERSOLL

MAY 30, 1892

BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO



L.H. INGERSOLL - Model "Jenny" J
CURTISS FIELD
NEWPORT NEWS, VIRGINIA, U.S.A.
1916

FEDERATION AERONAUTIQUE INTERNATIONALE
AERO CLUB OF AMERICA
No. 689.

The above-named Club, recognized by the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale, as the governing authority for the United States of America, certifies that

Leslie H. Ingersoll
born 30th of May, 1892
has fulfilled all the conditions required by the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale for an aviator pilot, and is brevetted as such.

Dated May 24th 1916
Alfred P. S. ...
Harvard University ...

Signature of pilot:
L. H. Ingersoll

PER CANADA COLLEGE
TORONTO 196, CANADA



In Grateful Memory

OF THESE TRIED CITIZENS & TRUE MEN

Who strive for Justice for all and earnestly striving
That Equitable Rights should be Denied to None
In their lives while in the Discharge of their Public Duties.

...hood name,
...draw near,
...dier,
...be all-unsaid
...time

...who first sign above
...each spirit comes
...in this hour of woe
...Thy strength unto each bestow,
Let the white-winged, holy EVANGEL OF
...well in the sorrowing homes. [LOVE

(2)
Mourn with the widow'd hearts,
Though slight may avail your tears,
No grief hath power to assuage
When tumultuous sorrows rage;
When the light and stay of the home departs
In the golden flush of the years.

(3)
Weep where the children weep,
And the sobbing orphans moan;
Thy love may win hope again
In the darkness and the pain,
In the gloom of despair thy trust may keep,
'Till the way of the Lord is known.

(5)
Heal thou the wounded hearts,
Give peace for the crucial pain;
Let light flash athwart the tomb
Show thy pitying face in the gloom,
Bring to all the trust which Thy grace
When the gifts of faith sustain. [imparts

(6)
Theirs was a knightly zeal,
Now they rest neath the daisied sod,
While the psalter's requiem rolls,
And the solemn bellry tolls.
Their lives were a gift for the public weal,
Let them rest, for they sleep in God.

L. A. M. - "The Star," Toronto, 1890.



THE GREAT NORTH WESTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY
OF CANADA

St. Louis July 27th 1889
The St. Louis Express running east on the main line
of S.W. Div. of the S.F. Ry. met with a terrible accident
passing the iron bridge here tonight the driving car first
class car & Pullman went over the bridge the first two
mentioned were crowded & crashed down sixty feet & all
who were not killed outright are badly mangled. Eleven
are killed among whom are C. W. Francis & Mayor
Robert J. Wood, both of St. Louis. Councilor J. Woodstock
& H. H. Brown, one of the injured
are of many others.



3rd December 1890

LETTER FROM
 THE HON. MR. JUSTICE
 OF THE SUPREME COURT
 OF CANADA

15



LESLIE HALL INGERSOLL
 MAY 30, 1892
 BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO



L.H. INGERSOLL - MODEL "JENNY"
 CURTISS FIELD
 NEWPORT NEWS, VIRGINIA, U.S.A.
 1916



UPPER CANADA COLLEGE
 TORONTO 198, CANADA

LIST OF PUPILS FOR SESSION 1870-71.
LEAVING FORM VI. WITH HONOURS UPON EXAMINATION.

CLASSICS	MATHEMATICS	ENGLISH	FRENCH	HIST. AND GEOG.
CLASS I. Elliott, J. W.	CLASS I. Harstone, L. Elliott, J. W.	CLASS I. Harstone, L. Snider, D. M. Elliott, J. W. Cameron, I. H. Kerr, F. W. Aikins, J. A. M.	CLASS I. Elliott, J. W. Kerr, F. W. Cameron, I. H. Snider, D. M. Sprunt, J. D. Aikins, J. A. M.	CLASS I. Elliott, J. W. Cameron, I. H. Aikins, J. A. M. Kerr, F. W.
CLASS II. Cameron, I. H. Kerr, F. W. Snider, D. M. Harstone, L. Aikins, J. A. M. Sprunt, J. D.	CLASS II. Armstrong, J. Aikins, J. A. M.	CLASS II. Sprunt, J. D. Sills, E. C. Armstrong, J.	CLASS II. Harstone, L. Sills, E. C.	CLASS II. Sprunt, J. D. Snider, D. M. Armstrong, J. Harstone, L.
CLASS III. Sills, E. C.	CLASS III. Snider, D. M. Cameron, I. H.		CLASS III. Armstrong, J.	CLASS III.

PROMOTED WITH HONOUR UPON EXAMINATION.

I A. to II.	I B to II.	II A to III.	II B to III.	III to IV.	III to IV.	IV to V.	V. to VI.	VI. FORM.
Winans, F.	Plummer, F.	Williams, A. J.	Sutherland, A.	Shepherd, R.	Leonard, C. W.	Elliott, J. W.	Egger, W. H.	Elliott, J. W.
Freeland, E. B.	Virtue, G. F.	Griffiths, J.	Wright, A.	Keys, D. R.	Ingersoll, J. M.	Wedd, W.	Darling, F.	Saifer, D. M.
Hague, L.	Winter, M.	Walker, C. H.	Plummer, A. E.	Scatcherd, E.	Draper, W. H.	Mowat, W. G.	Langton, W. A.	
Fraser, J. A.	Yorston, A.	Rochester, J. E.	Graham, G. M.	Thompson, J. H.	Conolly, E. G. W.	Ponton, W. X.	Atkinson, E.	
Ross, A. G.	Mills, J.	Crickmore, E.	Littlejohn, W. A.	Brown, J. F.	Mortimer, T.	Pateron, J. A.	McKeown, J. G.	
Thompson, W.	Shanly, F. J.	Dunning, H.	Mackay, J.	Nanton, H. W.	Miller, C.	McKenzie, W.	Fletcher, W. A.	
Hall, Jno. J.	Whitney, A. H.	Coate, H. J.	Reid, E.	McCauley, C. C.	Coate, C. B.	Spence, A. W.	Bowen, E. A.	
Palmer, S.	Boomer, A. H.	Littlejohn, J.	McMichael, J.	Snider, A. F.	Clarkson, G. H.	Aikins, H. W.	Hodgins, F. E.	
Weld, G.	McAndrew, J.	Wood, E. M.	Monckton, A.	Reynolds, J.	Ford, W.	Campbell, A. T.	Morphy, H. E.	
Picken, Jas.	Allan, G.	Dunbar, F. J.	Sheard, C.	Richards, S. O.	Wood, M. R.	Thompson, P. X.	Kirkland, I. B.	
Virtue, H.	Jarvis, G. H.	Morrison, A.	McCrae, W.	Hague, D.	Bacon, A. H.	Brown, E. B.	Morrison, C.	Harstone, L.
Williams, T. M.	Shanly, C. W.	Graham, H.	Lawrence, J. W.	Carruthers, J.	George, H. M.	Wright, W. A.	Small, A. H.	Sprunt, J. D.
Eaton, J. P.	Crawford, E. S.	Park, T. J.	Griffith, W. N.	Vickers, J. A. D.	Moore, E. D.	Reynolds, E. E.	Richardson, E. D.	Cameron, I. H.
Morrison, S.	Garner, E. E.	Ross, J.	Kirkland, R.	Reid, W. J.	Cumming, E.	Clary, W. W.	McKay, D.	Kerr, F. W.
Birch, Jasper	Beathmore, A.	McGowan, J. H.	Lumsden, W. J.	Laley, C.	Austin, A. W.	Henwood, A. J.	McTaggart, A. W.	Aikins, J. A. M.
Robinson, W. P.	McDonald, G. S.	Weld, J. C.	James, P. L.	McDonald, E. C.	DeLaporte, A. V.	Brooks, G. H. C.	Fraser, J. H.	Armstrong, J.
Reel, F. E.	McAndrew, D.	Prentice, W. A.	Clements, W.	McMurrich, J. B.	Moffatt, F. C.	Skead, E. S.	Crozier, J. L. C.	
Strathy, G. H.	Williams, J. A.	Angell, G.	Dewson, G. D.	Moffatt, F. C.	James, A.	Bykert, W. A. P.		
Irving, Chas.	Sorley, J. B.	Cassels, L.	Perkins, H.	Thompson, C. W.	Dick, A. C.	Elliott, P. F.		
Griffiths, W. A.	Irving, A. M.	Evans, G. E.	Shepherd, N.	Warwick, G.	Dunsmuir, W. F.	Cayley, F. O.	McDonnell, C.	
Ridwin, H. G.	Carter, J.	Smith, G. C.	Shepherd, S.	Tempest, G. L.	Crozier, J. H.	McKay, D.	Whitley, E.	
I A. to I B.	Clements, W.	Arthur, T.	Kennedy, F.	Boulton, H. B.	James, C.	McTaggart, A. W.	Weller, H. B.	
Brooke, D. O.	Robbins, F. C.	Grinnell, J. E.	Moore, C.	Freeland, A.	Rogers, C. H.	McDonnell, F. W.	Hall, C. R.	
Denny, James	Garner, W.	McGregor, W. J.	Griffith, F. D.	Lepan, J.	Daly, P.	McIntyre, D. S.	Spreat, A.	
Denison, E. E.	Skelton, L. G.	Knowlton, T. F. C.	Crawford, A.	Campbell, A. D.	Griffith, J. C.	Hay, J. D.	Byker, G. U.	
Not Classd.	Denison, S.	Anderson, W.	Brown, H. W.	Snider, G. W.	Sheppard, M.	Merritt, W. H.	Jarvis, T. S.	
Pares, E. de B.	Sorley, W. F.	James, W. J.	Burns, I.	Bethune, A.	Richardson, M.	Fidler, H. H.	Smith, D. I.	
Sanson, J.	Rutherford, E. C.	Capron, F. C.	Sharpe, T. H.	Brown, A. P.	Ridout, W.	Fidler, H. H.	Smith, D. I.	
Winter, G. H.	Cox, F. W.	Donaldson, E.	Damer, W. A.	Buchan, J. H.	Anderson, C. E.	Colwell, W. W.	Cross, G. H.	
Wright, J. G.	Atkinson, W. H.	Eyler, T. E.	Apperson, M.	Not classd.	Anderson, W.	Not classd.	Not classd.	
Day, C.	Holwell, F.	Crocker, P. O.	Cayley, H.	English, W.	Waddell, J.	Dickinson, W.	Darling, W.	
	Cleland, H.	Rogers, T. A.	Lauder, W. W.	Anderson, R.	Adae, W.	Adae, L.	Kennedy, R.	
		Dunsmuir, C.	Fleming, J. B.	Ross, D. A.	Williams, E.	Williams, E.	English, E.	
		Denison, A. R.	Fitch, W. C.	Gilson, G. S.	Warwick, W.	Rathbours, W.	Crocker, H.	
		Not Classd.	Clare, T. J.	Ferran, H. T.	Boyd, G.	Boyd, G.	Inglis, R. M.	
		Drouillard, F. J.	Adae, F.	Grumwater, H.	Robbins, H.	Robbins, H.	Kirkpatrick, J.	
		Denison, H.	Megann, F.	Nation, W.	Holden, A.	Holden, A.	Crocker, A. M.	
			Gleland, J.	Anderson, H.	Cowdry, J.	Cowdry, J.	Dack, R.	
					Kerr, A.	Kerr, A.	Treadwell, F. M.	
					Lee, G. M.	Lee, G. M.	Phillips, F. H.	
					Heim, C. J.	Heim, C. J.	Day, W. H.	
					Moore, J. T.	Moore, J. T.	Lee, G. M.	
					Robinson, F. A.	Robinson, F. A.	Moore, J. T.	

N.B.—The names are placed in order of merit. Those with an asterisk (*) prefixed to their names were promoted with honor in the earlier parts of the year, owing to their rapid progress. Those below the single line are promoted without honor. Those below the double line, as well as those below the single line, will be promoted with honor in the next session of the College, in September 1st.

Duplicates sent to U.C.C.
+ prizelist of 1870

Upper Canada College.
PRIZE LIST, 1871.

- I. His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor's Prize.....ELLIOTT, J. W.
- II. THE CLASSICAL.....ELLIOTT, J. W.
- III. THE MATHEMATICAL.....HARSTONE, L.
- IV. THE MODERN LANGUAGES.....ELLIOTT, J. W.

I. PRIZES FOR GENERAL PROFICIENCY DURING THE YEAR IN

V. FORM.	IV. FORM.	III. FORM, MODERN.	III. FORM, CLASSICAL.	II. FORM, DIV. B.	II. FORM, DIV. A.	I. FORM, DIV. B.	I. FORM, DIV. A.
*Bigger, W. H.	*Ridout, T.	Leonard, C. W.	*Shepherd, R.	*Sutherland, A.	*Williams, A. J.	*Plummer, F.	Winans, F.
Darling, F.	*Wedd, W.	*Ingersoll, J. M.	Keys, D. R.	Wright, A.	Griffiths, J. A.	Virtue, G. E.	Freeland, E. B.
*Langton, W. A.	Mowat, W. G.	Draper, W. H.	Scatcherd, E.	Plummer, A. E.	Walker, C. H. D.	*Winter, M.	Hague, E.
Atkinson, E.	*Ponton, W. S.	Conolly, E. G. W.	Thompson, J. H.	Graham, G. M.	Rochester, J. E.	Yorston, A.	Fraser, J. A.
	*Pateron, J. A.	Mortimer, T.	*Brown, J. F.	Littlejohn, W. A.	Crickmore, E.	Mills, J.	*Ross, A. G.
*McKeown, J. G.	Brown, E. B.	Skead, E. S.	Nanton, H. W.	Mackay, T.	Dunning, H.	Shanly, F. J.	Thompson, W.
*Hodgins, F. E.	*Spence, A. W.	Miller, C.	McCauley, C. C.	Reid, E.	Coate, H. J.	Whitney, A. H.	Palmer, S.
Richardson, E. P.	McKenzie, W.	Clarkson, G. H.	Reynolds, J. P.	McMichael, J.	Littlejohn, J.	Boomer, H.	Weld, G.
Kirkland, I. B.	Bykert, W. A. P.	Bacon, A. H.	Reid, W. J.	Monckton, A.	*Wood, E. M.	McAndrew, J.	Picken, Jas.
Abraham, R. H.	Reynolds, E. E.	George, H. M.	Lally, C.	Sheard, C.	Dunbar, F.	Crawford, E. S.	Virtue, H. S.
	Ridout, P. F. J.	Cumming, R.	Thompson, C. W.	Kirkland, R.	Graham, J. H.		
	McKay, D.			Park, T. J.	Ross, J.		
	McTaggart, A. W.			McGivern, J. C.	Weld, J. C.		

SPECIAL PRIZES.

GRAMMAR.	MATHEMATICS.
Awarded for the best knowledge of the Grammars taught in the various Forms; English, Latin, French, Greek and German being optional.	Open to Form V. and all below.....McKeown, J. G.
Open to whole College.....Elliott, J. W.	" IV. Form and all below.....Pateron, J. A.
V. Form.....Bigger, W. H.	" III. Form Modern and all below (Arithmetic).....Ingersoll, J. M.
IV. Form.....Ponton, W. S.	" III. Classical and all below.....Shepherd, R.
III. Form, Modern.....Coate, C. B.	WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, ENGLISH AND ARITHMETIC.
III. Form, Classical.....Shepherd, R.	English Department, Forms IV. and V.....Clary, W. W.
II. Form, Div. B.....Sutherland, A.	IV. Form—Writing.....Spence, A. W.
II. Form, Div. A.....Williams, A. J.	III. ".....Brown, J. F., Div. A.
I. Form, Div. B.....Plummer, F.	II. ".....Clements, W., " B.
I. Form, Div. A.....Ross, A. G.	I. ".....Winter, M., " "

ENGLISH COMPOSITION.

VI. Form.....Cameron, I. H.
V. ".....Bigger, W. H.
IV. ".....Campbell, A. T.
III. " Div. B.....Coate, C. B.
III. " " A.....Reid, W. J.
II. " " B.....Sheard, C.
II. " " A.....Coate, H. J.

Those Pupils with an asterisk (*) to their names also receive special prizes. The number of asterisks shows the number of these prizes.

II.—HONOURS FOR SPECIAL PROFICIENCY DURING THE YEAR IN

FORM.	SCRIPTURE.	LATIN.	LATIN GR. & COMP.	GREEK.	ANC. HIST. & GEOG.	ENG. COMPOSITION.	ENGLISH.	MOD. HISTORY.	MOD. GEOGRAPHY.	ARITHMETIC.	ALGEBRA.	GEOMETRY.	FRENCH.	CHEMISTRY AND PHYSIOLOGY.	GERMAN.	WRITING.	BOOK KEEPING.	FORM.	
VI.	Elliott, J. W. Harstone, L. Aikins, J. A. M.	Elliott, J. W. Snider, D. M. Cameron, I. H.	Elliott, J. W. Cameron, I. H. Snider, D. M.	Elliott, J. W. Snider, D. M. Kerr, F. W.	Elliott, J. W. Sprunt, J. D. Kerr, F. W.	Harstone, L. Snider, D. M. Elliott, J. W.	Sprunt, J. D. Snider, D. M. Cameron, I. H.	Sprunt, J. D. Elliott, J. W. Snider, D. M.	Sprunt, J. D. Elliott, J. W. Kerr, F. W.	Elliott, J. W. Harstone, L. Snider, D. M.	Harstone, L. Elliott, J. W. Armstrong, J.	Elliott, J. W. Aikins, J. A. M. Kerr, F. W.	Elliott, J. W. Snider, D. M. Kerr, F. W.						VI.
V.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Atkinson, R.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Fletcher, W. A.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Doering, F.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. McKeown, J. G.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Doering, F.	Langton, W. A. McKeown, J. G. Fletcher, W. A.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Doering, F.	Langton, W. A. Bigger, W. H. Atkinson, R.	Doering, F. Bigger, W. H. Fraser, J. H.	Bigger, W. H. Atkinson, R. Doering, F.	Bigger, W. H. Atkinson, R. McKeown, J. G.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Doering, F.	Bigger, W. H. Langton, W. A. Doering, F.	Langton, W. A. Bigger, W. H. Atkinson, R.	Bigger, W. H. Doering, F. Langton, W. A.				V.
IV.	Pontou, W. N. Sprague, A. W. Ridout, T.	Ridout, T. Pontou, W. N. Brown, E. B.	Pontou, W. N. Ridout, T. Rykert, W. A. P.	Rykert, W. A. P. Ridout, T. Pontou, W. N.	Rykert, W. A. P. Ridout, T. Sprague, A. W.	Weld, W. Patterson, J. A. McTaggart, A. W.	Ridout, T. Weld, W. Brown, E. B.	Ridout, T. Sprague, A. W. Ridout, P. J. F.	Rykert, W. A. P. Aikins, H. W. Ridout, T.	McTaggart, A. W. Patterson, J. A. McKay, D.	Mowat, W. G. McTaggart, A. W. McKay, D.	Mowat, W. G. Ridout, T. McKay, D.	Ridout, T. Pontou, W. N. Brown, E. B.	Morat, W. G. Ridout, T. Webb, W.	Ridout, T. Mowat, W. G. Webb, W.	Thompson, P. N. Wedd, W. Pontou, W. N.	Clary, W. W. Brooke, G. H. C. Hay, J. D.		IV.
III.	Skread, E. S. Leonard, C. W. Austin, A. W.	Ingersoll, J. M. Draper, W. H. Mortimer, T.		Skread, E. S. Leonard, C. W. Draper, W. H.	Skread, E. S. Leonard, C. W. Draper, W. H.	Ingersoll, J. M. Leonard, C. W. Conolly, R. G. W.	Leonard, C. W. Skread, E. S. Conolly, R. G. W.	Ingersoll, J. M. Skread, E. S. Mortimer, T.	Ingersoll, J. M. Leonard, C. W. Conolly, R. G. W.	Ingersoll, J. M. Leonard, C. W. Conolly, R. G. W.	Leonard, C. W. Ingersoll, J. M. Conolly, R. G. W.	Cumming, R. Coats, C. B. Sheppard, M.	Ingersoll, J. M. Coats, C. B. Mortimer, T.	Conolly, R. G. W. Ingersoll, J. M. Clarkson, G. H.		Rogers, C. H. James, A. Ingersoll, J. M.	Ford, W. Conolly, R. G. W. Wood, M. B.		III.
III.	Snider, A. Freeland, A. Scatcherd, E.	Shepherd, B. McCauley, C. Boulton, H. R.	Shepherd, B. Scatcherd, E. Keys, D.	Brown, J. F. Keys, D. Thompson, J. H.	Keys, D. Shepherd, B. Thompson, J. H.	Shepherd, B. Le Pan, J. R. Thompson, J. H.	McDonald, C. Shepherd, B. Scatcherd, E.	Nanton, H. Reynolds, J. Brown, J. F.	Keys, D. Reynolds, J. Shepherd, B.	Le Pan, J. R. Shepherd, B. Thompson, J. H.	Shepherd, B. Thompson, J. H.	Shepherd, B. McCauley, C. Thompson, J. H.	Scatcherd, E. Keys, D. Brown, J. F.			Thompson, J. H. Scatcherd, E. Boulton, H. R.		III.	
II. B.	Clements, W. Sutherland, A. Lawrence, J. W.	Wright, A. McKay, J. McMichael, J. W.		Sutherland, A. Wright, A. Plummer, A. E.	Wright, A. Graham, G. M. Read, E.	Wright, A. Graham, G. M. Read, E.	Wright, A. Plummer, A. E. Read, E.	Read, E. Sutherland, A. Clements, W.	Wright, A. Littlejohn, W. J. Graham, G. M.	Sutherland, A. McKay, J. Lawrence, J. W.	Sutherland, A. McKay, J. Kennedy, F.		Wright, A. McMichael, J. W. Sutherland, A.		Plummer, A. E. Sutherland, A. Read, E.	Sutherland, A. Plummer, A. E. Lawrence, J. W.		II. B.	
II. A.	Evans, G. E. Williams, A. J. Crickmore, E.	Williams, A. J. Coole, H. J. Griffiths, J.		Williams, A. J. Walker, G. H. D. Crickmore, E.	Williams, A. J. Walker, G. H. D. Rochester, J. E.	Williams, A. J. Walker, G. H. D. Griffiths, J.	Williams, A. J. Walker, G. H. D. Rochester, J. E.	Williams, A. J. Walker, G. H. D. Griffiths, J.	Walker, G. H. D. Parker, T. J. Griffiths, J.	Dunning, H. Crickmore, E. Walker, G. H. D.	Crickmore, E. Walker, G. H. D. Morrison, A.		Ross, J. Williams, A. J. Rochester, J. E.		Williams, A. J. Wood, E. M. Griffiths, J.	Rochester, J. E. Dunning, H. Morrison, A.		II. A.	
I. B.	Mills, J. Yorston, A. Boomer, H.	Virtue, G. Plummer, F. G. Boomer, H.		Virtue, G. McAndrew, J. Plummer, F. G.		Virtue, G. McAndrew, J. Plummer, F. G.	Plummer, F. G. McDonald, G. Allan, G.	Crawford, E. S. Allan, G. Plummer, F. G.	Virtue, G. Plummer, F. G. Yorston, A.	Winter, M. Virtue, G. Mills, J.	Virtue, G. Mills, J.		Plummer, F. G. McDonald, G. Irving, A. M.		Winter, M. Plummer, F. G. Virtue, G.	Yorston, A. Shanly, C.		I. B.	
I. A.	Freeland, E. B. Picken, J. Fraser, J. A.	Ross, A. G. Hague, L. Freeland, E. B.		Freeland, E. B. Winans, F. S. Hague, L.	Freeland, E. B. Winans, F. S. Hague, L.	Freeland, E. B. Winans, F. S. Hague, L.	Fraser, J. A. Winans, F. S. Hague, L.	Palmer, S. F. Winans, F. S. Freeland, E. B.	Freeland, E. B. Winans, F. S. Wedd, G. M.	Winans, F. S. Picken, J. Hall, J. I.	Winans, F. S. Picken, J. Hall, J. I.		Freeland, E. B. Birch, J. S. P. Palmer, S. F.		Freeland, E. B. Hall, J. I. Fraser, J. A.	Ross, A. G. Hague, L. Winans, F.		I. A.	

COLLEGE PRIZES.

DRAWING.....	Vickers, J. A. D. } Parker, T. J. }
PAINTING.....	Hodgins, F. E.
FENCING.....	Brooke, G. H. C. Brooke, D. O.
GYMNASTICS—1. (Open to whole College).....	Boulton, H. R. Wood, E. }
2. (Open to boys below 15 years of age).....	Boulton, H. R. Wood, E. }
3. (Open to 1st Form).....	Brooke, D. O.

College Boarding-House.

GOOD CONDUCT.....	Sector Division.....	Morrison, C. Hewson, A. J.
".....	Juxton Do.....	Kirkland, R. Parker, T. J.

College Exhibitions.

V. Form 1st.....	Bigger, W. H. } McKeown, J. G. }	U. C. College.
" 2nd.....	Hodgins, F. E.	Orangeville Grammar School and
" 4th.....	Langton, W. A.	" " "
IV. 1st.....	Pontou, W. N.	Private Tutor and
" 2nd.....	Ridout, T.	" " "
" 3rd.....	Wedd, W.	" " "
" 4th.....	Reynolds, R. E.	" " "

These Exhibitions are open to the whole Province, and the Examinations are conducted entirely by Gentlemen unconnected with the College. This year Rev. Professor Ambery, Trinity College; Rev. Professor Young, Knox College; A. Campbell, B.A., University of Toronto; Dr. Aikins, and R. E. Kingsford, M. A., conducted the examinations respectively in Classics, Mathematics, Chemistry, Physiology, and Modern Languages.

L.H.Z.
CURTIS
NEWPORT

Members of Famous Ingersoll Family

Feb. 19, 1926.

Members of Famous Ingersoll Family

Feb. 26, 1926

W. H. MINTYRE HOOD.

The founding of the settlement which afterwards became the town of Ingersoll was by no means the only part which the Ingersoll family played in the history of Upper Canada. As was related in last week's article, Major Thomas Ingersoll, after being deprived of his lands by the government, went to Toronto, where he died at Port Credit in 1812. He left behind him a widow, a number of sons and daughters who were destined to play a large part in the building up of Oxford county.

The eldest of these sons, and the first to become a citizen of great importance, was Charles Ingersoll. Charles Ingersoll was the son of Major Thomas Ingersoll and his third wife, Sarah Whiting, and was born in Great Barrington, Massachusetts, on September 27, 1791. He was but a few years old when he came to Ontario to settle in the first Ingersoll town, which was built on what is now the main street of the town. He was a land in his own right, his father had sold Oxford county, and went to the township of Toronto, and he had reached the age of twenty-one when his father died in 1812. At this time he was employed as clerk in the household of Messrs. Ricey and McCracken, of Queenstown, which at that time was a prosperous border settlement.

Shortly after the death of Major Ingersoll, the war of 1812 with the United States broke out, and the frontier was thrown into a turmoil. Charles Ingersoll was asked to lead a company of militia in the British forces and he did so. Along with William Hagerman, he was in the Battle of the Hoop, W. H. Merritt had led the two men raised a company of dragoons, which was known as the Provisional Light Dragoons. Mr. Merritt was the captain of the company, and Charles Ingersoll was the second in command. After the war, Charles Ingersoll became a prominent citizen of the township of Toronto, and he was one of the founders of the township of East Toronto, which was a great deal of the territory of the township of Toronto. At the outbreak of the war, the British forces were in the hands of the Americans, and the command of the British forces passed into the hands of the Americans. It was in the general command of the British forces with despatches for the command of the forces at the battle of the River Chippewa, in which the British were defeated. It was in the general command of the British forces, and he served until the end of the war, which it was discomfited the soldiers who were in the hands of the Americans.

At the close of the war, as the result of the franchise of the day, Charles Ingersoll had an estate of twelve miles of land, which he sold to the city of St. Catharines. The business, however, did not meet an extraordinary success, and in 1816 it was dissolved by mutual consent. Charles Ingersoll then married a widow, Mrs. William Hamilton Merritt, who had a large estate of some 1200 acres of land, and she was a very strong to be resisted. In 1817 the old Ingersoll farm was sold at a sheriff's sale and it was purchased by Charles Ingersoll. He then moved to the town of Ingersoll, and he was the first settler of the town. He was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy.

When he was elected a member of the parliament for the district of Ingersoll, he was asked how he was elected in 1818. He was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818. He was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818.

During the last eleven years of his life, it is said he spent in Oxford the settlement had become a pretentious town, with definitely marked boundaries, and a busy centre around the Ingersoll property. In his will, Charles Ingersoll definitely gave the name of Ingersoll to his town, and it was his father, the first settler there, and Ingersoll it remains to this day, a name which is well known, and which is responsible for its early growth and existence.

Another member of the family of Major Ingersoll who might be mentioned at this stage is Laura Ingersoll, his daughter, because of her heroic exploit during the war of 1812. This daughter of Major Ingersoll was born at Boston, Massachusetts, in December, 1775, her mother being Major Ingersoll's first wife, Elizabeth Derris. She came to Canada with her parents, and she was there married to Captain James Secord, member of a prominent and successful family of the Empire Loyalists. After living for some time at St. David's, they moved to Queenstown, where Charles became a successful merchant, and later was appointed to the surrogate court for the township of Toronto.

The story of the exploit which brought lasting fame to Laura Ingersoll Secord is well known to all students of Canadian history, and which should be well known to all students of Canadian history, and which should be well known to all students of Canadian history. It is worth in view of her close connection with the Ingersoll family, it is worth in view of her close connection with the Ingersoll family, it is worth in view of her close connection with the Ingersoll family.

During the war, some of the American officers were in the hands of the British, and they were in the hands of the British, and they were in the hands of the British. They were in the hands of the British, and they were in the hands of the British, and they were in the hands of the British.

After the war, James Secord was given a general store-keeper in what is now the busy town of Ingersoll. He was the chief head of the trade at that time, money being as yet a comparative stranger to the pockets of the poor but worthy pioneers, and the stock in trade was usually a mixture of commodities, such as well-filled shelves and counters of today. In his later years, Mr. Ingersoll's memory was replete with reminiscences of the crude commercial dealings of the pioneer. He stated a considerable measure of success, however, in his business life, and was well on the way to becoming a prosperous citizen when he was appointed to the registration of Oxford county. James Ingersoll held the duty of appointment to this position as follows:

A petition was presented to the Hon. Secord's name being the only woman's name on it. He was asked how it came to be so. When he was asked, he said that in 1818, he was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818. He was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818, and he was elected in 1818.

James Ingersoll was the youngest son of the Major Thomas Ingersoll who was at the head of the first settlement in the township of Ingersoll, and his third wife, Sarah Whiting. His parents came from Great Barrington, Massachusetts, and he was born in 1791. He was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy.

The war of 1812 soon followed, and in the events of that period James Ingersoll was very active. He was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy. He was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy.

James Ingersoll was sixteen or seventeen years old when he came to Oxford county. He was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy. He was a man of great energy and he was a man of great energy.

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THE LATE MRS. J. R. BRINSON.

We noted briefly in our issue of Monday, the sudden death of Mrs. James R. Brinson. The unlooked for event was most timely, as it came on a week when the town was mourning the loss of one of its most prominent citizens. Mrs. Brinson was a woman of great energy and she was a woman of great energy. She was a woman of great energy and she was a woman of great energy.

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Monday Evening and Death.

Last evening ending this community was... (text continues with details of a public gathering or event, mentioning names like 'The Rev. F. V. B.')

Monday Evening.—An... (text continues with a report on an evening event, mentioning 'The Rev. F. V. B.')

Monday Evening.—A... (text continues with another report on an evening event, mentioning 'The Rev. F. V. B.')

IN WHOLE HEARTY SAYS.

... (text continues with a poem or religious piece, mentioning 'The Rev. F. V. B.')

MARRIAGES.

... (text continues with a list of marriages, mentioning names like 'The Rev. F. V. B.')



EVERSOLL.

... (text continues with a poem or religious piece, mentioning 'The Rev. F. V. B.')

MARRIAGES.

... (text continues with a list of marriages, mentioning names like 'The Rev. F. V. B.')

BLANCHE (Eversoll) Campbell Family

fresh in 1868 of Beverly, a splendid type of manly vigor and beauty, from its seed in the tobacco fields here is still fresh in the minds of the public.

To few men is vouchsafed the blessing of so uniformly good health as was enjoyed by Col. Ingersoll. It may almost be said that prior to his final illness he was never sick a day in his life. He continued to go to his office regularly and to discharge his duties, and although his countenance was much bent with the weight of years, his step was still tall and active form was much bent with steady and his eyes were undimmed. He never had occasion to wear spectacles.

Of the many material changes that he lived to see an old friend, Postmaster Middleton of Woodstock, in a series of articles upon the history of the county which appeared in these columns in 1879, said: "What was a hazy wilderness at the birth of our present Republic, is now an expanse of towns and villages, traversed by three important lines of railway—a county possessing all the luxuries of life, and in agricultural wealth and in the comfort and coziness of its farm residences, its roads, churches and schools, not a whit behind the most interesting of English shires, and surpassing in the matter of remuneration to the tax and care of the husbandman, the much boasted State of New York."

The incident took place on Wednesday to the Episcopal cemetery, Rev. Rector Hill officiating. The attendance, as might be anticipated, was unusually representative, including several of the veterans of the deceased's early years. The town council also attended in body.

INGERSOLL AT WOODSTOCK ON MONDAY
 The funeral of Col. Ingersoll took place at the Episcopal cemetery in Woodstock on Monday, Feb. 27th, at 11 o'clock a. m.

THE LATE COL. INGERSOLL
 To the Editor:—In connection with the death of Col. Ingersoll, the late representative of Ontario county, allow me to say to the family records you give another which, famous fail to be of the interest to all 1879. The deceased and more especially in those belonging to the province, namely that Mrs. Laura Secord, the heroine of the war of 1812, was an elder sister of the deceased gentleman.

While the womanly and heroic deed that rendered possible Fitzgibbon's famous exploit at Beaver Dam is handed down to posterity in the heroine's married name of Secord, an honored and illustrious name, too, as it is in that the heroic blood that coursed in the veins of the heroine was Ingersoll blood, alike loyal and patriotic, as also, indeed, to the last degree was that of Secord.

At the time of the war, Mrs. Secord was the mother of three daughters and one son, Charles, named after her brother, Mr. Charles Ingersoll. These other daughters were afterwards born to Mr. and Mrs. Secord, and of the seven children, the third daughter, Harriet, an aged lady of eighty-four, still survives, and is living in great retirement near Guilford.

Yours, etc.,
 S. A. G.

Toronto, August 13.
 [In its sketch of the career of the late Col. Ingersoll the "Woodstock Standard" gives the following account of this family incident in Canadian history:—"The American frontier border has been penetrated to the neighborhood of St. David's, in the Niagara district, and had taken possession of Mrs. Secord's rural habitation. Discussing proposed movements Mrs. Secord gathered that an attempt was to be made on a point known as the Beaver Dam, then held by a small British force under the command of Capt. Fitzgibbon, afterwards and for many years clerk of the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada. With the intense loyalty attached to the family, Mrs. Secord determined to brave the dangers of a midnight visit to the British camp and to bring back to the hands of the Americans who infested the section and the dangers of falling into the hands of the Indians who prowled the woods, armed and of hostile purpose, leaving all dangers and with one purpose bent, the heroine reached the British lines as the sun was emerging from the foliage. Fitzgibbon was at first incredulous. He would hardly believe that a woman had accomplished the feat. As soon he determined to profit by the information, and so disposed of his force and a concerted movement and what was intended to represent an assault in force that the officers in command of the American force, unconditionally surrendered, and Fitzgibbon, through Mrs. Secord's office, was enabled to capture five times the strength of his own with guns and stores of importance."—Ed. Mail.]

DIED.

At Brockville on 25th Feb., 1922.
CATHARINE INGERSOLL,
 Relict of the late James Ingersoll, Esq., Registrar of the County of Oxford, in her 76th year.

Presentation and Nuptial Ceremony.

Quinta Reiter of excitement prevailed in the early part of the winter, because of the contemplated union of Miss Turquand with Mr. Geo. E. Wingate, of Hamilton. In consequence of the important services rendered by Miss Turquand to the musical society of St. Paul's Church, and as a slight recognition of those services, it was decided by the congregation to assist upon the marriage of their fair friend, to present her with some substantial token of esteem and regard. This took the shape of a service of plate, and to Mr. Sampson, of the Bank of Commerce, was entrusted the duty of procuring the service. That gentleman handed his order to our townsmen, Mr. R. Woodroffe, and the result was, that a set was secured, no creditable to the taste of the parties making the selection, as to Mr. W. The set consisting of nine pieces, and which is exceedingly chaste, bears the initials of the recipient, and the tray records the expression of affectionate regard of the congregation to Miss Turquand. The presentation on behalf of the congregation was made on Tuesday last, by the venerable Rector and Mr. Sampson, and the following address and reply followed:

ADDRESS.
 Dear Miss Turquand:
 It is our privilege and your ample qualities and valuable services in the choir of St. Paul's Church and at many public entertainments, for charitable and other laudable purposes, and as a tangible evidence of the esteem in which you are held by the congregation of that church and of the trustees of Woodstock, we beg to tender to your acceptance, the accompanying service of plate, sincerely hoping you may long live to use it and have every happiness in your new life, and that God, who over rules all, will give and bless you wherever you are called to dwell.

On behalf of the congregation of St. Paul's Church and other residents of Woodstock, Geo. W. Hargreaves, Rector and Deacon of St. Paul's Church, and Messrs. W. Hargreaves, W. Hargreaves, John W. Hargreaves, W. Hargreaves, and W. Hargreaves.

W. Hargreaves, Esq., Woodstock, Ont., May 4, 1912.

SHORTLY.

Mr. R. H. and Miss Reiter:
 I am requested by my daughter to thank you most deeply for the very handsome service of plate which you have presented on behalf of the congregation of St. Paul's Church and residents of Woodstock, but more than all for the good wishes so cordially expressed, and for the warm feeling which has prompted the gift. It is very gratifying to us all to know that upon leaving her native home, my daughter comes with her the respect and esteem of the community amongst whom she has always lived. It is an honor that wherever she may be she will never forget the kindness she has received on this and all other occasions from her friends in Woodstock.

To the Rev. William Hargreaves, R. D. Rector and Deacon of St. Paul's Church, and Messrs. W. Hargreaves, John W. Hargreaves, W. Hargreaves, and W. Hargreaves, Woodstock, May 4, 1912. JOSEPH TURQUAND.

The marriage took place at St. Paul's Church, on Wednesday, at half-past ten. The church, for some time previous to the hour named, was filled to overflowing and when the usher threw open the doors and the bride, leaning on the arm of her father, and followed by the four bridesmaids, entered, the excitement was at its height. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rector, assisted by the Curate, the Rev. W. Craig. The bridesmaids were Miss E. Turquand, Miss MacQueen, Miss Dunlop and Miss Wright, of Brockton, and the groomsmen, Mr. D. B. Booth, of Hamilton, Mr. J. Turquand, Mr. F. C. Martin, and Mr. B. Ingersoll.

After the ceremony, the bridal party partook of a breakfast, and the happy couple started on their wedding tour, accompanied by the best wishes of a host of friends.

THE LATE COL. INGERSOLL
 Much regret will be felt by the friends of the family in connection with the death of Mrs. Ingersoll, which occurred last night at the residence of her son, J. M. Ingersoll, Market street, about a week ago. Mrs. Ingersoll was 76 years of age, and had been afflicted for some time with rheumatism. She had been confined to her bed for some time, and had been unable to get up for some days. She died at 11 o'clock on Monday, Feb. 25th, at her residence, 112 St. Paul's street, Brockville. She was born in Limerick, Ireland, in April, 1846, and had lived in this country for many years. She was a devoted wife and mother, and was well known to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She was a member of the St. Paul's Church, and was a very active worker in the church. She was a very kind and generous person, and was always ready to help those in need. Her death is a great loss to her family and to the church.

Death of Mrs. Susan Ingersoll.
 Word was received in Brockville, on the 25th inst., of the death of Mrs. Susan Ingersoll, widow of the late James Ingersoll, Esq., Registrar of the County of Oxford, in her 76th year. She died at her residence, 112 St. Paul's street, Brockville, on Monday, Feb. 25th, at 11 o'clock a. m. She was born in Limerick, Ireland, in April, 1846, and had lived in this country for many years. She was a devoted wife and mother, and was well known to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She was a member of the St. Paul's Church, and was a very active worker in the church. She was a very kind and generous person, and was always ready to help those in need. Her death is a great loss to her family and to the church.

Funeral of Mrs. Susan Ingersoll.
 The funeral of Mrs. Susan Ingersoll will take place at 11 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, Feb. 27th, at St. Paul's Church, Brockville. The Rev. W. Hargreaves will officiate. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

THE FUNERAL

Will take place from the G. T. R. station at 11:28 o'clock, a. m. on Saturday, Feb. 27th, and proceed to St. Paul's Church cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

INGERSOLL 111 YEARS AGO

In 1828 only eighteen log-houses and two frames comprised the residential section of the town known as Oxford-on-the-Thames. First settlers suffered many privations.

STANLEY J. SMITH says he has heard about the first settlers of the town of Oxford-on-the-Thames. He says that the first settlers who came to the town were the Ingersolls. He says that they were the first to settle in the town and that they were the first to build a school and a church.

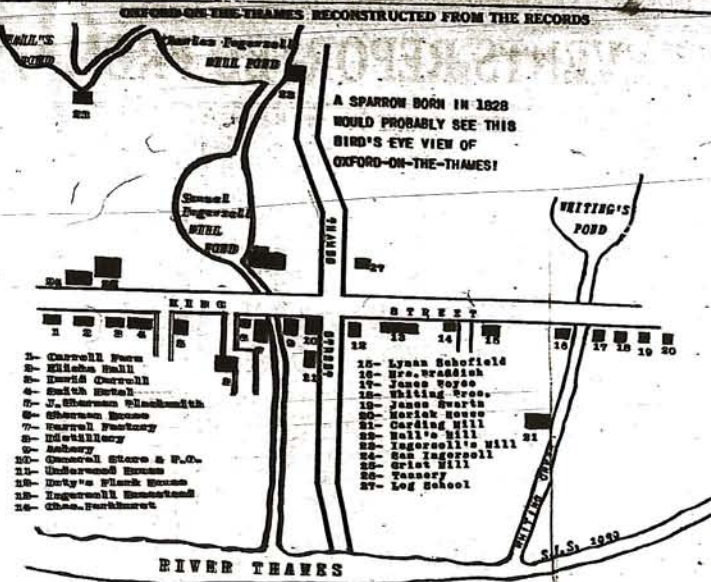
In 1784, Samuel Canfield came to the town of Oxford-on-the-Thames. He was the first to settle in the town and he was the first to build a school and a church. He was a very successful farmer and he was the first to introduce the use of the plow in the town. He was also the first to introduce the use of the reaper in the town. He was a very successful farmer and he was the first to introduce the use of the plow in the town. He was also the first to introduce the use of the reaper in the town.

Samuel Canfield was a very successful farmer and he was the first to introduce the use of the plow in the town. He was also the first to introduce the use of the reaper in the town. He was a very successful farmer and he was the first to introduce the use of the plow in the town. He was also the first to introduce the use of the reaper in the town.

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participate and the general idea was to send the school and have him, or her, the others. The books were Murray's grammar, the English reader and the spelling book. The first school was held in the school house and the first teacher was Mr. Brown.

FIRST CHURCH
The religious advantages were still more limited in the educational. In 1828 there did not possess a church and the Church of England was the present church. Neither were there any ministers in the place. At that time, Mr. Brown made his home here and he was the first to introduce the use of the plow in the town.

This completes the story of the first settlers of the town of Oxford-on-the-Thames. He says that they were the first to settle in the town and that they were the first to build a school and a church.

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Montreal 1st December 1870

J. M. Ingersoll Esq.

Dear Sir

It affords us, the undersigned, fellow workers with you in the establishment of Benny Macpherson & Co, great pleasure to tender you our congratulations and best wishes on the occasion of your marriage.

Your genial temper and pleasant manner have made you a general favorite.

Your connection with the firm has been a long one. With some of us you have worked for about a score of years, for a portion of the time, side by side; but, whether in the store, or out on the road, our mutual relations during all that period, have been marked by unbroken harmony.

Your special ability as a traveller has long been recognised, and consistent success has attended your labours. When no orders came from you, we felt that there were no orders to be had, or "Paddy" would have got them.

Your bravery under calamity, has not passed unnoticed; and the stoutness of heart you have displayed in the pursuit of your rugged calling has evoked our admiration.

That God may still spare you many years to enjoy the sweets of married life is our earnest wish. May your home become to you the most delightful spot on earth. May there always beat there a heart responsive to your own. From the distraction and turmoil of worldly

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THE

YEARS AGO

houses and two frames
section of the town—
Thames—First settlers

some he cultivated all other early
settlers and died in his 102nd year
in 1865. They say that hard work
will never kill but worry will. Ap-
parently, from Mr. Carroll's obitu-
ary notice, he had both, in writ-
ing to a wife, he had, of
course, many difficulties to encoun-
ter and many disappointments to
meet, but through an indefatigable
perseverance, and years of toil and
exposure to the climate of a new
and unsettled country, he suc-
ceeded in establishing for himself
and family a comfortable home.

On the east end of Ingersoll is built
a part of the Carroll grant.
SAMUEL CANFIELD
In 1793, Samuel Canfield came
with his father from the state of
New York. He built a log house
on the Carroll farm and be-
came a farmer there while he staid.
He was 21 years old at
the time. For a plowman, and hard
worker, he died comparatively young
because he only lived until he was
32 years old. He died in 1837 and
had the largest funeral ever as-
sembled up to that time.

In 1794, Thomas Ingersoll enter-
ed the community via his own road
at he had constructed with his
own money from Burford to Ox-
ford-on-the-Thames. He had been
most a couple of years in cutting
a swath ten feet wide from Bur-
ford to his grant of 600 acres. It
is said that he spent \$20,000 in the
project upon the understanding
that he was to have received an
addition of township for his capital. Due
to a change in the land settlement
act, to prevent land speculators
from standing in the progress of the coun-
try, the powers that were broke
up with Mr. Ingersoll and can-
celled the proposition. His fortune
was annihilated to the breaking point.
He returned to York, to die in 1804,
from a broken heart. Local legend
has it that his daughter Laura was
born in Ingersoll before her ex-
cess at Beaver Dam. If so, she
married Mr. Seccord at an early
age. None of the Ingersolls are
own on the 1815 settlement as
eligible for improved lands. When
Mr. Ingersoll returned to York, it
is said of put Elisha Putnam on the

Emmanuel Macintyre

Wm Smith

J. Mc Robie
H. Littlewood

St. J. Monarrat

Henry St. Meildow
J. D. W. C.

affairs may you find there a peaceful rest
When untoward circumstances arise, may they
only serve to throw into brighter relief your ordinary
state of happiness. And, in all life's stormy voyage,
may your home never fail to prove a sweet haven.

To the lady, who is about to become your
wife, we present our respectful greetings, and beg
to assure her that, by her union with you, she
will share the feelings of friendship which we
entertain towards you.

We embrace this happy occasion to put
our esteem and friendship into tangible form, and
ask your acceptance of the accompanying testimonial.

And, in conclusion, we repeat our best
wishes for your future welfare and felicity.

Al. McPherson

Jno Rose

Alf. Rudolf

Wm. M. Coy

J. M. Thompson

J. D. Shaw

McMackinnay

F. W. Loughborough

Thomas Mason

H. W. Leighton

Robert Donaldson, Jr.

S. M. Walker

Robt. O. Harrington

Jno. B. Gibson

Geo. Chas. Brown

J. D. Henry

H. W. Wendock

Jonas Bee

Idos La Riviere

Henry Jones

Robert Berry

John Taylor

Frank. Collins

J. D. Scher

Jno Hardie

Henry Fabre

R. J. Wall

J. C. Lepronkore

Carl Rudolf

W. A. Doy

Graham Macpherson

Jno. Hargreaves

Chas. E. Nicoll

N. Roper

James Robie

W. H. Garand

Upon & writings
 Current
 with T. Ingersoll
 27th April 1795
 No. 2

This Indenture made this twenty second day of April in the
 year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Ninety five
 Between Thomas Ingersoll of great Barrington in the County
 of Berkshire and Commonwealth of Massachusetts Esquire of the
 first part and Silas Phipson and Silas Whitney both of Stockbridge
 in the same County Gentlemen of the second part. Witnesseth that
 the said party of the first part and in consideration of the sum of
 four hundred pounds of lawful money worth of value to be paid
 to him in hand paid by the said Parties of the second part
 the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged and of the covenants
 herein after expressed on the part of the said parties of the said
 second part to be performed, hath covenanted and agreed and by these
 presents do covenant and agree with the said parties of the
 second part their Heirs or Assigns to sell them in
 fee eight thousand acres of land part of sixty four thousand
 eight hundred and thirty one acres of land lying and being in or at the upper
 part of the River heretofore known by the name of the third
 Branch of the River Thames in the said Province
 of upper Canada which eight thousand acres of Land is to be
 an acreage as to quantity and situation of the said sixty four thousand
 eight hundred and thirty one acres of Land as to manner of survey to be in a body
 or tract together and the said party of the first part doth further
 covenant to and with the said parties of the second part their
 Heirs and Assigns that if by any Law custom or usage of the
 said Province the said parties of the said second part cannot hold in fee the
 Land aforesaid in that case the said party of the first part
 will pay to the said parties of the second part such sum or sums
 of money as the said eight thousand acres of Land shall

be worth and the said party of the first part doth further covenant
 reasonably to and with the said parties of the second part
 do hereby covenant to and with the said party of the first part
 that in case the said party of the first part shall and does
 within twelve months from the date of these presents will and
 truly pay to the said parties of the second part the sum of four
 hundred Pounds lawful money with the Interest thereon
 from the date hereof they the said parties of the second part
 will receive the same in full discharge of this indenture cov-
 enant or agreement and the said parties of the second part
 do further covenant and agree that in case the said party of
 the first part his Heirs or Assigns shall within one year from
 the date hereof will and truly pay to the said parties of the second
 part their Heirs or Assigns the sum of five hundred Dollars with
 the Interest thereof from the date of these presents they will
 receive the same five hundred Dollars and the interest thereof in
 lieu of three thousand acres of Land part of the eight thousand
 eight hundred and thirty one acres of Land aforesaid the said parties of the first part doth hereby covenant
 to and with the said parties of the second part that he will diligently
 pursue and follow all legal and laudable methods finally the
 party of the first part and the said parties of the second part do respect-
 ively do for themselves and for their respective Heirs Executors
 Administrators and Assigns faithfully covenant promise and
 agree to and with each other their Heirs Executors
 Administrators and Assigns that they will faithfully and
 specifically keep fulfill and perform all and singular
 the covenants which on the part of the said first part or
 the part of the said second part is and ought to be kept
 fulfilled and performed against which there shall be no

Relief in Equity - In testimony whereof the said
 party of the first part and the said parties of the second
 part have hereunto set their unchangeable set their
 hands and seals this day and year first above written

Silas Phipson
 Silas Whitney
 Tho: Ingersoll

Attest: Cyrus Williams
 James Dreber

This Indenture made this twenty second day of April in the year of our Lord seven-
 teen hundred and ninety-five between Thomas Ingersoll of Great Barrington in the
 county of Berkshire and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Esquire, of the first part
 and Silas Tepeon and Silas Whiting both of Stockbridge in the same county, Gentlemen
 of the second part witnesseth that the said party of the first part for and in con-
 sideration of the sum of four hundred pounds of lawful moneys worth of merchants
 goods to him in hand paid by the said parties of the second part the receipt whereof
 is here acknowledged and of the Covenants hereinafter expressed on the part of the
 said parties of the said second part to be performed hath covenanted and agreed and
 by these presents do covenant and agree with the said parties of the second part,
 their associates, heirs or assigns to sell them in fee eight thousand acres of land,
 part of sixty-four thousand acres or ten miles square of suitable farm land.

(Line obliterated)
 Ephraim Williams, Abel Kelsey, Seth Tamblin and the said Thomas Ingersoll by a grant
 made by the Governor and Council of the province of Upper Canada sometime in the
 Spring of the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, said lands
 lying and being on or at the upper forks of the river heretofore known by the name of
 River LaFranche now called the River Thames in the said Province of Upper Canada,
 which eight thousand acres of land is to be an average as to quality and situation
 of the said sixty four thousand acres or ten miles square of land aforesaid to lie
 in a body or tract together and the said party of the first part doth further covenant
 and with the said parties of the second part, their heirs and assigns that if by
 any law, custom or usage of Nations, the said parties of the said second part cannot
 hold in fee the lands aforesaid, in that case he the said party of the first part
 will pay to the said parties of the second part such sum or sums of money as the said
 eight thousand acres of land shall reasonably be worth or the grounds of the sales
 of lands after having their directions for selling the same and the said parties of
 the second part do here-by covenant to and with the said party of the first part
 that in case the said party of the first part shall and does within twelve months
 from the date of these presents well and truly pay to the said parties of the second
 part the sum of four hundred pounds lawful money with the interest thereon from the
 date hereof they the said parties of the second part will receive the same in full
 discharge of this indenture covenant or agreement and the said parties of the second
 part do further covenant and agree that in case the said party of the first part,
 his heirs or assigns shall within one year from the date hereof well and truly pay
 to the said parties of the second part, their heirs or assigns, the sum of five
 hundred dollars with the interest thereof from the date of these presents, they will
 receive the same five hundred dollars and the interest thereof in lieu of three
 thousand acres of land, part of the eight thousand acres which the said party of the
 first part does hereby covenant (line obliterated) which the said
 party of the first part has not yet obtained a full title to the lands aforesaid
 the said parties of the second part do further covenant to and with the said party
 of the first part to give and allow him the said party of the first part a reasonable
 time to obtain a title to the land aforesaid to obtain which the said party of the
 first part doth hereby further covenant to and with the said parties of the second
 part that he will diligently pursue and follow all legal and laudable methods.
 Finally the party of the first and the said parties of the second part respectively
 do for themselves and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns
 faithfully covenant, promise and agree to and with each other, their heirs, executors
 administrators and assigns that they will faithfully and specifically keep fulfill
 and perform all and singular the covenants which on the part of the said first party
 and on the part of the said second part is and ought to be kept, fulfilled and
 performed against which there shall be no relief in equity. In testimony whereof
 the said party of the first part and the said parties of the second part have here-
 unto interchangeably set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Att. Cyrus Williams
 Tomas Dipier

(signed)

Silas Tepeon
 Silas Whiting
 Thos. Ingersoll

To His Honour Peter Russell Esq
 President of the Province of Upper
 Canada 27/3/95. -- In Council

The Petition of Thos. Ingersoll
 Humbly sheweth

That he has been at great Charge
 and Expense in Clearing, preparing
 and making the roads passable
 leading from the fork to the River
 Thames that in order to promote
 and enlarge the settlement in Oxford
 on the R. Thames I have expended
 out of my own private interest, at
 present I know of no way in which I may
 be fully
 I have a numerous
 family to support and educate which
 consists of nine children besides
 my wife neither of whom have had
 any grant or appropriation of the
 Crown Lands. Your petitioner therefore
 pray your Honour to grant to his said
 wife Sally and to my children
 Laura - Betsey - Nancy - Mira - Abigail
 Charles - Thomas - Appy - Charlotte
 such quantity of Land as your Honour
 may deem equitable and just

To His Honour Peter Russell (?) Esq.
 President of the Province of Upper Canada & &
 In Council

The Petition of Thos. Ingersoll
 Humbly sheweth

That he has been at great charge and expense in clearing,
 preparing and making the roads passable leading from the G.R.
 (Governor's Road) to the River Thames; that in order to promote and
 enlarge the settlement in Oxford on the River Thames I have expended
 a very considerable part of my own private interest. At present I
 know of no way in which I may be fully (recompensed). I have a
 numerous family to support and educate which consists of nine
 children besides my wife, neither of whom have had any grant or
 appropriation of the Crown Lands. Your petitioner therefore pray
 your Honour to grant to his said wife Sally and to my children
 Laura, Betsey, Nancy, Mira, Abigail, Charles, Thomas, Appy, Charlotte,
 Samuel such quantity of Land as your Honour may deem equitable
 and just.

The Tribune - Ingersoll, May 1948
1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church, last Sunday, when Archbishop Seager confirmed a class of 29 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been brought from the cemetery and placed on the gable of the Church vestibule.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where the family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1629.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada, a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer encampment of the Indians. Water, development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and weaving—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara. She became the well-known heroine of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Oxford.

Thomas Ingersoll remained here for a few years and later moved to Etobicoke Township, York County, where he established a trading house on the banks of the Credit River. His son, Charles, returned to this section in 1817, and acquiring some of the property formerly held by his father, gave the place the name of Ingersoll. He then became one of its most distinguished citizens, serving as Magistrate, Postmaster and a Commissioner in the Court of Requests. He was also Lieut.-Col. of the Second Oxford Militia, and twice returned to Parliament. During the war of 1812, he, with William Hamilton Merritt, (famed as the engineer in charge of the construction of the Welland Canal), raised a military unit called the Provincial Light Dragoons. Following the war, Charles

Ingersoll married Anna Maria Merritt, sister of his companion-in-arm.

When the deadly cholera epidemic broke out in 1832, bringing death to thousands of new settlers in Upper Canada, Mr. Ingersoll made every effort to give comfort and relief to those afflicted. In so doing, he, as well as his son Thomas, became a victim to the disease. This was the town deprived of one, who, had he lived, would probably have gone far in the life of the country.

The tablet unveiled on Sunday was part of the grave stone originally placed in the old Church of England cemetery, on the north side of Francis street, between East and Albert. Steps from the church led down to King street, just opposite Church street. In recent years it had been in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery, all the graves having been moved there many years ago. Following her husband's death, Mrs. Ingersoll returned to her family home in St. Catharines. Her body lies beneath a tablet in the Merritt family plot behind St. George's Church. Her eldest son, James Ingersoll, was born here on here in 1855, when he moved to St. Catharines. His daughter, Mrs. Richard Davidson, St. Catharines, is the only surviving grandchild of Charles Ingersoll.

Major-General Sir Frederick Benson, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone:

"In Memory of Charles Ingersoll, who departed this life, 18 Aug. 1832, at 42 years.
"And Thomas, his son, at 13 years.
Cold in his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which each tender feeling rose, is now unconscious of a widow's woe. That hand, so active in affording aid, when pestilence on human victims preyed. By deadly cholera, at length was seized when in the very act of mercy raised."

There is no record of who composed the foregoing lines. Probably some local poet. Beneath the tablet is a brass plaque inscribed: "This tablet is placed here to the glory of God, and in loving memory of Charles Ingersoll, eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, after whom the town of Ingersoll was named, by his granddaughter and great grandchildren. Members and friends of the Ingersoll family who attended the service on Sunday were: Mrs. Richard Davidson of St. Catharines, a granddaughter of Charles Ingersoll, and Anna Maria Merritt; her niece, Miss Frances Ingersoll, Miss May Benson, and Mrs. H. G. Acres, all of St. Catharines; Mrs. W. T. Loyal, with her three children, Mary, Susan and James; Mrs. Hunter Hamilton, Miss Kathryn Gordon, Major Arthur Wilkin, Mr. William Kerr, all of Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Ingersoll, Riverside, Ontario.



Lieut. Horace Davidson of Catharines
Kathleen and Edith Helen Ingersoll
Mrs. Hunter Hamilton
Linda - Helen Ingersoll Riverside

Taken at the wood house, King Street,
Ingersoll after the dedication of the
Charles Ingersoll stone in St.
James Church - May 1948

100TH ANNIVERSARY OF INGERSOLL CHURCH

Occasion Marked by Special Thanksgiving Services at Historic St. James's

(Special Despatch to The Globe.)
Ingersoll, Oct. 7. — Services in St. James' Anglican Church today marked the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the parish. Large congregations were present, and the occasion called up vividly the struggles and fervor of those early pioneers who were steadfast in their cause and of the continued advancement in commercial strength and larger and better accommodation in which to worship down to the present time. The church proper today, with its large and modern parish hall in connection, takes its place among the finest in the town.

In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or in the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers of easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River Ingersoll, now called the Thames. Thus to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young braves to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties dining with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 36,000 acres. The offer was passed March 23, 1793.

The village was first called Oxford. About 1817, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1852.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Robb, 1814-1818; Rev. Henry Revell, 1818-1823; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1823-1828; Rev. Johnstone Vicars, 1828-1834; Rev. Canon J. P. Blake, 1834-1837; Rev. Edward M. Bland, 1837-1842; Rev. Canon T. Saunders, 1842-1848; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1848-1850; Rev. Joseph M. Macdonald, 1850-1854; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1854-1857; Rev. James Thompson, 1857-1859; Rev. R. J. M. Perkins, 1859-1819; Rev. W. E. W. MacMillan, 1819.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening sermon was given by Rev. Canon T. O. Wallace of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature. On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choirs of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican churches. The special speaker will be Right Rev. C. A. Seager of London, Bishop of Huron.

St. James' Church

INGERSOLL, ONTARIO



A Brief Historical Sketch

commemorating

THE 100th ANNIVERSARY OF THE BUILDING OF THE CHURCH

1868 - 1968

(The Parish was formed in 1834)

UNVEILED BY GERALD GRANDSON

Founder Of Ingersoll Honored With Plaque

A plaque honoring the "Founders of Ingersoll" was unveiled and dedicated yesterday afternoon.

"It takes many people to found a community and bring it to life today," stated Councillor Winifred Williams, president of the Oxford Historical Society during her address at yesterday's ceremony.

An estimated 75 gathered on Thames Street beside the Thames River for the hour long service.

The actual unveiling of the plaque was performed by Leslie H. Ingersoll, BA, B.Sc. of River-side, great grandson of Col. Charles Ingersoll, founder of this town. Mr. Ingersoll is a consulting engineer. He was accompanied by his wife.

H. Ross Fewster, mayor of Ingersoll, chairman of the afternoon, spoke briefly extending a hearty welcome to the visitors and thanking the Archaeological and Historic Sites Board for being interested enough in the town to erect a plaque here.

Professor C. F. G. Stanley of Kingston, a member of the Archaeological Board, held the gathering had asked the permission of the Board to come to Ingersoll for this ceremony because of his special personal interest in the town where his grandfather and mother had lived.

Mentioning well known historical names and persons studied by the student, Prof. Stanley regretted that very few ever learn about people such as Thomas Ingersoll and his son. "People like the founders of this important community deserved to be commemorated," the speaker said.

A youngster does not appreciate old portraits and family trees until he reaches maturity, Prof. Stanley suggested. "It is

with maturity they begin to inquire of themselves who they came from and where they came from and where they are going. It is history that provides the signposts." The speaker felt that communities and even nations were much like that. "I like to think that the government's erection of these plaques is evidence of the maturity and stability of our people," Prof. Stanley concluded.

WARDEN SPEAKS

Warden Donald Hossack of Embro, commended the Archaeological Board, the Department of Travel and Publicity and the Oxford Historical Society on their efforts in having the plaque erected.

Miss Williams, opened her interesting address on the history of the Ingersoll family by expressing appreciation in Alex Wilson, of Wilson's Dairy for permitting the plaque to be placed on his property.

The Oxford Historical Society president pointed out that the spectators were standing on the very spot that was part of the original farm granted to the Ingersoll family. "Their first house was approximately where the office is now," she said. "And this point where you are standing is the junction of two very old Indian trails, the Thames River and what is now No. 19 highway."

Referring to the Ingersoll family and the early settlers Miss Williams emphasized, "They laid the foundation for the blessings and pleasures we enjoy today. They passed on a goodly heritage and it is fitting and proper that we should enjoy it."

Mayor Bernadette Smith of Woodstock spoke very briefly. Stanley J. Smith, local historian and a member of the Oxford Historical Society gave a short address on the founding of the Anglican Church in Ingersoll by the Ingersoll family.

Mr. Ingersoll not only outlined the history of his family but referred to a huge book compiled by his father 55 years ago. The book contained sealed documents of appointments, letters, pictures and newspaper clippings of years ago. The guest of honor and his wife presented these documents, an indenture and a petition to the Oxford Historical Society. The gifts were accepted by Miss Winifred Williams who explained that she had arranged to have them on display at the Ingersoll Public Library before they go to the County Museum in Woodstock.

The plaque was unveiled by Mr. Ingersoll and dedicated by Rev. I. V. Pocock, rector of St. James' Anglican Church. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the special guests were entertained at tea in the dairy.

CEREMONY
OF THE
UNVEILING
... OF ...

Historic Plaque

To The Memory of
Colonel Charles Ingersoll

1791 - 1832

Founder of Ingersoll

Wednesday afternoon, September 21st

1960

at two-thirty o'clock

THAMES STREET BRIDGE, INGERSOLL

To Unveil Plaque Honoring Memory Of Town Founders

A plaque commemorating the "Founders of Ingersoll" will be unveiled here tomorrow afternoon by a direct descendant of the original Ingersoll.

Leslie H. Ingersoll, BA, B.Sc. of River-side, Ontario, is a great-grandson of Col. Charles Ingersoll, founder of this town. The plaque which he will unveil Wednesday afternoon, will be identical to other plaques erected throughout Ontario by the Archaeological and Historic Sites Board of Ontario. It is situated on Thames Street South beside the Thames River on the property now owned by Alex Wilson of the Oxford Dairy. The plaque will be only two or three feet from the sidewalk and will be easily seen by tourists or passers-by at any time of the year.

Councillor Winifred Williams, president of the Oxford Historical Society which is sponsoring the erection of the plaque, pointed out this morning that the site of the plaque is significant in itself. The Wilson Dairy Ltd. property is actually part of the tract of land which the government granted to the Ingersoll family, in 1817. "The place was just a wilderness then," Miss Williams stated "but that piece of land became part of Col Charles Ingersoll's original farm." Miss Williams will speak on the Ingersoll family and the history connected with it during the ceremonies.

Another significant arrangement on the program is that Rev. I. V. Pocock, rector of St. James' Anglican Church will perform the dedication ceremony. The Ingersoll family established the Anglican Church here and the family connection with the church will be discussed in an address by Stanley J. Smith, a member of the Society. Mayor H. Ross Fewster will be chairman for the afternoon. The ceremonies are scheduled to get underway at 2:30 p.m.

PUBLIC INVITED

Miss Williams said this morning that she sincerely hoped Ingersoll residents would turn out for the occasion. "This is an afternoon and a ceremony to honor the people who founded our town," she said "and I would urge every person possible to turn out for it."

Mr. Ingersoll will be accompanied by his wife. Following the ceremonies the guests of honor will be entertained at a tea at the Wilson's Dairy.



On the 21st of September, 1960, a plaque commemorating the Founders of Ingersoll was unveiled at Ingersoll. This plaque is one of a series being erected throughout the province by the Department of Travel and Publicity acting on the advice of the Archaeological and Historic Sites Board of Ontario. Participants in the ceremony shown left to right were: Professor C. F. G. Stanley, a member of the Oxford County Historical Society; Mr. D. Hossack, Warden of Oxford County; Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Ingersoll; His Worship Mayor R. H. Fewster of Ingersoll; Mr. S. J. Smith, a member of the Oxford Historical Society; and Mrs. W. P. Ward, Secretary of that Society.

27th Tribune - Ingersoll: May 19, 1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church last Sunday, when Archbishop Seager confirmed a class of 29 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been placed on the wall of the Church vestibule.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where the family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1672.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Joseph Brant accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada: a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer camp of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and sawing—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So, to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara. She became the well-known heroine of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Oxford.

Ingersoll married Anna Maria Merritt, sister of his companion-in-arms.

When the deadly cholera epidemic broke out in 1832, bringing death to thousands of new settlers in Upper Canada, Mr. Ingersoll made every effort to give comfort and relief to those afflicted. In so doing, he, as well as his son Thomas, fell a victim to the disease. Thus was the town deprived of one, who, had he lived, would probably have gone far in the life of the country.

The tablet unveiled on Sunday was part of the gravestone originally placed in the old Church of England cemetery, on the north side of Francis street, between East and Albert. Steps from the church led down to King street, just opposite Church street. In recent years it had been in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery, all the graves having been moved there many years ago. Following her husband's death, Mrs. Ingersoll returned to her family home in St. Catharines. Her body lies beside her parents in the Merritt family plot behind St. George's Church. Her eldest son, James Hamilton Ingersoll, remained here till 1855, when he moved to St. Catharines. His daughter, Mrs. Richard Davidson, St. Catharines, is the only surviving grandchild of Charles Ingersoll.

Major-General Sir Frederick Benson, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone:

"In Memory of Charles Ingersoll, who departed this life, 18 Aug. 1832, at 42 years."

"And Thomas, his son, at 13 years."

Cold is his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which



*Lieut. Horrie Davidson St. Catharines
Kathleen and Edythe Wood Ingersoll
Miss Hunter Hamilton Ingersoll
Miss Julia Ingersoll Riverside
I
Lived at the Wood home, Niagara Street,
Ingersoll after the dedication of the
Charles Ingersoll's stone in St.
James Church - May 1948*

100TH ANNIVERSARY OF INGERSOLL CHURCH

Special Dispatch to The Globe's Ingersoll, Oct. 7. — Services in St. James' Anglican Church today marked the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the parish. Large congregations were present, and the occasion called up vividly the struggles and fervor of those early pioneers who were steadfast in their cause and of the continued advancement in commercial strength and larger and better accommodation in which to worship down to the present time.

The church proper today, with its large and modern parish hall in connection, takes its place among the finest in the town.

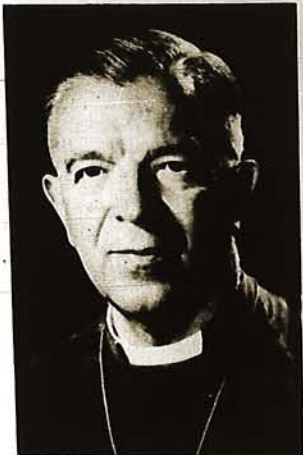
In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before George Victoria ascended to the Throne, or to the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers on easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian Chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River Lot 20, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young men to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties taking with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 60,000 acres. The order was passed March 21, 1793.

The village was first called Oxford. About 1827, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1853.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Redwell, 1814-1815; Rev. Henry Hewell, 1815-1817; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1817-1819; Rev. Johnstone Fraser, 1819-1821; Rev. Canon J. P. Hinks, 1821-1827; Rev. Edward M. Hild, 1827-1829; Rev. Thomas T. Edwards, 1829-1830; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1830-1832; Rev. Joseph H. Macdonald, 1832-1834; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1834-1837; Rev. James Thompson, 1837-1839; Rev. H. J. M. Perkins, 1839-1841; Rev. W. E. Macdonald, 1841-1843.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Chas. T. G. Walker of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choirs of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican Churches. The special speaker will be Right Rev. C. A. Seager of London, Bishop of Huron.



The Rt. Rev. G. N. Lutton, D.D., LL.D.
Bishop of Huron

A FOREWORD BY THE RECTOR

The Christian Faith is of the spirit, and we are not to be led away from spiritual things by an over-concentration on the material—on bricks and mortar, no matter how sacred, or on symbolic things, be they never so meaningful. When that has been said, however, there is more to be added. There is something deeply impressive about a House of God which has been wholly dedicated to His worship for 100 years. How many people of every rank and sect have brought their joys and sorrows and fears, their thanksgivings and their praises, into this Church, to lay them humbly here at the feet of their Heavenly Father! How many have found forgiveness and reconciliation and peace within these walls! How many have become God's children in Holy Baptism, dedicated their lives to Him in Confirmation, implored His blessing upon their love in Holy Matrimony, and brought their loved ones into this place for a sad farewell, yet looking for a joyful reunion in that which is truly God's Home, of which this is but an earthly shadow. We wish them thank Him for this building and all that it means to us now—not least our fellowship with Christians of every age—a mighty army of followers of Jesus Christ, whose love binds us together in brotherhood for all time and eternity.

I wish to pay tribute here to Mr. F. G. Rich, who with the able assistance of his wife has prepared this brief historical sketch of St. James' Church, Ingersoll. The arduous task of reading all the available records of the past, many of them difficult to decipher because of age and faded ink, has indeed been a labour of love. May it be a source of joy to those whose association with this Church has been long and close, and may St. James' continue to be an inspiration to generations to come.

Ralph B. Sclair

NOTE: It is a matter of very great regret that Mr. F. G. Rich did not live to see this product of his labours in print. Mr. Rich passed to higher service quite suddenly after a brief illness on August 1st, 1938. St. James' has thus lost a stalwart member of many years' standing, one who has distinguished himself in many offices, and who won the affection of all who knew him.

The Tribune - Ingersoll, May 1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church, last Sunday, when Archbishop Seeger confirmed a class of 29 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been brought from the cemetery and placed on the wall of the Church vestibule.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where the family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1629.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Joseph Brant accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada; a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer encampment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and sawing—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So, to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara. She became the well-known heroine of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Oxford.

Major-General Sir Frederick Benson, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone: "In Memory of Charles Ingersoll, who departed this life, 18 Aug., 1832, at 42 years."

"And Thomas, his son, at 13 years." "Cold is his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which



Capt Horrie Davidson St. Catharines
Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
Mrs Hunter Hamilton Toronto
Lilke & Helen Ingersoll Riverside

Taken at the Wood home, Skye Street,
Ingersoll after the dedication of the
Charles Ingersoll stone in St.
James' Church - May 1948

100TH ANNIVERSARY OF INGERSOLL CHURCH

Occasion Marked by Special Thanksgiving Services at Historic St. James's

(Special Despatch to The Globe)

Ingersoll, Oct. 7. — Services in St. James' Anglican Church today marked the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the parish. Large congregations were present, and the occasion called up vividly the struggles and fervor of those early pioneers who were steadfast in their cause and of the continued advancement in numerical strength and larger and better accommodation in which to worship down to the present time. The church proper today, with its large and modern parish hall in connection, takes its place among the finest in the town.

In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to soldiers of any rank. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River Terrace, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young men to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties dining with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 36,000 acres. The grant was passed March 23, 1793.

The village was first called Oxford. About 1817, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was postmaster and he named the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1822.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Boldwell, 1822-1841; Rev. Henry Hewell, 1841-1851; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1851-1859; Rev. Johnstone, Vicar, 1859-1864; Rev. Canon J. P. Hicks, 1864-1877; Rev. Edward M. Hines, 1877-1881; Rev. Thomas T. Goodrich, 1881-1883; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1883-1890; Rev. Joseph H. Moorhouse, 1890-1894; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1894-1897; Rev. James Thompson, 1897-1899; Rev. H. M. Perkins, 1899-1911; Rev. W. M. V. McMillen, 1911.

On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choral of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican churches. The special speaker will be Bishop Van, C. A. Seeger of London, Bishop of Huron.

During the period of its history to date, the Parish has been under the care of 18 incumbents, as listed on the first page of this booklet. The first of these was the Rev. John Rothwell, who came here from England, holding 200 acres of land to the north-east of the town. The first services were held in 1814 in the schoolhouse, somewhere near where Victory Memorial School now stands. We cannot find that he was paid anything for his services for the first six years, but in 1840 he received something from the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, in England.

Familiar as we are with the fact that Ingersoll is within the Deanery of Oxford in the Diocese of Huron, we feel sure it will surprise many to learn that until 1793 it was part of the Diocese of Quebec; then, from 1839, in the Diocese of Toronto; and only lately, when this Diocese was formed, in Huron.

Returning to the events leading to the construction of the present church, we find in the minutes an entry of October 18th, 1865: "According to an announcement, a meeting of the congregation of St. James' Church, Ingersoll, was held in the Church... with the Rev. Mr. Hincks in the chair, to take into consideration the building of a new church, at which the following resolution was passed: "Moved by Thomas Brown and seconded by Joseph Thickett and resolved, that a committee be appointed consisting of the following gentlemen, viz., Messrs. H. Croty, W. A. Rumsey, J. W. Chapman, Jonathan Jarvis and the mover and seconder, to ascertain what means can be obtained and the best steps to be taken as to the building of a new church and to report to this meeting on Saturday the 28th inst. at 4 o'clock P.M. Carried." The next recorded vesting meeting is dated November 6th, 1865, when the salary of the incumbent, Mr. Hincks, for the ensuing year, was fixed at \$800.00.

A further entry for the Vestry Meeting held on June 15th, 1866 in the Church "to take further steps towards the building of a new church," with Rev. J. P. Hincks in the chair and James Canfield acting as secretary, had the following members present: W. A. Rumsey, D. Canfield, W. H. Eakins, J. M. Chapman, Edward Chapman, Thos. Brown, Joseph Thickett, Charles Cragg, George Dennis, Peter Brown, James Benson and James Canfield". The following resolution was passed: "That the site of the new church be decided by the subscribers in the following manner, viz., That for every five dollars subscribed, each subscriber be entitled to one vote to the extent of his subscription." At a meeting held on April 29th, 1867, "That the Incumbent and Wardens be ex-officio members of the Building Committee." Another was held on Oct. 14, 1867 "for the purpose of receiving a report of the Building Committee and also to take into consideration the propriety of purchasing a new musical instrument for the church." An organ was evidently purchased on or about this time, as at the next vesting meeting on April 13th, 1868, it was resolved that a concert or social be held for the purpose of raising funds towards paying for the organ, and a committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

This April 1868 Vestry Meeting was important mainly, however, because of two resolutions carried at that time with regard to the building of the proposed new church. These follow:

"That this Vestry approve of the steps taken by the Building Committee,

and that they be requested to carry out the plan of Christ Church, London".

"That the Building Committee be requested TO PROCEED WITH AS LITTLE DELAY AS POSSIBLE.

Messrs. O'Connor, George Chambers, P. L. Brown and John Choate were added to the Building Committee, of which five members were to be a quorum.

In 1869 a Committee was appointed to inquire into a site for a new Rectory, and subsequently reported that they had offered a Mrs. Hogarth the sum of \$1,000.00 for the house and lot adjoining the new church, which she had agreed to accept. There is also recorded a request to the Churchwardens for the purpose of carrying out this purchase. The Vestry asked the incumbent, the Rev. J. P. Hincks, to take first choice of a pew, and the record states that the allotment of pews in the new Church was to be proceeded with and that in the case of two or more persons being desirous of renting the same pew—that the same pew be put up for competition! The wardens were authorized to employ a person to collect pew rents at a salary not to exceed \$15.00. The Churchwardens' Report presented on April 18th, 1870, reads as follows:

Balance from Easter 1869	\$ 108.61
Received from Pew Rents	806.34
Received from Sunday Collection	338.68
	1253.63
Less Payments	1613.96
Leaving amt. due Churchwardens	\$ 360.33

The following statement by the Churchwardens was also appended to these minutes:

"We the undersigned Churchwardens of St. James, on meeting the Vestry on this, the first meeting in their new Church, deem it a fitting opportunity to congratulate them and the congregation at large on the improved circumstances in which they are now placed, as contrasted with those which existed at this time last year.

When we look at the beautiful and symmetrical edifice which they have been enabled to rear to the Worship of Almighty God, we are constrained to say, "What God has wrought!" and bow in humble gratitude to the Giver of all good, for the abundant blessings which He has bestowed upon us, as a congregation, and we humbly pray that His blessing which has so signally benighted upon us, in the past, may be continued to the Minister and people and whatever we do in the future, either as a congregation or as individuals, it may be with a single eye to the glory of Him who has so abundantly blessed us. And we also deem it our bounden duty, on this occasion, to tender thanks on our own behalf, and on behalf of the congregation, our need of thanks and gratitude to the sub-building committee, who have so successfully exerted themselves in connection with the erection of the building, and more especially would we do so to Mr. Thomas Brown, whose unvaried exertions and pecuniary assistance have been the means of carrying it on to its present state of almost completion.

When we consider the time, attention and forethought in the carrying out of all details, we feel how inadequate all mere expressions of gratitude are.

The Tribune - Ingersoll, May 19th 1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church, last Sunday, when Archbishop Seager confirmed a class of 29 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been brought from the cemetery and placed on the wall of the Church vestibule.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where the family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1529.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Joseph Brant accompanied Ingersoll to the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada; a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer encampment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and weaving—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So, to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before that family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara. She became the well-known heroine of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Oxford.

Ingersoll married Anna Maria Merritt, sister of his companion-in-arms. When the deadly cholera epidemic broke out in 1832, bringing death to thousands of new settlers in Upper Canada, Mr. Ingersoll made every effort to give comfort and relief to those afflicted. In so doing, he, as well as his son Thomas, fell a victim to the disease. This was the town deprived of one, who, had he lived, would probably have gone far in the life of the country.

The tablet unveiled on Sunday was part of the gravestone originally placed in the old Church of England cemetery, on the north side of Francis street, between Earl and Albert. Steps from the church led down to King street, just opposite Church street. In recent years it had been in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery, all the graves having been moved there many years ago. Following her husband's death, Mrs. Ingersoll returned to her family home in St. Catharines. Her body lies beside her parents in the Merritt family plot behind St. George's Church. Her eldest son, James Hamilton Ingersoll, remained here till 1855, when he moved to St. Catharines. His daughter, Mrs. Richard Davidson, St. Catharines, is the only surviving grandchild of Charles Ingersoll.

Major-General Sir Frederick Benson, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone: "In Memory of Charles Ingersoll, who departed this life, 18 Aug. 1832, at 42 years. And Thomas, his son, at 13 years. Gold is his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which each leader foelt."



Count Horie Davidson St. Catharines
Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
Mrs. Hunter Hamilton Toronto
Lillian Ingersoll Riverside
Taken at the Wood home, Skye Street, Ingersoll after the dedication of the Charles Ingersoll stone in St. James Church - May 1948

100TH ANNIVERSARY OF INGERSOLL CHURCH

Special Thanksgiving Services at Historic St. James's

(Special Dispatch to The Globe.) Ingersoll, Oct. 7. — Services in St. James' Anglican Church today marked the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the parish. Large congregations were present, and the occasion called up 1760 of the struggles and fervor of those early pioneers who were steadfast in their cause and of the continued advancement in numerical strength and larger and better accommodations in which to worship down to the present time.

The church proper today, with its large and modern parish hall in connection, takes its place among the finest in the town. In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or in the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having been the proclama-tion issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers on easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian Chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River LaSalle, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young men to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties dining with him in the vestry made him their agent in the application for a township of 40,000 acres. The offer was passed March 22, 1793.

The village was first called Oxford. About 1817, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1824.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Matthews, 1824-1842; Rev. Henry Hewitt, 1842-1852; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1852-1860; Rev. Robinson Vines, 1860-1864; Rev. Canon J. P. Hinch, 1864-1871; Rev. Edward W. Hinch, 1871-1882; Rev. Ernest T. Greenwood, 1882-1889; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1889-1897; Rev. Joseph T. Macdonald, 1897-1899; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1899-1907; Rev. James Thompson, 1907-1910; Rev. H. J. McDevlin, 1910-1918; Rev. W. E. V. McMillan, 1918.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Clinton T. O. Wilton of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature. On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choruses of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican churches. The special speaker will be Right Rev. C. A. Seager of London, Bishop of Huron.

and we can only humbly pray that Almighty God, who has put it into his heart to devote himself to so worthy an object, will bless him abundantly both in spiritual and temporal things. All of which is respectfully submitted."

(Signed) H. Crosty
C. H. Sealey
Churchwardens

In these early days of St. James' Church, practically all important business was transacted at the Annual Vestry Meetings, usually held at Easter-tide though for reasons not always apparent but presumably involving a lack of attendance, these meetings were sometimes adjourned until a later day. It will suffice for this part of our narrative, to record significant and interesting items in the year in which they came before the Vestry.

1872
A motion was carried that the Vestry assume the debt of Mr. T. Brown, amounting to \$3,918.60, and that he be allowed interest at the rate of 8%. At the same time an appeal was made to the whole congregation to contribute, so that the whole debt might be discharged in a short time, and to this end a special committee was appointed.

1873
A Vestry Meeting held on January 18th, discloses that the Rector's stipend had been irregularly paid. There is also mentioned that \$453.55 had been raised by a Bazaar and it was agreed that this be paid over to Mr. Brown to reduce the debt on the Church. A vote of thanks was tendered to the ladies for this handsome sum. The matter of the debt must have weighed heavily on the officers, for at the same meeting a motion was carried that a Mr. Ellis be empowered to raise subscriptions for the liquidation of the debt on the church, and that he enlist others to aid him, the amounts so raised being payable in three annual instalments.

1874
Still on the matter of the debt on the Church building, we read in the minutes of the Annual Vestry meeting "that we, the members of St. James' Vestry, desire at this annual meeting to testify in the most emphatic manner our sense of deep and lasting indebtedness to Mrs. W. H. Eakins for her noble and spirited conduct in volunteering with much painstaking and persevering effort to collect the funds for the liquidation of the debt remaining on St. James' Church, and to express our great gratification on learning that the eminent service, rendered in accordance with the Scriptural rule of beneficence, has already, by the blessing of God, been attended with most signal success, and we trust that Mrs. Eakins may be induced to continue her noble efforts until the whole debt of the Church be liquidated, and we desire a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mrs. Eakins." The motion carried.

At this meeting Mr. T. Brown submitted the Building Account, showing the amount due to be \$2,753.29.

1875
Mrs. Eakins' reply to the wardens as a vestry is recorded in the minutes of the Easter Vestry meeting.

"Gentlemen,
At the close of my second year's labours for the liquidation of the church debt, I announce to you with much pleasure that the sum of \$2,000.00 has been paid towards that object. With deep gratitude to Almighty God for the manifest blessing which has rested on this work and with thankfulness to all who have aided by their contributions, more especially those whose kind sympathies and unflinching punctuality from month to month have encouraged my efforts and greatly lightened the work. I earnestly hope that the third year's subscriptions may provide for the remainder of the debt, that the congregation may be enabled to use their privileges of doing good in a more exalted manner than the mere payment of a debt necessarily involves, and that our church may become in reality what it is in name, "the Lord's House."

I am, gentlemen, Yours very truly,
Agnes F. Eakins."

The Building Fund submitted showed the amount due on the Building to be \$1553.29.

The Financial Report shows total receipts of \$2174.57, leaving a cash balance on hand of \$54.84 after taking care of all payments.

1876
The Financial Report this year shows an income of \$2109.14 and a balance on hand of \$92.25. At this time the stipend of the Rector, the Rev. J. P. Hinks, was increased by \$100.00, now to be \$1200.00 per annum.

A further interesting addition to the interchange between Vestry and Mrs. Eakins, as follows.

From the Vestry: "That we, the congregation of St. James' Church, in Vestry assembled, feeling the deep sense of gratitude we are placed under to Mrs. Eakins, our indefatigable collector, and desiring to certify to her our true appreciation of her untiring efforts in liquidating the debt on the church, at the sacrifice of both her comfort and health, hereby tender to her our sincere and heartfelt thanks for her disinterested energy manifested in our behalf in this and all other church matters, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mrs. Eakins."

At an adjournment of the same meeting a few days later the following letter to the Wardens and Vestry is recorded:—

"Gentlemen,
My attention has been directed to a resolution passed by the members of the congregation present at the late Easter Vestry Meeting, in which a sum of money was voted for the purchase of a Testimonial in appreciation of my services as collector for the church debt. The Master for them I have laboured has already given me all the reward I ever desired in the successful accomplishment of the work done to the honour of His great Name. I need nothing more. I sincerely thank the gentlemen who desired me to have a congregational acknowledgement of my services, and I duly appreciate the grateful spirit which prompted the wish, but inasmuch as many of my fellow members of the church were not present on that occasion, I cannot receive it as their gift. For those reasons I beg most respectfully to decline the acceptance

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Being of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake and eager to return to the old country, he came to Canada with Joseph, then accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States by land while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada: a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the habit of a number of the settlement of the Indians. Water, abundantly essential to industrial development in those days, was used to turn the water wheels, saw and windmills—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

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Claret Horrie Davidson St. Catharines
 Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
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 Louise & Helen Ingersoll Riverside
 Taken at the Wood home, Kings Street,
 Ingersoll after the dedication of the
 Charles Ingersoll stone in St.
 James Church - May 1948

100th Anniversary of Ingersoll Church Occasion Marked by Special Thanksgiving Services at Historic St. James's

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of the proposed memorial.
 I am, gentlemen, truly yours,
 Agnes F. Eakins
 April 22, 1876.

1877
 The Rectory, the Rev. J. P. Hincks, formally tendered his resignation to make effect on November 25th, but as a later meeting stated that he had applied for an extension from Trinity Church, Galt.

A new organ was purchased from Warren & Sons for \$2,000.00.

At a meeting on November 28th, the Vestry requested the Bishop to appoint the Rev. Edward M. Bland to be Rector of St. James' Church.

1878
 For the first time at the June meeting of the Vestry there appears a Parsonage Fund, with a balance of \$2714.00.

Between the years 1879 and 1883 there appears little to report except that there was a distinct drop in the congregation between 1879 and 1880, the former year totaling 26,217 and in 1880 only 21,860. By 1883 it was apparent that a lack of harmony had developed between the Rector, Mr. Bland, and some members of the congregation. Those who did not like the manner in which the Rector conducted the services expressed their feelings at a meeting, and the Rector in turn explained his views, and there were those in the congregation who suggested him. A further difference appeared between Wardens and parishioners, in part because of a lack of income. A motion put forward at the 1883 Annual Meeting that the Rector's stipend be reduced to \$1,000.00 was carried. By 1885 the Rev. Mr. Bland had received a writ of ejectment issued by Dominion Savings locally, for arrears of interest due on the parsonage. The People's Wardens went to London to ask for a stay of the ejectment and was refused, so a subscription list was prepared and \$501.66 was raised to meet the emergency. The lack of harmony between Rector and congregation continued, however, with the incumbent accused of "High Churchism", and the people divided. Mr. Bland sent a letter of resignation to the Bishop in 1885. This period was followed by one of tranquillity under the Rev. Ernest T. Saunders, again from the recurring shortage of money. Unfortunately Mr. Saunders' health was poor, there he requested leave of absence for three months this was granted on the understanding that he himself would pay for the supply. He resigned in 1888 and the Bishop was requested to appoint the Rev. Robert Kee of Stenford in his place.

It is during Mr. Moorehouse's incumbency that first mention is made in the minutes of the "Womens' Guild", when in 1891 the Rector tendered thanks to the "Ladies of the Guild" for the efficient manner in which they carried on their work. In 1882 we read "that two collections on two Sundays be donated to the Sunday School", and also that arrangements were made to have the church and rectory supplied with water by the "Ingersoll Waterworks Co." Later, in 1894, there is a record of thanks being tendered to the "Brotherhood of St. Andrew", and also to the members of the "Bible and Prayer Book Union".

Mr. Moorehouse's successful ministry was followed by the brief tenure of the Reverend Arthur Murphy (1894-1897). Of this period there is little to report except for the following extract from the Rector's report to the Vestry of 1897, which gives some idea of the nature of the work at that time:

"Since last Easter I have conducted in the Parish 124 services, preached 122 sermons, and given 35 Bible Readings; performed 8 marriages, conducted 21 funerals, and 22 Baptisms. In addition I have made over 700 parochial visits and presented 28 candidates for Confirmation."

During Mr. Murphy's period of office the matter of renting pews was given great consideration, this being the source of income for the church. In 1895 the Special Envelope system was adopted instead.

The Rev. James Thompson succeeded Mr. Murphy in 1897, though no record of his appointment is to be found. The Rector's stipend at this time was \$1200.00 per annum and three weeks' holiday, the church paying the cost of supply during his absence.

One item records the appointment of an organ-blower at a salary of \$1.50 per month.

Another item of interest was a motion to the effect

"That the Vestry will offer no objection if the Rector authorizes the singing of Psalms in the Church at least once a month on the last Sunday evening in the month."

At this time it was declared that statements of the Church property would in future show the following values -

St. James' Church and lots in Ingersoll	\$15,000.00
Furnishings of St. James' Church	2,000.00
Rectory on Oxford Street	3,000.00
St. Michael's Chapel and lot	800.00
	\$20,800.00

In November, 1903, the cost of installing new pews was gone into, and the ladies of the parish were requested to solicit subscriptions for the purpose, the cost of which was not to exceed \$1,000.00. Another item of interest was authority given to the Wardens to dispose of the cemetery lot to the best advantage, with thanks tendered to Donald Sutherland Esq., M.L.A., concerning the Bill authorizing the sale.

The Tribune - Ingersoll May 1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church last Sunday, when Archbishop Seager confirmed a class of 23 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been brought from the cemetery and placed on the wall of the Church vestry.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1798 from the New England States, where his family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1629.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Joseph Brant accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada; a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer encampment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and weaving—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara.

Ingersoll married Anna Maria Merritt, sister of his companion-in-arms.

When the deadly cholera epidemic broke out in 1832, bringing death to thousands of new settlers in Upper Canada, Mr. Ingersoll made every effort to give comfort and relief to those afflicted. In so doing, he, as well as his son Thomas, fell a victim to the disease. Taps was the town deprived of one, who, had he lived, would probably have gone far in the life of the country.

The tablet unveiled on Sunday was part of the gravestone originally placed in the old Church of England cemetery, on the north side of Francis street, between Earl and Albert. Steps from the church led down to King street, just opposite Church street. In recent years it had been in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery, all the graves having been moved there many years ago. Following her husband's death, Mrs. Ingersoll returned to her family home in St. Catharines. Her body lies beside her parents in the Merritt family plot behind St. George's Church. Her eldest son, James Hamilton Ingersoll, remained here till 1865, when he moved to St. Catharines. His daughter, Mrs. Richard Davidson, St. Catharines, is the only surviving grandchild of Charles Ingersoll.

Major-General Sir Frederick Denison, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone:

"In Memory of Charles Ingersoll, who departed this life, 18 Aug. 1832, at 42 years.
"And Thomas, his son, at 13 years.
"Cold is his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which



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Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
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Rube & Helen Ingersoll, Riverside
I saw at the Wood home, Skye Street,
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James Church - May 1948

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(Special Dispatch to The Globe)
Ingersoll, Ont. C. — Services to mark the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the parish. Large congregations were present, and the occasion called up vividly the struggles and fervor of those early pioneers who were steadfast in their cause and of the continued advancement in material strength and larger, and better accommodation in which to worship down to the present time.

In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the Throne, or the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1798 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers on easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian Chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River Lakeshore, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young braves to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties joining with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 64,000 acres. The order was passed March 23, 1792.

The village was first called Oxford, about 1817, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1853.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Biddwell, 1824-1845; Rev. Henry Hewell, 1845-1853; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1853-1861; Rev. Johnstone West, 1861-1864; Rev. Canon J. P. Hinks, 1864-1877; Rev. Edward M. Blund, 1877-1883; Rev. Ernest T. Edmunds, 1883-1889; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1889-1894; Rev. Joseph H. Woodhouse, 1894-1898; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1898-1907; Rev. James Thompson, 1907-1908; Rev. H. J. M. Perkins, 1908-1917; Rev. W. E. V. McMillen, 1917.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodcock of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Canon T. O. Walker of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

On Monday evening there will be a special thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choirs of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican Churches. The special speaker will be Right Rev. C. A. Seager of London, Bishop of Huron.

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On the resignation of Mr. Thompson in 1906, a committee was appointed to submit their choice of a successor to the congregation before asking the sanction of the Bishop.

The next incumbent was the Rev. R. J. M. Perkins. There is no mention of his appointment, but we find that he occupied the Chair at an adjourned Vestry Meeting on April 30th, 1906. The following year an Advisory Board was appointed at the Annual Meeting, which included the following:

Messrs. Colledge, S. M. Fleet, W. B. Nelles, C. Bailey, J. C. Norsworthy, C. White, S. King, C. C. L. Wilson and C. W. Riley.

In the next year, 1908, it was decided to retain the Advisory Board in preference to the Select Vestry as provided by Canon.

The Vestry also investigated the weekly Envelope system of giving to Missions.

A petition was presented by the Choir asking for permission to take steps to be properly robed and vested. Permission was referred to a committee, and upon their report voting was as follows: 74 ballots in favour, 25 against and 11 indifferent. A Mr. Foster addressed the Vestry and asked that the petition be withdrawn. Apparently this was done, but in the year 1909 their petition with regard to surplices was granted and another committee was appointed to put their wishes into effect. Years 13, Nays 31. In 1910 the Rector was requested to inaugurate the Processional and Recessional at the Church services. The salary of the Organist, Mr. Gilmour, was increased from \$450.00 to \$500.00.

In 1916 the Rector's stipend was increased by \$200.00 for the second time in four years, bringing the total up to \$1,600.00; and this was again raised in 1918 to \$1,800.00.

Appended to the minutes of a meeting on April 24th, 1917, is a recommendation to the Rector and Vestry that "it would be to the advantage of the church, and certainly an advantage to the subscribers, to publish the subscriptions of the members in the Annual Report". This practice was carried out for a number of years, until discontinued during the incumbency of Mr. Queen.

In 1918 saw the sale of the old Rectory on Oxford Street and the beginning of the present fine building at 60 Frances Street. Mr. Perkins, who had been largely instrumental in this enterprise, saw this house completed but never lived in it, as he was appointed to Christ Church, Chatham, Ontario, in 1919. The latter year was that of the celebration of the Jubilee of St. James' Church, and a committee consisting of Messrs. J. E. Gayler, C. White, George Naylor, J. C. Norsworthy and G. C. Ellis was appointed to arrange for the celebrations. Records show that the special collection for the Golden Jubilee was \$1109.86, that the special preacher at the Morning Service was the Ven. Archdeacon J. B. Richardson, D.D., of London, and at the Evening Service, the Most Rev. David Williams, Archbishop of Huron.

At a Vestry Meeting held on January 6th, 1920, there is recorded the approval of the Vestry of the action of a special committee in securing the appointment of the Rev. W. E. V. McMillen as Rector at a stipend of \$2,000.00. It is interesting to note that as early as 1921 plans and details for a new Parish Hall began to be gathered, by a committee appointed for this purpose. A typical record shows that at a special Vestry meeting on March 17th, 1924

there were in attendance 34 ladies and 24 men, and it was proposed that \$6,500 be raised to take care of the following items:

Note on the Rectory	\$ 900.00
Overdraft at Bank	150.00
Estimated cost of new roof	1600.00
Decorating interior of the Church	2500.00
	\$ 6500.00

By February 1925 the ladies of the congregation had raised the \$2500.00 which was to be used for the redecoration of the Church. Promises obtained for the Restoration Fund of \$4,000.00 amounted to \$3,888.00.

The matter of a new Parish Hall was again brought before the Vestry in January 1928, and a Ways and Means Committee was formed to secure information. Much work and thought was put into the planning of this building, which was to include a Parish Hall, Sunday School and a Gymnasium. The work proceeded with such effect that on September 28th, 1929 the cornerstone was laid by the Chairman of the Building Committee, Mr. F. A. Ackert, and he was presented with an engraved silver trowel by Mr. F. G. Rich, People's Warden, on behalf of the congregation. When the building was completed, the members of St. James' Church, in the words of their Rector Mr. McMillen, were "in possession of a very beautiful and commodious Parish Hall, not fully paid for so that the congregation now had the objective of working with a view to paying off the indebtedness". The Dedication and opening of the Parish Hall took place on February 28th, 1930 when the Metropolitan of Ontario and Archbishop of Huron, the Most Rev. David Williams, officiated.

In 1931 it was made known that the Rector had been instrumental in bringing four young men to enter the sacred ministry. Walter Gilling, Frank McMullin, Harry G. Cook and William Hills. At this time of writing the Very Rev. Walter Gilling is Dean of Toronto, the Rev. Frank McMullin is Rector of St. Margaret's Church in Toronto, the Rt. Rev. H. G. Cook is Assistant Bishop of Athabasca and the Rev. William Hills is serving at Qualicum Beach on Vancouver Island. The first three were ordained Deacons in St. James' Church on May 26th, 1935. The Rev. William Hills was ordained in Toronto in 1937, and in the same year another young member of the Parish, Mr. Lawrence Owen commenced his Theological studies. Mr. Owen is at present Rector of Trinity Church, Simcoe.

The Rev. W. E. V. McMillen ended his incumbency at St. James in 1934 by means of an exchange of parishes with the Rev. C. K. Masters of Simcoe. Little of special moment in the history of the parish took place during Mr. Masters' period as Rector, except for a series of meetings of the Select Vestry during 1937, in regard to the rather contentious matter of the renting of the Gymnasium to the Community Y.M.C.A. Unfortunately all was not harmonious at this time, but as a result the practice of renting the Gymnasium to the Y.M.C.A. was established. Shortly after the Annual Meeting in January, 1938, the congregation was addressed by the passing of Mrs. Masters, and as a consequence the Rector was desirous of a change. His resignation became effective on December 31, 1938, but it would appear from the minutes that the Rev. H. E. Merifield was in charge of the Parish from September of that year.

The Tribune - Ingersoll May 1948

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Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where he had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1629.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. One Joseph accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada, a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer campment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and weaving—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So, in this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara.

She became the wife of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Ox-



Count Horrie Davidson St. Catharines
 Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
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 Ruth & Helen Ingersoll Riverside
 Taken at the Wood home, St. Catharines
 Ingersoll after the dedication of the
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 Ingersoll, Oct. 7. — Services in St. James' Anglican Church today marked the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the parish. Large congregations were present, and the occasion called up vividly the struggles and fervor of those early pioneers who were steadfast in their cause and of the continued advancement to numerical strength and larger and better accommodations in which to worship down to the present time.

The church proper today, with its large and modern parish hall in connection, takes its place among the finest in the town.

In commemorating the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or in the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers of easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River lot, now called the Thames. This is the promise Brant sent all of his best young braves to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties signing with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 64,000 acres. The offer was passed March 21, 1793.

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During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Macbride, 1824-1845; Rev. Henry Hewitt, 1845-1852; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1852-1859; Rev. Johnstone, Vicar, 1859-1864; Rev. Canon J. P. Hinks, 1864-1877; Rev. Edward M. Black, 1877-1882; Rev. Edward T. Easton, 1882-1889; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1889-1890; Rev. Joseph H. Moorhouse, 1890-1894; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1894-1897; Rev. James Thompson, 1897-1898; Rev. H. J. M. Perkins, 1898-1899; Rev. W. R. W. Macdonald, 1918.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodrope of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Canon T. G. Walker of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

On Monday evening there will be a special thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choir of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican Churches. The special prayer will be given by Rev. C. A. Seager of London, Bishop of Huron.

We gather from the Minutes of the 1939 Annual Vestry Meeting that a Board of Management would replace the Select Vestry, and would consist of 21 members, 11 appointed by the Rector and 10 elected by the congregation. These minutes were signed by Rev. H. E. Merifield as Chairman. The interests of the parish had been in his care as "Curate in Charge", and as carried out his duties to the general satisfaction his appointment as Rector was requested, to commence on April 1st, 1939. Affairs were progressing well under his leadership, and it was pointed out that there were 520 families listed as associated with the parish, though many were thus far nominal members only. The Synod Journal had reported 220 families at the time when Mr. Merifield first took charge of the Parish. By the year 1940 the Maintenance account showed a slight increase in the balance on hand; the Mission apportionment was paid in full; \$700.00 was paid on the principal for the Parish Hall Mortgage, leaving a balance of \$3,500.00 still owing; and renovations had been made to a double house on King Hiram Street which had been given to the Church two years earlier by Mr. William Beckes. During this ministry also the "Junior Church" was formed, and served the parish well for many years under the care of Mrs. William Hills, Mrs. Vincent Wilson and others, until recently when it was amalgamated with the Church School, now operating at 11:00 a.m. on Sunday mornings.

The following is an extract from the Financial Report for the year ending December 31st, 1943: "One of the highlights during the year was the splendid gift of a complete electric pneumatic-action church pipe organ". This organ was the gift of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Wilson, in loving memory of their parents. It was dedicated on May 12th, 1944, by the Most Rev. Charles A. Seager, Archbishop of Huron. The 1943 report also shows the wiping out of the Mortgage on the Parish Hall, and a social evening was held for the burning of the Mortgage.

The year 1944 was notable for the changes made in the chancel of the Church, this being extended to make more room for the choir at the expense of some seating accommodation in the Nave. The congregation generally were enthusiastic about the changes and additions, including the pipe organ previously referred to. Many members of the church and organizations donated furniture and panelling, and also a new pulpit and lectern and other gifts and memorials. The memorials are listed in another part of this history. Because of these new gifts, some of the Church furniture including the old pulpit, lectern and reading desk which had now been replaced, were given to St. John's Church, Thamesford, on its being made known that they would be happy to have them.

Mr. Merifield left St. James', Ingersoll, to assume new duties as Rector of St. James' Church, Westminster, in London, in March of 1946. In the interval between his departure and the induction of his successor, the Rev. Canon J. Queen, the pulpit and other offices of the Rector were taken care of by the Rev. H. Snell, as priest-in-charge. Mr. Queen was inducted in July 1946.

1946 was the year for the commencement of the Anglican Advance Appeal, and we note from the 1947 report that cash was received in the amount of \$2772.80 plus pledges and promises of \$6,977.00 making a total contribution by the parish of \$9,749.80 out of an objective of \$10,000.00.

In May 1947 the Rector and Wardens were authorized to accept an offer of \$4,500.00 for the double house which had been bequeathed to the Church

some years before by Mr. William Beckes. This sale was made as the Board of Management held it incompatible for the Church to hold rental property. Later, the church found it necessary to build a garage for the Rectory, and it is interesting to find that eventually, when it became desirable to increase the church's property, with a view to providing parking space, the balance was used in the purchase of some contiguous property owned by the Community Y.M.C.A.

During the year 1949 a campaign was held for the building of the new Huron College in London, and well over \$16,000.00 was raised in cash and pledges. The Rector stated at a meeting on December 5th, 1949; that this was the most successful campaign in his experience, and it is recorded in the minutes of the Board of Management that the Bishop referred to St. James' Church as a shining example of what could be accomplished if a proper effort was made.

A special meeting of the Board of Management was held on April 30th, which was attended by Dr. Harry O'Neill, Principal of Huron College. Dr. O'Neill stated that while the building of Huron College was proceeding, funds were not keeping pace with expenditures, and the College was in need of an able man to take general charge of the campaign. The College Council had declared their choice to be the Rev. C. J. Queen, and a letter from the Bishop was read endorsing the Council's choice. The Board was asked to grant permission for Mr. Queen to undertake this important work, and this permission was granted.

During the absence of the Rector the Parish was cared for by the Rev. G. R. Ding, whose services were so much appreciated that when the time came for him to leave, a social hour was held and a clerical cloak was presented to him by the congregation.

On May 22nd, 1952, another young man from the congregation, David Walsh, was ordered Deacon at St. Chad's Theological College, Regina, Sask. He too was presented with a clerical cloak by the members of the Parish.

During this period several important improvements were made to the interior of the church. The re-writing of the church and the installation of Cathedral lighting subscribed for by the congregation were dedicated on December 13th, 1953 by the Rev. A. H. Crowfoot, M.A., D.D., and a plaque commemorating the same was placed in the vestibule. The re-decorating of the church, which had been under consideration for some time, was finally authorized, and the total cost taken care of by subscriptions from the people. The work was carried out by Mr. A. W. R. McDougall at a cost of \$4,500.00.

The Annual Vestry held on January 23rd, 1956, was informed that the Rector, the Rev. C. J. Queen, had completed ten years of a most successful ministry and that a new Rector would take charge on April 2nd, the present incumbent having been appointed Diocesan Commissioner for the Diocese of Huron. Interim supply for the church services until the new appointment would be the Rev. J. A. Davies of Woodstock. The Rev. L. V. Pocock of St. David's Church, London, accepted the rectorship of St. James' Church, Ingersoll to take effect on April 2nd, 1956.

In February, 1957, the formation of a Servers' Guild for the church was approved.

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Mrs. John Ingersoll Riverside

taken at the Wood home, Skye Street,
Ingersoll after the dedication of the
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James Church - May 1948

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Occasion Marked by Special Thanksgiving Services at Historic St. James's

(Special Despatch to The Globe.)

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In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or in the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers on easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian Chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River Landing, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young men to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. "The parties" joining with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 36,000 acres. The grant was passed March 23, 1792.

"The village was first called Oxford. About 1821, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1822.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of sixteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Bodwell, 1824-1825; Rev. Henry H. 1825-1827; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1827-1829; Rev. Johnstone Vigar, 1829-1831; Rev. Canon J. P. Hens, 1831-1833; Rev. Edward M. Hens, 1833-1835; Rev. James T. Goodwin, 1835-1837; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1837-1839; Rev. George H. Woodhouse, 1839-1841; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1841-1843; Rev. James Thompson, 1843-1845; Rev. R. J. M. Perkins, 1845-1847; Rev. W. R. V. Madeline, 1919.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. R. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening sermon was given by Mr. Gordon T. G. Wallace of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choirs of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican churches. The special speaker will be Right Rev. C. A. Szefer of London, Bishop of Huron.

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The Church contributed the sum of \$1102.09 to the Church Extension fund during the period 1956-57.

The Rev. Handley Perkins, son of the former rector, was the special preacher at the 90th Anniversary of the Church in 1958.

In February 1958 the Board of Management authorized St. James' Chapter of the Brotherhood of Anglican Churchmen to set up a special fund to assist young men of St. James' to train for the Ministry, the Brotherhood to be the custodian of the Fund.

From the minutes of the Board of Management meeting held on September 11th, 1962, it is learned that consultations were held on behalf of the congregation to two who had entered the Ministry from St. James'—the Rev. Walter Gilling on his appointment as Dean of Toronto, and Canon Henry Cook, who had been elected Suffragan Bishop of the Arctic and whose Consecration took place in Edmonton on Epiphany Sunday, January 6th, 1963. The congregation was pleased to present Bishop-elect Cook with a Pastoral Staff, one of the emblems of his office, at a special service in St. James' Church on Sunday, December 9th, 1962.

An exchange of pulpits took place in January 1964 between St. Aidan's Church, Riverside (now Windsor) and St. James' Church, Ingersoll, thus permitting the coming to St. James' of the Rev. R. R. Sadleir. Beginning with Mr. Sadleir's arrival in the Parish, a monthly "Leaflet" was published and sent to every member, so keeping every parishioner posted in matters of concern.

In this year is recorded a gift of land adjacent to the church property by Dr. Charles Cornish. Together with the purchase of Y.M.C.A. property already referred to, this brought about a considerable increase in the land surrounding the church buildings, and it is proposed to provide adequate and much-needed parking space for the various church activities. The Evening Guild undertook the demolition of the old Y.M.C.A. building which still stood on the latter property.

The Rev. Percy G. Docksey assumed his duties as assistant to the Rector in June, 1965, and was very well received by the parish. His services were very helpful both in the conduct of the services and in parish visiting, but unfortunately, due to ill-health, he had to resign his duties as of February, 1967.

The Consecration of the Ven. Archbishop Carman J. Queen, Diocesan Commissioner and former Rector of St. James', as Bishop of St. Clair, took place in St. Paul's Cathedral, London, on January 25th, and St. James' was well represented on this occasion. The parish presented the new Bishop with his Episcopal ring.

Through the organization of a Council of Women under the presidency of Mrs. R. A. Laver, in 1965, a very successful effort to unify all the women's organizations in one co-operative effort had been made in the parish. This new departure paved the way for an immediate response from the women of St. James' when the Canadian Church decided to bring together all the women's work of the church in one united organization, and 1967 saw the establishment in the parish of Anglican Church Women, with Mrs. Kenneth Hall as its first president.

Other contributions made by St. James' Church to the Church at large include the following sums for Anglican World Mission:

1964	\$ 821.32
1965	989.44
1966	800.00
1967	1084.10

From 1966 our special project has been the new work in Venezuela.

A substantial sum was also contributed to the building of St. Monica House, a home for unmarried mothers which was a diocesan project for Canada's Centennial Year, and a further sum added from the community through the efforts of canvassers from St. James'. Many of the members attended the District of Ingersoll's Ecumenical Centennial Service, held at the Ingersoll Diocesan Collegiate Institute under the auspices of the Ingersoll Ministerial Association. The special preacher on this occasion was the Rev. Thomas C. Douglas, leader on one of the federal political parties in Ottawa.

Since 1968 is the Centennial of the building of St. James' Church, plans have been made for its celebration. A Centennial Fund of \$9,000.00 is being raised in addition to the regular expenses of the Parish, this amount being the cost of building the original church in 1868, and which will be used for necessary renovation to the interior. Special services are also planned throughout the year according to the following programme:

- EASTER DAY, APRIL 14th
The Right Rev. G.N. Laxton, D.D.,
L.D., Bishop of Huron.
The Bishop will also administer
Confirmation at 3:00 p.m.
- APRIL 21st
The Rev. F.C. McMalkin, Rector
of St. Margaret's Church, Toronto.
- APRIL 28th
The Rev. L.E. Owen, B.A., Rector
of Trinity Church, Simcoe.
- MAY 5th
The Right Rev. C.J. Queen, B.A.,
L.Th., D.D. Bishop of St. Clair.
- MAY 12th
The Right Rev. H.G. Cook, D.D.,
Suffragan Bishop of Athabasca.

- MAY 19th
Mr. Arnold Edinborough, Editor
and Publisher of Saturday Night
Magazine, Toronto.
- HARVEST FESTIVAL, SEPT. 29th
The Rev. D.A. Walsh, L.Th., Rector
of the Church of the Good Shepherd,
St. Catharines.
- OCTOBER 6th
Church Parade for the officers and
men of the 3rd. Battalion, Royal
Canadian Regiment.
- THANKSGIVING SUNDAY, OCT. 13
The Most Reverend Howard H.
Clark, D.D., D.C.L., Archbishop of
Rupert's Land and Primate of all
Canada.

The Tribune - Ingersoll, May 1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church, last Sunday, when Archbishop Spence confirmed a class of 25 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been brought from the cemetery and placed on the wall of the Church vestibule.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where the family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1632.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Joseph, accompanied Ingersoll since the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada; a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer campment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and sawing—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So, to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she resided at Niagara. She became the well-known heroine of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Oxford.

Ingersoll married Anna Maria Merritt, sister of his companion-in-arms. When the deadly cholera epidemic broke out in 1832, bringing death to thousands of new settlers in Upper Canada, Mr. Ingersoll made every effort to give comfort and relief to those afflicted. In so doing he, as well as his son Thomas, fell a victim to the disease. This was the town deprived of one, who had he lived, would probably have gone far in the life of the country.

The tablet unveiled on Sunday was part of the gravestone originally placed in the old Church of England cemetery, at the north side of Francis street, between Earl and Albert. Steps from the church led down to King street, just opposite Church street. In recent years it had been in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery, all the graves having been moved there many years ago. Following her husband's death, Mrs. Ingersoll returned to her family home in St. Catharines. Her body lies beside her parents in the Merritt family plot behind St. George's Church. Her eldest son, James Hamilton Ingersoll, remained here till 1855, when he moved to St. Catharines. His daughter, Mrs. Richard Davidson, St. Catharines, is the only surviving grandchild of Charles Ingersoll.



Uncle Horrie Davidson St. Catharines
Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
Mrs. Hunter Hamilton Ingersoll
Arthur & Helen Ingersoll, Riverside

Laid at the Wood home, Duke Street, Ingersoll after the dedication of the Charles Ingersoll stone in St. James Church - May 1948

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Occasion Marked by Special Thanksgiving Services at Historic St. James's

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In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Charles Ingersoll arrived in the town, as the son of William H. Ingersoll, in connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having been the proclama-tion issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers of any term. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian Chief, Sagoyewegon, who advised him that if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Sagoyewegon advised him to select lands on River Lot 12, now called the Thomas. True to his promise, Sagoyewegon sent one of his young men to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The purchasing with him in the western part of the town, and in the application for a township of 36,000 acres. The purchase was made March 22, 1793.

The village was first called Oxford in 1802. In 1812, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and called St. James' in January, 1822.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Bellows, 1812-1815; Rev. Henry Hewitt, 1816-1822; Rev. J. Walker, 1823-1828; Rev. Johnstone, 1829-1831; Rev. Charles J. P. 1832-1837; Rev. Edward H. 1838-1842; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1843-1847; Rev. George T. 1848-1851; Rev. Arthur Mayby, 1852-1857; Rev. James Thompson, 1858-1861; Rev. M. M. Pritchard, 1862-1865; Rev. W. E. 1866-1871.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodhouse of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Clinton T. G. Wallace of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by musical clubs of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican Churches. The special speaker will be Bishop Theo. C. A. Ross of London, Bishop of Huron.

Financial Reports list the following bequests having been made

1925 - S. S. Frances Stinson Estate	\$1,000.00
1928 - Miss Ella Stinson Estate House on Thames St. North sold for Sunday School Building Fund	2,416.62
1930 - Saunders Bequest (for Building Fund)	500.00
1933 - Michael Walsh Estate (for Parish Hall)	1,000.00
1941 - King Arthur Palmer Memorial for Missions	100.00
1943 - Edward J. Chapman	100.00
1944 - Mrs. C.C.J. Wilson	100.00
1945 - Mrs. Melinda Ada Wickens	250.00
1945 - Proceeds from sale of house (Becker Endowment)	4,000.00
1947 - Mrs. Florence Davidson of St. Catharines (Boys' Choir Fund)	150.00
1948 - Mrs. L.K. Barton	100.00
1948 - Mrs. Sarah Maude Wilson	700.00
1949 - Miss Ada Eleanor Palmer (for Home Missions)	1,000.00
1949 - Mrs. Florence Thomas Endowment (for purchase of a Pall)	1,000.00
1957 - Memorial Frederick J. Brewer	
Interest from \$100.00 Bond to be applied to Mission a/c	100.00
1963 - Gift from Mrs. Geo. Shelton for the purchase of Hymn Books as a memorial to her late husband	300.00
The following bequest from the Catharine Wilson Estate	
1959 - \$4,500.00	
1960 - \$1,000.00	
1962 - \$1,000.00	
1964 - \$2,500.00	
1962 - John E. Gayer estate	1,000.00
1965 - Wright Bequest	500.00

All the above were deposited in Maintenance account. The above funds assisted greatly in the alterations and improvements to the kitchen and Parish Hall.

LIST OF MEMORIALS

Communion Table	Presented by the Woman's Auxiliary, February, 1925.
Chalice and Paten	Presented by Col. and Mrs. Holcroft in 1841.
Chalice and Paten	In memory of Canfield 1816-1863.
Alms Basin	Presented by Mrs. Emily Crawford Young in memory of her parents, 1913.

Two Collection Plates	Presented by Mr. and Mrs. Becker and Miss Becker in memory of Miss Waring. Presented by Mr. F.G. Venables.
Super Frontal	Presented by Mr. Fred Sheldon
Reredos	Presented by Mrs. C.C.L. Wilson. In loving memory of - Charles Clement Luamsden Wilson Charles Legh Wilson North Margaret Wilson Cragg Archibald Grant Wilson Presented by Woman's Guild, November 1924.
Panelling	Presented by Mr. and Mrs. W.J. Tunc. In loving memory of William Rymann, who departed this life June 28th, 1932.
Credence Table	Presented by the Woman's Auxiliary. In sacred memory of Florence A. Canfield, October 1918.
Altar Book	Presented by Mrs. B.C. Wood and her daughters, Grace, Alys, Edith and Kathleen in memory of Lieut. George Beaumont, who made the supreme sacrifice in France at the Somme, January, 1918. Buried in France at Vannes.
Altar Cross	1. In memory of Major Edward Cuthbert Norworthy and 2. Lieut. Alfred James Norworthy, who laid down their lives in the Great War, 1914-1918.
Bronze Tablets (2)	Commemorating the names of thirty-four members of the Congregation who gave their lives for King and Country, in the Great War, 1914-1918.
Brass Memorial Tablet	1. David Canfield 1806-1885, actively interested in forming this Parish, and in building this Church, 1868, and of his wife, Susannah Grannis, 1818-1863. 2. Florence Amelia Noxon, beloved wife of F.D. Canfield, M.D., 1859-1917.
Marble Tablets (2)	1. David Canfield 1806-1885, actively interested in forming this Parish, and in building this Church, 1868, and of his wife, Susannah Grannis, 1818-1863. 2. Florence Amelia Noxon, beloved wife of F.D. Canfield, M.D., 1859-1917.
Baptistry	In memory of Nelson Edward Riley, presented by his father and mother, Mr. & Mrs. C.W. Riley. This Baptistry has very lovely furnishings, including ornamental ironwork gates and three stained glass windows - 1. "The Good Shepherd" depicting our Saviour with lamb and staff. 2. "Suffer the little children to come unto me, for of such is the Kingdom of God"

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"Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Justice Borden, accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States to interview prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Canada; good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer campment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and weaving—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

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Major-General Sir Frederick Benson, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone:

"In Memory of Charles Ingersoll, who departed this life, 18 Aug. 1832, at 42 years."

"And Thomas, his son, at 13 years."

"Cold is his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which each tender feeling rose is now unconscious of a Widow's weep."



Clara Horne Davidson St. Catharines
Kathleen and Edythe Wood Ingersoll
Mrs. Hunter Hamilton Toronto
Lillian Ingersoll Riverside

Taken at the Wood home, Skye Street, Ingersoll after the dedication of the Charles Ingersoll stone in St. James Church - May 1948

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During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows:—Rev. John Bellamy, 1814-1845; Rev. Henry Bellamy, 1845-1853; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1853-1861; Rev. Johnstone Veitch, 1861-1864; Rev. Canon J. P. Hinks, 1864-1871; Rev. Edward M. Hinds, 1871-1880; Rev. Thomas T. Sandford, 1880-1889; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1889-1896; Rev. Joseph H. Moorhouse, 1896-1894; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1894-1897; Rev. James Thompson, 1897-1898; Rev. R. J. M. Perkins, 1898-1911; Rev. W. K. V. Macdonald, 1911.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. R. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Canon T. D. Walker of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature. On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choral of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican Churches. The special speaker will be Right Rev. C. A. Seager of London, Bishop of Huron.

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- Silver Baptismal Bowl In memory of John and Kathleen Lee, 1938.
- Gallery Paneling and Clock 1955 In memory of William and Elizabeth Beckes, erected by their daughter Florence.
- Cathedral Lighting Installed by the Congregation of St. James' Church 1953.
- Prayer Desk in Sanctuary In memory of Arthur Edwin Lizzard given by his wife.
- Pulpit Light In loving memory of William H. Street given by his wife - 1953.
- Litany Desk In memory of Reginald and Wilhelmina Costry from their children
- Lectern Bible and Junior Church In loving memory of William Ewart Gladstone Wilson by his loving wife Rose May Wilson.
- Processional Cross "We record the names of those who have gone forward into the Sacred Ministry of the Church"
- Honor Roll Tablet 1935 - Henry G. Cook
1935 - Francis C. McMillin
1935 - Walter J. Gilling
1937 - William Hillis
1940 - Lawrence W. Owen
1952 - David Albert Walsh
Presented by St. James' Church Sunday School 1950.
- Given by Dr. John Partlo, 1960.
- Commemorating the names of 238 members of St. James' Church congregation, who served King and Country in World War II and showing the names of those who did not return.
- Walter Chaffield George Male
John Howard Fuller Brock LaVene Owen
John Burton Gayfer Wm. Reginald Stone.
Cecil Henderson Robt. Philpott-Swallow
W.H. Houston Wm. Harold Wade
Charles Lambert Wm. Wilson
G.E. Lewis Douglas S. Wotzenbach
Gordon J.R. Lockey Howard Wright
- In memory of James Ingersoll who departed this life Aug. 1832 aged 42 years and Thomas, his son aged 13 years. "Cold is his hand and heart-cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart in which each

(Mark 10-14) Showing our Saviour with a group of little children.
3. St. John. Showing the beloved disciple with pen and scroll.

tender feeling rose is now unconscious of a Widow's weep:
That hand so active in affording aid
When pestilence on human victims prey'd,
By deadly cholera a length was seized
When in the very act of mercy raised."

Brass Tablet in Vestibule This tablet is placed here, To the Glory of God and in loving memory of Charles Ingersoll, oldest son of Thomas Ingersoll, after whom the town of Ingersoll was named. By his grand-daughter and great grand-daughter.

Painting of Old St. James' Church Ingersoll, circa 1852 Painted from a sketch by Edward Chapman and presented by the artist, Mrs. Ida C. Geimes, 1952.

Painting of Present St. James' Church In loving memory of the artist, Ida C. Geimes and presented by her family.

The Warden's Wands (2) 1. By Mr. Russell Street in memory of his mother, Mrs. W.H. Street.
2. In memory of departed members of "The Old Disking Club".

Portable Electric Sewing Machine In memory of Mrs. C.H. Sumner, the gift of her daughter, Mrs. J.R. McDonald.

MEMORIAL WINDOWS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- North Side:
- Showing the descent of the Holy Spirit on Christ - In memory of Thos. Brown who died September 24th, 1899, in his 90th year. Erected by his many friends.
 - Showing the Saviour holding a lamb - "I am the good Shepherd. My sheep shall hear my voice, and I give unto them eternal life." To the glory of God and in affectionate memory of Jonathan Jarvis, who fell asleep in Jesus December 14th, 1881.
 - Showing Martha preparing the table while Mary is seated at the Master's feet. "Mary hath chosen that good part" (St. Luke (10:42). To the glory of God and in loving memory of Mother Helena Ryan, died May 24th, 1927 in her 83rd year. Erected by her son William, June 1933.
 - Showing the Good Samaritan attending to the man who had been beaten by thieves. To the glory of God and in loving memory of Margaret A. Coleridge, who entered into rest October 31st, 1931, "He giveth his beloved sleep. (Ps. CXXXVII-2).
- South Side:
- A scroll on which is inscribed - "As a flower of the field so be flourished."

The Tribune Ingersoll May 1948
1948

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When the deadly cholera epidemic broke out in 1832, bringing death to thousands of new settlers in Upper Canada, Mr. Ingersoll made every effort to give comfort and relief to those afflicted. In so doing, he, as well as his son Thomas, fell a victim to the disease. Thus was the town deprived of one, who, had he lived, would probably have gone far in the life of the country.

The tablet unveiled on Sunday was part of the gravestone originally placed in the old Church of England cemetery, on the north side of Francis street, between Earl and Albert. Steps from the church led down to King street—just opposite—Church street. In recent years it had been in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery, all the graves having been moved there many years ago. Following her husband's death, Mrs. Ingersoll returned to her family home in St. Catharines. Her body lies beside her parents in the Merritt family plot behind St. George's Church. Her eldest son, James Hamilton Ingersoll, remained here till 1845, when he moved to St. Catharines. His daughter, Mrs. Richard Davidson, St. Catharines, is the only surviving grandchild of Charles Ingersoll.

Major-General Sir Frederick Benson, was the son of Charles Ingersoll's eldest sister, and Lieut. Col. Cecil Ingersoll Merritt, V.C., is a direct descendant.

The following inscription, typical of that period, is on the stone:

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"And Thomas, his son, at 13 years."

"Cold is his hand and heart, cold is that eye which often wept o'er human misery. That heart, in which each tender feeling seems to have



Clint Florie Davidson St Catharines
Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
Mrs Hunter Hamilton Ingersoll
Lulu & Julia Ingersoll Riverside
Taken at the Wood home, Duke Street,
Ingersoll after the dedication of the
Charles Ingersoll stone in St.
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In emphasizing the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or in the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1783 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers on easy terms. While in New York, Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River LaPêche, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent one of his best young braves to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The parties coming with him in the venture, and him their agent in the application for a township of 36,000 acres. The offer was passed March 22, 1784.

The village was first called Oxford about 1817. James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was Postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1822.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Hubbard, 1824-1845; Rev. Henry Reade, 1845-1851; Rev. J. Walker Marsh, 1851-1859; Rev. Johnstone Vickers, 1859-1864; Rev. Canon J. P. Hinks, 1864-1877; Rev. Edward M. Board, 1877-1880; Rev. Ernest T. Gaudreau, 1880-1882; Rev. Robert Kerr, 1882-1885; Rev. Joseph H. Moorhouse, 1885-1894; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1894-1897; Rev. James Thompson, 1897-1899; Rev. R. J. M. Perkins, 1899-1918; Rev. W. R. V. McKinnon, 1918-1920.

The morning service was delivered by Rev. R. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, Rectory of Detroit, while the evening service was given by Rev. Canon F. D. Walker of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

On Monday evening there will be a special Thanksgiving service with a musical service by mixed choirs of Ingersoll and Woodstock Anglican Churches. The special appeal will be made by Rev. G. Rogers of London, Bishop of Huron.

- For the wind passeth over it and it is gone." In memory of George B. and Maggie Rousseau, departed this life November 28th and December 26th, 1875. Aged 24 and 20 years.
- 6. Showing Christ knocking at the door. "Behold I stand at the door and knock. If any man hear my voice, and open the Door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him and he with Me." To the glory of God, and in memory of Rev. Canon J. P. Hinks, who died January 3rd, 1911. Rector of this parish 1864-1877.
- 7. Showing Dorcas and St. Peter. In loving memory of Mrs. Jane Elizabeth Norsworthy 1860-1951. "Full of good works." Acts 9-36
- Sanctuary Window depicting —
 - 1. The Birth—"Unto you is born a Savior which is Christ the Lord".
 - 2. The Ascension—"He is not here, for He is risen as he said".
- In memory of James Counter Norsworthy. Born May 2, 1846. Died Nov. 4, 1936.
- The Hillgreen Lane Pipe Organ
Chimes - Harp - Screens
- The gift of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Wilson, to the Glory of God and in loving memory of their parents
Mr. and Mrs. William Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Walsh.
- The Bishop's Chair and Clergy Sedilia
The gifts of Mrs. F. H. Adams and family to the Glory of God and in loving memory of Frederick Herbert Adams
- The Sanctuary Panelling
The gift of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Owen to the Glory of God and in loving memory of Flight Sergeant Brock LaVerne Owen killed in action July 4, 1943
- and
The Gift of F.A. Beckes to the Glory of God and in loving memory of Miss Waring
- and
the gift of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Arkell
"To the Glory of God"
- and
the gift of Mrs. Margaret Skinner to the Glory of God and in loving memory of Mrs. C.C.L. Wilson
- and
the gift of the Women's Auxiliary to the Glory of God and sacred to the memory of Henrietta Spinlove Knights for many years the President of the Women's Auxiliary of St. James' Church

- and
the gift of the Evening Guild to the Glory of God
"In Memoriam"
- and
the gift of the Church Sunday School
"To the Glory of God"
- and
the gift of the Disking Club
"To the Glory of God"
- and
the gift of Mr. and Mrs. George Beck
"To the Glory of God"
- The Prayer Desk and Set
The gift of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Stone and family
To the Glory of God and in loving memory of
Sergeant William Reginald Stone, R.C.A.F.
killed in action, February 3, 1944
- The Litany Book
The gift of the Junior Girls' Auxiliary
"To the Glory of God"
- The Service Prayer Book
The gift to Mr. and Mrs. Alex J. Edmonds
"To the Glory of God"
- The Pulpit
The gift of Mr. and Mrs. E.A. Wilson to the Glory of God and in loving memory of their son, Ernest Clifford Wilson
- The Lectern
The gift of Mr. and Mrs. E.A. Wilson to the Glory of God and sacred to the memory of
The Venerable Archdean R.J.M. Perkins, M.A.
A former Rector of this Church
- The Two Hymn Boards
The gift of the Church Choir to the Glory of God
"In Memoriam"
- Two Pulpit-Prayer Hooks
Presented by Mrs. George Beck in loving memory of her husband
George Devlin Beck.
Red Ensign
Given by Mr. & Mrs. R. A. Stone

The Tribune - Ingersoll, May 1948

Grave Stone of Pioneer Dedicated by Archbishop

An interesting feature of the morning service at St. James' Anglican Church last Sunday, when Archbishop Heger confirmed a class of 29 candidates, was also the dedication of the grave stone of Charles Ingersoll, which has recently been brought from the cemetery and placed on the wall of the Church vestibule.

Charles Ingersoll was the eldest son of Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came to Canada in 1793 from the New England States, where the family had lived since migrating from Bedfordshire, England, in 1629.

Many of those who had supported the revolutionary cause soon realized their mistake, and eager to return to the old flag, came to Canada. Chief Joseph Brant accompanied Governor Simcoe to the States to recruit prospective settlers and it was while there that he met Major Ingersoll, assuring him that he could settle in what was considered one of the most fertile sections of Ontario; a place which he knew to possess a good water supply, as it had long been the location of a summer encampment of the Indians. Water, absolutely essential to industrial development in those days, was used to run the various mills—grist, saw and weaving—that formed the nucleus of all new settlements.

So, to this part came Thomas Ingersoll, with a group of friends. He settled in what is now the centre of the town, his log house being situated where the Ingersoll Public Utilities Office now is. He is said to have been visited there by his eldest daughter, Laura, who before the family came to Canada, had married a Mr. Secord, and with whom she remained at Niagara. She became the well-known heroine of the war of 1812—Laura Secord. This settlement was at that time known as Oxford.

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In reprobating the time that has elapsed since the founding of St. James' Parish, it has been stated that it was three years before Queen Victoria ascended to the throne, or in the reign of William IV. In connection with the history of the parish, reference has been made to the fact that the first white settler here was Major Thomas Ingersoll, who came in 1793 from the United States, having seen the proclamation issued by Governor Simcoe offering land to settlers for any term. While in New York Mr. Ingersoll met the famous Indian Chief, Joseph Brant, who advised him that, if he would come to Canada, he would show him the best lands for settlement. Brant advised him to select lands on River Terrace, now called the Thames. True to his promise, Brant sent six of his best young braves to show Major Ingersoll the most desirable lands. The party, coming with him in the venture made him their agent in the application for a township of 65,000 acres. This was passed March 23, 1793.

The village was first called Oxford. About 1817, James Ingersoll, son of Thomas Ingersoll, was postmaster and he called the place Ingersoll after his father. It was incorporated as a village and elected its first Council in January, 1823.

During the century the parish has been under the charge of thirteen incumbents, as follows: Rev. John Holbwell, 1814-1815; Rev. Henry Revell, 1815-1816; Rev. A. Walker Marsh, 1816-1817; Rev. Johnstone Vicars, 1817-1818; Rev. Canon J. P. Hincks, 1818-1819; Rev. Edward M. Bland, 1819-1820; Rev. James Thompson, 1820-1821; Rev. Joseph H. Moorehouse, 1821-1822; Rev. Arthur Murphy, 1822-1823; Rev. H. J. M. Perkins, 1823-1824; Rev. W. E. V. McMillen, 1824-1825.

The morning sermon was delivered by Rev. H. W. Woodroffe of Woodstock, formerly of Detroit, while the evening sermon was given by Rev. Canon T. O. Wallace of St. James' Church, London. Special music at each service was a feature.

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in loving memory of their son
William Reginald Stone, R.C.A.F.

Union Jack
Given by Miss Susan Richardson
in loving memory of her brother
D'Arcy Galliford Richardson
Canadian and Church Flags
Given by Mr. & Mrs. Leonard Coles
in loving memory of
Mr. F. H. Adams

INCUMBENTS OF THE PARISH OF ST. JAMES', INGERSOLL.

Rev. John Rothwell	1814-1815
Rev. Henry Revell	1816-1817
Rev. J. Walter Marsh	1818-1819
Rev. Johnstone Vicars	1820-1821
Rev. Canon J. P. Hincks	1822-1823
Rev. Edward M. Bland	1824-1825
Rev. Ernest T. Saunders	1826-1827
Rev. Robert Ker	1828-1829
Rev. Joseph H. Moorehouse	1830-1831
Rev. Arthur Murphy	1832-1833
Rev. James Thompson	1834-1835
Rev. R. J. M. Perkins	1836-1837
Rev. W. E. V. McMillen	1838-1839
Rev. C. K. Masters	1840-1841
Rev. H. E. Merifield	1842-1843
Rev. C. J. Queen	1844-1845
Rev. L. V. Pocock	1846-1847
Rev. R. R. Sadler	1848

LIST OF WARDENS

Year	Rector's	Peoples
1868	Henry Crotty	W. H. Eakins
1869	Henry Crotty	J. M. Chagnon
1870	Henry Crotty	Chas. H. Scary
1871	Henry Crotty	W. H. Eakins
1872	Henry Crotty	A. McLean
1873	Henry Crotty	W. H. Eakins
1874	Henry Crotty	W. H. Eakins
1875	Henry Crotty	T. Wells
1876	Henry Crotty	T. Wells



Miss Annie Davidson St Catharines
Kathleen and Edith Wood Ingersoll
Mrs. James Hamilton Ingersoll
Miss Helen Ingersoll Riverside

Tablet at the Wood home, Stone Street
Ingersoll after the dedication of the
Charles Ingersoll stone in St.
James Church - May 1948

1877	T. Wells	D. White
1878	T. Wells	D. White
1879	T. Wells	Jonathan Jarvis
1880	H. Crotty	P. L. Perkins
		Jonathan Jarvis
1881	H. Crotty	P. L. Perkins
1882	H. Crotty	P. L. Perkins
1883	H. Crotty	T. Wells
1884	H. Crotty	T. Wells
1885	W. Robinson	S. King
1886	D. White	R. W. Woodroffe
1887	A. M. Smith	S. King
1888	A. M. Smith	S. King
1889	S. Allen	S. King
1890	S. Allen	H. Hearn
1891	S. Allen	H. Hearn
1892	S. Allen	H. Hearn
1893	S. Allen	H. Hearn
1894	S. Allen	H. Hearn
	(Asst.)	J. Gayfer
		H. Richardson
1895	C.C.L. Wilson	H. Hearn
1896	C.C.L. Wilson	S. King
1897	C.C.L. Wilson	S. King
1898	C.C.L. Wilson	S. King
1899	C.C.L. Wilson	S. King
1900	H. Vann	S. King
1901	H. Vann	S. King
		H. Richardson
1902	J. S. Cameron	C.C.L. Wilson
1903	J. S. Cameron	C.C.L. Wilson
1904	S. King	C.C.L. Wilson
1905	Chas. White	C.C.L. Wilson
1906	Chas. White	A. Crawford
1907	Chas. White	C. Ellis
	John Lee	G. Ellis
1908	John Lee	G. Ellis
1909	John Lee	G. Ellis
1910	John Lee	Geo. Naylor
1911	J. Fred Stone	Geo. Naylor
1912	J. Fred Stone	Geo. Naylor
1913	J. Fred Stone	Geo. Naylor
1914	J. Fred Stone	W. C. Johnston
1915	Edward Lee	W. J. Elliott
1916	Edward Lee	W. J. Elliott
1917	W. E. Cragg	W. J. Elliott
1918	A. McLean	F. A. Ackett
1919	J. Lee	F. A. Ackett
1920	J. Lee	F. A. Ackett
1921	J. F. Stone	H. Richardson

His Tribune - Ingersoll, May 1948

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Lulu & Helen Ingersoll Riverside
Lulu at the Wood home, Skye Street,
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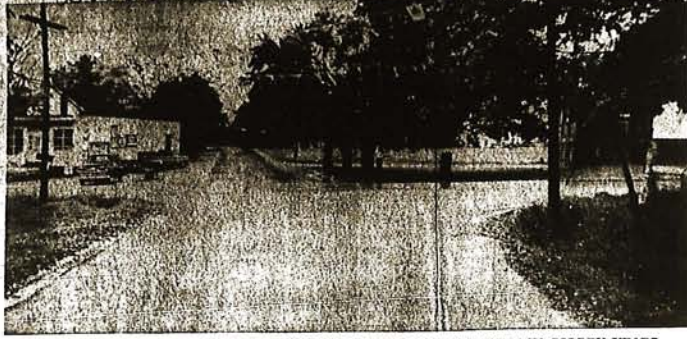
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1922	F. H. Adams	H. Richardson
1923	P. H. Adams	J. A. C. Herdman
1924	Reg. A. Stone	G. A. C. Herdman
1925	Reg. A. Stone	F. G. Rich
1926	Col. H. L. Edmonds	F. G. Rich
1927	H. L. Edmonds	C. W. Riley, Jr.
1928	V. G. Shipton	C. W. Riley, Jr.
1929	F. S. Newman	F. G. Rich
1930	F. S. Newman	F. G. Rich
1931	E. S. Allen	F. G. Rich
1932	Frank McMullin	Chas. E. Hovey
1933	Chas. E. Hovey	W. L. Nagle
1934	E. A. Wilson	C. W. Riley, Jr.
1935	E. A. Wilson	C. W. Riley, Jr.
1936	R. A. Stone	R. A. Stone
1937	R. A. Stone	G. H. Allen
1938	G. H. Allen	A. W. Burchell
1939	G. H. Allen	A. W. Burchell
1940	G. H. Allen	A. W. Burchell
1941	G. H. Allen	J. Rawlings
1942	J. Rawlings	W. H. Street
1943	W. H. Street	J. S. Barnes
1944	W. H. Street	J. S. Barnes
1945	W. H. Street	C. K. Dykman
1946	C. K. Dykman	V. G. Shipton
1947	V. G. Shipton	F. G. Brewer
1948	C. K. Dykman	C. K. Dykman
1949	V. G. Shipton	W. H. Allen
1950	W. H. Allen	F. J. Longfield
1951	F. J. Longfield	F. J. Longfield
1952	C. A. Pellow	C. A. Pellow
1953	G. K. Newell	G. K. Newell
1954	J. A. Cole	J. A. Cole
1955	B. E. Barland	B. E. Barland
1956	H. F. Hicklin	H. F. Hicklin
1957	D. MacKenzie	H. F. Hicklin
1958	J. B. Mitchell	H. F. Hicklin
1959	B. G. Sheldon	J. B. Mitchell
1960	J. Henderson	B. Sheldon
1961	M. Bruce	F. Roberts
1962	F. Roberts	M. Bruce
1963	M. Roberts	F. Roberts
1964	Thomas Johnston	M. Roberts
1965	M. Roberts	T. Johnston
1966	Morris Bruce	T. Johnston
1967	K. Hall	Wilfred Garratt
1968	Kenneth Hall	Wilfred Garratt
	R. A. Laver	W. G. Naishitt



STAGE ROAD IN OXFORD CENTRE: BUSY DAY'S GONE, ROAD SLUMBERS IN GOLDEN YEARS

In Honor Of A Road

Historic Sites Board To Unveil Plaque On Old Stage Road

On Sunday, commencing at 2:30 p.m., an historical plaque commemorating the Old Stage Road will be unveiled on the Central School Grounds in East Oxford Township.



PLAQUE TO BE UNVEILED AT NEW SCHOOL

"DETROIT PATH"
When Colonel John Graves Simcoe, Lieutenant-Governor of Upper Canada, made his first journey to Detroit in the spring of 1793, he used an ancient trail which was then usually called "the Detroit Path."

to trader's hut a short distance above Meravintown.

after the loss of "Oxford" which he proposed to found at the "Upper Works" of the Thames, where Woodstock now stands.

count of the building of the road published in the Canada Constellation in 1929.

USED BY WAGONS
Though very rough and crude, like all roads in Upper Canada at the time, this road was made passable for wagons.

TRAFFIC INCREASED
After London was founded and became the District Town in 1826, traffic on the road naturally increased.

DETROIT ROAD
In spite of such difficulties the road soon became the preferred route to Detroit.

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Tour followed former Detroit Path route

OXFORD CENTRE — Residents of the Old Stage Road experienced the feeling that they would have if an expressway was built in front of their homes.

The late Montrose Holdsworth, local historian and clerk-treasurer of East Oxford for many years, documented the story of the Old Stage Road.

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After London was founded and became the District Town in 1826, traffic on the road naturally increased.

DIFFERENT BACKGROUND
Major Thomas Ingersoll, unlike Mr. Bostwick, had no claim to consideration on account of loyalty.



THE OLD STAGE ROAD

This road, which follows in part the Indian Trail, known as the "Detroit Path", across East Oxford Township, was opened by settlers at the expense of Major Thomas Ingersoll in 1796-97. It joined a wagon road opened across Burford Township by local settlers, connecting with Brantford on the Grand River with a road to Long Point from Ancaster. Extended later to Delaware, it became the preferred highway to Sandwich and was used by British and American troops in 1812-14. After 1826 it became the stage route from Ancaster to London until the building of the plank road from Brantford to Woodstock in 1842-43. Sections of the road are still open between Ingersoll and Cathcart.



THIS HOUSE, on the Old Stage Road, has been the home of Major Thomas Ingersoll since 1826. The house was once a halfway house for travellers along the

Old Stage Road and it attracted business, especially brick, was used in late the front of the house while

Former halfway house had hard time finding permanent owner

By JANE KERRISHAW
Family Page Editor

The Wall-Sentinel Review it took Alex Riley's book to encourage a lot of people to trace their roots. But it only took a shoe box full of old deeds to prompt Marjorie Dew of Sactow to find out the history of her home.

When the Dews moved into their brick farmhouse in 1922 they discovered an unpretentious card-board box containing the deeds signed by every owner of the house since it was built in 1822.

What surprised Mrs. Dew is the number of times the house changed hands.

INCIDENTALLY BORN IN 1822
The land surrounding the house was first given to Gen. Thomas Merritt, a British of-

ficer. Merritt never built on the land (in fact it's doubtful he ever saw the land) and in 1822 he sold it to his nephew, Solomon, who built the house which stands there today.

Solomon only lived there a couple of years and in 1824 he sold the house to James Ingersoll. Five years later in 1829 Ingersoll decided to leave and sold the house to Solomon Woodson. Whether he found another house or just decided to leave, Woodson left the area a few months later and sold his home to Peter Leach.

In 1826 the house went back to the Woodson family and they lived there until 1832. At that time the estate was purchased by the Hildsworth family and they held onto it until 1872. Between 1822 and 1828 the

house was again bought and sold every couple of years. In 1832 the Dew family bought it and they've remained faithful owners for the last 25 years.

NO CHANGE
If the house had had a ghost it could be understood why owners moved out as fast as they moved in, but Mrs. Dew dismisses the idea.

"I can understand why many moved out," she said. "What of the people who went through hard times and no doubt they had trouble keeping up with the payments."

In fact, the depression a lot of them went through that stage. The owners would say throughage it, and realize they couldn't raise the money to pay it off.

The house, in its early days, was a halfway house. So the most likely, it wasn't uncommon procedure to change hands.

The house itself is an interesting structure. An example of early masonry, it has been built with two types of bricks. "At the time it was built Old Stage Road was on more of an angle," Mrs. Dew said. "It's been straightened since. But on an angle masonry would use only one side of the house the front. So whoever built it put the expensive looking brick on the front and cheaper brick on the sides."

The interesting aspects of the deeds remain a mystery to Mrs. Dew. She still gets a kick out of trying to make out the old style of handwriting and abbreviations and every language and name as the number of illiterate owners who had to sign their name with an X. It's not that the deeds mark a great historical discovery.



although in some ways it does. What confuses Mrs. Dew is why the owners systematically kept their deeds in the same place as though they were building up a personal collection.

"I don't know why they kept them. Most people just throw them out."

Mrs. George S. Bain
 announces the marriage of her daughter
 Jessie Helen
 to
 Mr. Leslie Hall Ingersoll
 on Tuesday, August the fifteenth
 nineteen hundred and twenty two
 Woodstock, Ontario



JESSIE HELEN BAIN

BORN
 INGERSOLL—At the Woodstock
 Hospital, on Sept. 20th, to Mr. and
 Mrs. L. H. Ingersoll, a daughter.



HELEN LESLIE & MRS. ELIZABETH
INGERSOLL



L. H. INGERSOLL
UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO
B.A. Sc. CIVIL ENGINEERING
MAY 1924.



ELIZABETH EVERSLEY, Mr. & Mrs. L. H. Ingersoll, Joyce Brown
& GEORGE INGERSOLL - SEPT. 21, 1960.

From Hay Wagon to Missiles

Structural Steel Designer Marvels at Progress

By TED DOUGLAS

The journey of the world from the hay wagon to space rocketry has been accomplished well within the span of one lifetime. Take it from an engineer—just about anything can be done these days.

Les H. Ingersoll, whose business is designing structural steel frames for buildings, was born in 1892, and his reaction to Russia's ally with a man into space was:

"It's pretty hard to believe. Things are happening so fast that nothing seems to be impossible—in the air, on land, or anywhere else."

When he was a boy in Woodstock, Ont., "the automobile was scarce. First came the kerosene engines and then all the farm catalogues were advertising those gasoline one-lungers for running machinery. Then the gasoline engine went into the buggy."

"All professional men, like doctors and lawyers, had horses and buggies. The hay market was busy on Saturdays. A farmer would sell a load of hay for \$5, then fork it into the lawyer's barn lot. In those days, \$5 was a lot of money."

There were no pavements—"just dust and ruts."

The automobile "was quite a sleep." At first they were rare, and no boy would dare ask for a ride in one. And then the Ford came out and it predominated.

"It was every boy's ambition to build a car. There was an elderly blacksmith I remember who was working in Baird's Machine Shop, making one out of parts he had from the old Evans car factory."



LES H. INGERSOLL
—Lifetime of 'firsts'

The thing must have weighed three tons.

"I remember, too, the headlines when Bleriot first flew the English Channel in an airplane. There were big bulletins outside The Sentinel in Woodstock at that time.

"And I remember the first flight in Canada by J. A. D. McCurdy. That created a lot of excitement in Woodstock. He married a Woodstock girl, Margaret Ball."

In 1916, only a young idiot would think of flying—but Les Ingersoll went to Newport News, Va. "I almost committed suicide but I got a licence on eight hours time in an old biplane, a JN-4 Curtiss. Then the Royal Flying Corps refused to take me."

The flying licence was American and was one of the first 500 issued. It carried number 698.

Telephones appeared, and they were both crude and expensive.

And radio came along. By this time, Mr. Ingersoll was in Detroit—and about 1916 the crystal set was the rage. "You had earphones, and you licked a crystal with a cat's whisker until you picked up some station."

Television, in his opinion, was every bit as dramatic as the emergence of radio, because of the mystery to the layman behind it.

And now, in the space age, the electronics field has become one of the most important and exacting sciences.

"We mustn't forget that some wonderful things were done by railroads in those early days, too. When I was a boy, cars were coupled with owl rings and a couple of pins. I remember when the automatic couplers came out."

The four most dramatic developments, to Mr. Ingersoll, in his span of years, have been the automobile, the aircraft, radio and television.

And what about travel in a space capsule? "That's for the birds—but the thing I marvel at is how they pick those things out of the air when they come back."

Would putting a man on the moon be surprising? "I would be surprised if they put a man there in the near future. At Cape Canaveral, there are launching pads. I don't know of any on the moon. And you can't take a launching pad with you."

INGERSOLL, Les H., 1000 Main St., Woodstock, Ont., was born in Woodstock, Ont., in 1892. He is a structural steel designer and a member of the American Institute of Steel Construction, Inc., and the Ontario Institute of Professional Engineers. He is also a member of the Woodstock Rotary Club and the Woodstock Golf Club. He is married and has two children.



L. H. INGERSOLL

Consulting engineer dies at 80

Les H. Ingersoll, a prominent consulting engineer who had lived in Windsor since 1934, died in Woodstock Thursday after a lengthy illness.

Mr. Ingersoll had been visiting his daughter, Mrs. A. T. Brown (Joyce), at Woodstock when he became ill. He was 88.

Born in Brockville, Ont., in 1892, he was raised in Woodstock where he graduated from Woodstock College. He went to work for the Albert Kahn organization in the United States before graduating from the University of Toronto in 1920.

Following his graduation he moved to Windsor and worked for the S. S. Kregg Co. in Detroit where he became chief structural design engineer. He left Kregg's in 1922 and went to work for the Canadian Bridge Co. in Windsor.

Five years later he formed his own structural engineering firm which designed the structural steel for many city and area buildings, including the new City Hall, the Cleary Auditorium, extensions of Hoel Diet and Grace Hospitals and various residences in the two institutions, the Riverside High School and various buildings in the University of Windsor.

Mr. Ingersoll was one of the first to receive a pilot's licence in the United States.

In 1914, when only 22, he got his flying licence at Newport News, Va., after eight hours' flying time. He then tried to join the Royal Flying Corps but was refused.

His licence number was one of the first 500 to be issued in the U.S.

Another field in which he became well known was that of collector of birds' eggs. The grounds of his home at 308 Eastlawn Blvd. are dotted with nests and birdhouses.

Mr. Ingersoll was honorary president of the Windsor Figure Skating Club and a member of the Windsor Rotary Club and the Professional Engineers of Ontario. He was a member of the All Saints Anglican Church.

The funeral will be at the H. D. Smith funeral home in Woodstock Saturday at 2 p.m.

Windsor Star
Oct. 20/72



Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Ingersoll

Heartiest congratulations
and very best wishes on
the occasion of your

50th wedding anniversary

B. Audlin
Prime Minister of Canada

Circular

S. G. O. 2^d Nov. 1796-

Gentlemen

I am directed by His Honor the Administrator
to inform you that no Recommendation for Patents
who have already had Donations of Land from the
Crown, is to be received from ye. for Part of the Trust
appropriated for ye & your Associates
as such a Trustee if permitted would defeat the
Purposes of Government & throw great Part of the
waste Lands of the Crown into the hands of
Speculators and Land Jobbers - I am directed
further to acquaint you that the very first Discovery
of the Soil, will immediately forfeit your Claim
to the Appropriation -

I am Sirs your
most obedient Servant -

D. Smith Esq



St. Thomas Ingeade.

T.S.O.

Queensmore

St. Ann. St.

*Mount St.
Gerrard*

134 Caledonian Rd.
St. James Place
February 21 1885

Ingersoll Esq.
Dear Sir,

Having recently
been a resident for a short time
at Winnipeg Canada during
which time I frequently heard
your name mentioned, it has
occurred to me that you must
be in some way connected to
my mother's family whose great
grandfather was Colonel Joseph
Ingersoll of Newburyport Mass.
Shutes and whose father
Lieutenant William Peckhouse
Sabian R.A. who died in the

year 1841 was the son of
the before mentioned Colonel
J Ingersoll's daughter Sarah
who married into the Jewis
[Earl St Vincent] family -
I have photos taken from
oil paintings of Colonel J
Ingersoll and his daughter
my mother's grandmother -

Should the above description
of relationship be correct and
you have any desire to see
them I shall be pleased to
get copies taken and forward
them to you - Excusing you
with reply as soon as it is
convenient, Believe me to remain

Yours Truly
Isabella P. Plummer